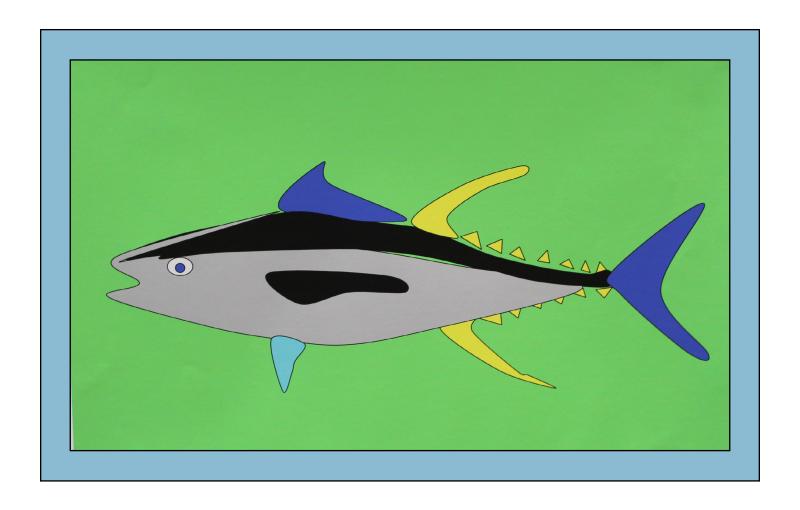
Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023



Phoenix LoveGrade 5

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Cuyahoga County | Ohio

Rocky River City School District Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023 Table of Contents

Title Page	Page
Table of Contents	i - v
I. Introductory Section	
Letter of Transmittal	1
List of Principal Officials	12
Organizational Chart	
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	14
II. Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	15
Management's Discussion and Analysis	19
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	43
Statement of Activities	44
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	45
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	46
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	47
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	48
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund	49
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	50
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund	51
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund	52

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	53
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability:	
School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio	
Schedule of District Pension Contributions:	
School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability/Asset:	
School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio	
Schedule of District OPEB Contributions:	
School Employees Retirement System (SERS) of Ohio	118
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	122
Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules:	
Major Fund:	
Fund Description - Major Governmental Fund	128
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) - General Fund	129
Combining Statements - Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	133
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	134
Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Fund Descriptions - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	135
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	138
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	142

Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds:	
Food Service Fund	145
Special Trust Fund	146
Other Grants Fund	147
Student Managed Activity Fund	148
District Managed Activity Fund	149
Auxiliary Services Fund	150
Data Communications Fund	151
Miscellaneous State Grants Fund	152
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Fund	153
Title VI-B Fund	154
Title III Fund	155
Title I Fund	156
Title IV-A Fund	157
Preschool Disability Fund	158
Title II-A Fund	
Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund	160
Unclaimed Monies Fund	161
Uniform School Supplies Fund	162
Building Rotary Fund	
Public School Support Fund	164
Employee Withholding Fund	165
Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules - Nonmajor Debt Service Fund: Fund Description - Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	167
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):	
Nonmajor Debt Service Fund: Bond Retirement Fund	168
Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules - Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	ls:
Fund Descriptions - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	169
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	170
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	171
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):	
Nonmajor Capital Project Funds:	
Permanent Improvements Fund	172
Building Fund	

Individual	Fund	Schedule	es - Nor	nmajor	Internal	Service	Fund:
				3			

Fund Description - Nonmajor Internal Service Fund	174
Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Equity - Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis):	
Employee 125 Plan/Wellness Fund	175
III. Statistical Section	
Table of Contents	177
Net Position by Component - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)	178
Changes in Net Position - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)	180
Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)	186
Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds - Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)	188
Assessed Valuation and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property - Last Ten Years	190
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates - Last Ten Years	192
Principal Taxpayers, Real Estate Tax - December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2013	193
Principal Taxpayers, Tangible Personal Property and Public Utility Property Tax - December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2013	194
Property Tax Levies and Collections - Last Ten Fiscal Years	196
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type - Last Ten Fiscal Years	198
Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding - Last Ten Fiscal Years	199
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt - June 30, 2023	200
Legal Debt Margin Information - Last Ten Fiscal Years	201
Demographic and Economic Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	202
Principal Employers - Current Year and Ten Years Ago	203

Staffing Staffstics, Full Time Equivalents (FTE) by Type and Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	204
Operating Indicators by Function - Last Ten Fiscal Years	206
Capital Asset Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	208
School Building Information - Last Ten Fiscal Years	210
Operating Statistics - Last Ten Fiscal Years	212
Certificated Teaching Staff Education, Experience and Average Salary Information - Last Ten Fiscal Years	214

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

OF THE

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FOR THE

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PREPARED BY
TREASURER'S OFFICE
GREG MARKUS, CPA, TREASURER/CFO

1101 MOREWOOD PARKWAY ROCKY RIVER, OHIO 44116

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

Introductory Section



Grace Quaiser
Grade 9

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Cuyahoga County | Ohio

Office of the Treasurer



Rocky River City School District 1101 Morewood Parkway • Rocky River • Ohio 44116 440.356.6015 • markus.greg@rrcs.org • www.rrcs.org Greg R. Markus, CPA, CGMA • Treasurer / CFO

December 21, 2023

To the Board of Education, residents of the Rocky River City School District and other interested parties:

We are pleased to submit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the Rocky River City School District (the "District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This ACFR, which includes financial statements and other financial and statistical data, conforms to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data presented, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included.

The report provides the taxpayers of the District, bond rating agencies and other interested parties with comprehensive financial information, enabling them to gain a clear understanding of the District's finances. This report is intended to contribute to exceeding the accountability requirements of the public. Copies will be distributed to rating agencies and other interested organizations. Copies will be made available to all residents of the District or any other interested party through the District's web site at www.rrcs.org. as well as through printed copies available at the Board of Education offices. Access to this report and all related audit reports will be made available on the Ohio Auditor of State's website at www.auditor.state.oh.us upon public release of the audit.

The District

History1

The District has a long and rich tradition of academic excellence by providing a plethora of educational opportunities to its students. Early settlers in what is now Rocky River realized the importance of education for their children. The first grammar school in the area was built around 1840 at the corner of Wagar and Detroit Roads. The next schoolhouse, a one-room red brick structure, held eight grades and was built around 1890 at the northeast corner of Center Ridge and Northview Roads.

Rocky River's first high school was organized in 1892 at the site of the old Wooster School on Wooster Road. Five students graduated in 1897, the first graduating class. On January 7, 1919, a new high school at the corner of Lakeview and Riverview Avenues was opened with an enrollment of 45 students. The current high school was built in 1950 and completed and opened for students in 1951 and has been improved and updated periodically over the years. The District built a new middle school on the same location of the prior middle school that was finished and opened to students in 2000. Most recently in August 2017, the District finished major renovations of the first floor of the original 1930 portion of Beach School to house a modern early childhood center to service special needs preschool students.

 $_1\mbox{McCauley, Ann.}$ $\underline{\mbox{Rocky River...Timeless}}.$ The Rocky River Library Foundation, 2002

The District is governed by the Constitution of the State of Ohio and various statutes enacted by the Ohio General Assembly through the State Department of Education. Under Ohio law, the District is a separate and distinct unit of government with its own taxing authority. The Rocky River Board of Education is a five member board, elected at large, with staggered four year terms.

The District is located in a suburban area west of Cleveland, Ohio and encompasses the entire City of Rocky River and a small portion of the City of Fairview Park. The property tax base is primarily residential with a significant amount of retail commercial property. The District serves 2,644 students ranging from Pre-Kindergarten through Twelfth Grade

The Reporting Entity

The District has reviewed its reporting entity definition in order to insure conformance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14. "The Financial Reporting Entity" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". In evaluating how to define the District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all agencies, departments and organizations making up the District (the primary government) and its potential component units. The District has no component units and the District is not a component unit of any other governmental organization.

The District is associated with Connect and the Ohio Schools Council Association, both jointly governed organizations; the Suburban Health Consortium and the Ohio Schools' Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program, both insurance purchasing pools; and the Rocky River Public Library, a related organization.

Demographics, Economic Condition and Outlook²

The 2020 U.S. Census data reports a population of 21,755 in the City of Rocky River with 10,450 housing units (2021 data). The population estimate as of July 1, 2022 was 21,346. The City of Rocky River is approximately 4.7 square miles in size. The median household income per the most recent data available was \$83,929 (in 2021 dollars), while the per capita income was \$60,448, with 5.2% of persons in poverty. The median home sold price was \$355,000 as of October 2023, while the median listing price was \$425,000 (\$186 per square foot). This is a +9% trend on the median listing price year over year. By way of comparison, in 2012, the median sale price for a home was \$212,500. As of December 31, 2020, the median sale price was \$246,000. Owner-occupied housing units made up 71.0% of all housing units, while renter-occupied units made up 29.0%.

According to the 2021 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, the median age in Rocky River was 44.0 years of age. Families (non-single residences) represented 57% of the households, with 45.3% comprised of married couples, and 25.2% with children under the age of 18 living with them. 4.9% had a female householder with no spouse present, and 3.9% had a male householder with no spouse present. 22.4% of the population comprised of an individual under 18 years of age, and 24.2% were individuals 65 years of age or older. The racial makeup of the city of those reporting one race or multi-race was 96.1% White, 2.5% African American, 2.6% Asian, 0.4% Native, 1.9% Hispanic, and 2.3% multi-racial. There were 9,704 households, with 2.19 persons per household,

²Primary sources of data used for this section are https://www.realtor.com/realestateandhomes-search/Rocky-River OH/overview and https://www.census.gov/quickfacts/fact/table/rockyrivercityohio/INC110219, and https://data.census.gov/table/ACSST5Y2021.S0101.

Additionally, the City had an employed civilian population ages 16 years and over of approximately 10,831 with the occupational makeup being 60.3% management, business, science, and arts occupations, 9.5% Service occupations, 21.7% Sales and office occupations, 2.9% Natural resources, construction, and maintenance occupations, and 5.6% Production, transportation, and material moving occupations. Regarding educational attainment for those 25 years+, 98.0% are a high school graduate, and 62.4% have at least a bachelor's degree. Businesses within the community are predominantly retail and service oriented.

The District received 77% of its governmental activities revenues from local property tax collections. Therefore, the long-term financial health of the District is very dependent on its tax base. The total assessed valuation of the District's tax duplicate has risen 55% over the last ten years. The increased value in the tax duplicate is due primarily to revisions in property values made by the County Auditor every three years as well as some new construction value, although assessed values had decreased in certain years during this timeframe due to the elimination of tangible personal property values from the tax duplicate. The most recent sexennial property reappraisal that took effect in January of 2019 produced an increase in assessed valuation of 16.7% for tax year 2018/collection year 2019. The most recent triennial update that took effect in January of 2022 produced an increase in assessed valuation of 17.5%.

The City of Rocky River is almost completely developed, so future assessed valuation increases will come primarily from property value changes. There may also be some growth from the demolition of existing commercial and residential building stock and the subsequent redevelopment of such property, as this is common in fully-developed suburban areas like Rocky River. There are no major manufacturing plants located within the District's boundaries. In terms of assessed dollar value, the largest real property taxpayer owns approximately 1.67% of the total real property assessed valuation within the District.

Major Initiatives - Fiscal Year 2023

During fiscal year 2023, the District continued working towards the goals as outlined in the District's Strategic Plan that was adopted in fiscal year 2009. This strategic plan outlines actions designed to achieve desired outcomes. It is a statement of the Rocky River City School District's mission, beliefs, and goals. It defines what we as a community envision for the future of our schools, and details objectives and strategies to guide us on our journey. Approved by the Board of Education on June 25, 2009, this Plan is meant to serve as the compass by which the District will chart its course for the next ten years. As the 2014-15 school year was the mid-point of the ten year strategic plan lifecycle, the District undertook a comprehensive update process to realign and adjust the functional strategic area results that will be achieved by 2019-20. This plan was carried forward for the subsequent few years as it was still relevant and effective, but an update of this plan was delayed due to the pandemic. The Board is currently performing a comprehensive review and update of this plan that is expected to be finalized in early 2024. The Strategic Plan, as adopted and amended, is as follows:

BELIEFS

We believe ...

- Students are the heart of our purpose.
- Student success requires a partnership among family, school and community.
- A Rocky River education empowers values, inspires curiosity and encourages talents that lead to success.
- High expectations lead to high achievement.

• Lifelong learners thrive as they embrace the changing global society.

An exceptional school district demonstrates all of the above.

STRATEGIC OBJECTIVES

- All students will engage in contemporary, globally competitive curricular and cocurricular programs of excellence.
- All students will achieve their educational goals incorporating the highest international standards.
- All students will participate in a student-centered environment that addresses educational, social, and emotional needs.
- All students will learn through lessons and experience that communication is open, sincere, timely, and responsive.
- All students will attend schools that are state-of-the art facilities.
- All students will learn in an environment that is technologically competitive on a global level.

COMMUNICATIONS

Proactively share comprehensive and timely information with all stakeholders about updates on progress in achieving our mission and the opportunities that our school district provides.

- The District website is the primary source of information about District events/accomplishments and curricular/extracurricular opportunities for students.
- Relevant safety and security information is provided to stakeholders in a timely fashion.
- Legislative information that may impact the District on a local, state, or federal level is communicated to stakeholders.
- Updates on the progress and status of achieving the District's strategic objectives and mission are accessible to stakeholders.

CURRICULUM and CO-CURRICULUM

Develop and implement 21st century curricula, support systems, and co-curricular programming to ensure the highest expectations of excellence in an increasingly interconnected world.

- Career pathways are illuminated and explored enabling students to succeed as independent, self-sufficient citizens in a dynamic world.
- Students understand their learning process and their progress, and necessary data are communicated and used to facilitate each child's growth and development.
- Students are self-aware and socially and emotionally prepared to persevere in an interconnected and competitive world.
- Students understand, and are contributing participants in, a diverse, global setting.

• Curricula, instruction and assessment are aligned and articulated, and prepare students for the rigors of the 21st century global economy.

FACILITIES

Continue to improve and maintain facilities that meet our mission.

- School buildings and grounds use creative strategies to promote community and foster student interaction.
- District facilities continue to enhance exemplary curricular and co-curricular opportunities for all students.
- A facilities master plan provides a blueprint for buildings and systems that support student success, and enhance campus safety and accessibility.
- The facilities master plan uses nontraditional funding sources and maximizes operational efficiencies.

FINANCE

Provide traditional and nontraditional fiscal resources and efficiencies to meet our mission of excellence to support the other strategies.

- Feasible alternative revenue streams supplement traditional funding sources.
- Operational efficiencies and cost-containment measures are instituted, based on industry standards and benchmarks, to optimize resources for District programs.
- Multiple channels are used to inform the community about the District's financial status and the Ohio school finance environment.
- Accelerated funding of the District's cash reserves ensures financial stability, observes internal benchmarks and avoids detrimental impact to educational outcomes.
- A dedicated revenue stream is established to sufficiently provide for maintenance and improvement of the District's capital assets.

HUMAN RESOURCES

Recruit, hire, and retain exceptional staff to accomplish our mission.

- A comprehensive approach is in place, includes stakeholders, and assures the District continues to attract, hire, and retain exceptional employees.
- Administrators research, promote and communicate available, pertinent professional development opportunities for employees.
- Opportunities are offered to enhance relationships between District employees.
- Wellness programs promote improved health among all members of the District.
- Human Resource operations are efficient, cost effective, and sustainable.

TECHNOLOGY

Maximize the utilization and implementation of current technology to provide the students and staff training necessary to support achievement of our mission and strategic objectives.

- Technological literacy is expected and promoted throughout the District to deploy and utilize resources in an effective, consistent, and coordinated manner.
- The technology architecture is proactively maintained and enhanced to support operations of the District.
- All students have appropriate and readily available access and opportunity to use technology, and are empowered to be responsible digital citizens.
- Students have the resources necessary to develop the current technology skills required for college and career readiness.
- Technology enhances the safety and security of students and staff.

Goals for 2024

One of the primary goals for 2024 is to update and "refresh" the aforementioned Strategic Plan to address the realigned and updated results for the functional strategic areas. This update is also expected to lead to a facilities study to plan for future capital plant needs.

In addition to this goal, the following financial goals will be addressed:

To effectively use District resources to assure the highest quality educational program while attempting to meet the District's revised financial plan. This includes working towards successfully managing funds that will be generated from the additional 4.9 mill combined operating (4.65) and permanent improvement (0.25) property tax levy that was passed in November of 2022 to support the District's programming and operations by providing financial stability through at least fiscal year 2027. This will also include closing out federal funding received through the various Covid-19 related funding bills, most notably ESSER II and the American Rescue Plan (ARP). This will include prioritizing curricular needs such as all-day kindergarten, expansion of course offerings such as world language, career tech education, and an increased emphasis on college preparation programming through Ohio's College Credit Plus program, amongst other programmatic improvements. This will be accomplished in large part by carefully developing, monitoring and adjusting short-term and long-term financial projections and expenditures based on educational needs and objectives and attempting to anticipate and react to various outside factors such as state funding changes and major cost drivers. A retirement incentive offered to teachers with a deadline of January 10, 2020 contributed to this goal by incentivizing additional teachers to retire as of June 2020, therefore allowing for cost savings with replacement hiring and possible opportunities for realignment of staffing levels. A similar retirement incentive was offered for the 2023-24 school year for retirements effective June 2024 for those teachers with 36 or more years of service credit.

- To continue to educate the electorate of the District on the District's financial situation and its impact on the future prosperity and financial stability of the District; to communicate the District's dependence on local taxpayer support and current issues with the state funding; garner input from knowledgeable citizens and other experts in the community regarding local economics; and more effectively share the District's stewardship and effective use of tax dollars through modern communication methods and platforms (e.g. social media) to reach a larger portion of stakeholders. This would include the continued publication of a Popular Annual Financial Report (PAFR) that commenced for fiscal year 2022, and was continued for fiscal year 2023.
- To continue to effectively address the challenges that came out of the COVID-19 pandemic regarding student and staff safety, student learning challenges, and the unexpected financial pressure that the pandemic and higher inflation have brought.
- To receive the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting and Auditor of State Award with Distinction for this fiscal year 2023 ACFR.
- To continue to assure that the District's property tax base remains strong and stable by working through economic issues with city and county governments, the business community, and individual property owners.
- To continue to effectively and efficiently utilize and maintain District facilities that were substantially improved with the \$42.9 million bond issue that was approved by the voters in May 2010 as part of the District's Master Plan for facilities. This goal will include the continued development and implementation of a five-year rolling capital plan, supported by Permanent Improvement millage that will be used as the roadmap to reach this goal. It will also lead to a comprehensive facilities study that will address physical plant needs for the medium long-term.

Financial Policies Impacting the Financial Statements

The Board of Education approved the District's Ten-Year Strategic Plan (the "Plan") in fiscal year 2009 and updated components of the plan in 2015. The Plan (goals of which are described above) serves as a roadmap for allocating resources to achieve desired outcomes. The District recently completed all significant improvements called for under the comprehensive Facilities Master Plan as outlined in the Plan, developed to ensure the cost-effective use of facilities consistent with its educational programs. Reviews and recommendations for programmatic changes, student reassignments, and building reuse or closings are all considered in the context of the Plan and have a significant financial impact as they relate to the District's education facilities and allocation of resources.

The Board of Education made a policy decision in the spring of 2010 to utilize interest rebates from the federal government from interest that the District would be paying on Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs) and Build America Bonds (BABs) for receipt to the general fund, as allowable by current federal regulations, for four full calendar years (covering five fiscal years) in order to sustain the District's operations. This additional general fund operating revenue source ceased with the payment received in November, 2014, and then reverted to the bond retirement fund for future debt service payment purposes starting with the last BAB subsidy payment received in April 2015. With a current refunding of the BABs to tax-exempt bonds being effectuated in December of 2014, direct subsidies on those bonds will no longer be received, but direct subsidies on the QSCBs are still expected to be received as authorized by the federal government and are anticipated to be used exclusively for debt service purposes.

The District has also executed two advance refunding's, one in 2017, and another one in 2021, in order to provide economic savings to district taxpayers. The 2017 refunding allowed the District to reduce its bond millage by one full mill for tax year 2021/collection year 2022. This reduction alleviates taxpayer burden, which in turn should assist in obtaining voter approval for an additional levy request.

Effective January 1, 2014, the Board of Education made a policy decision to move ½-mill of inside property tax millage to the permanent improvement fund from the general fund. Permanent improvement fund expenditures are generally restricted to significant capital improvements and equipment purchases with an estimated useful life of five years or longer. This inside millage is expected to generate approximately \$546,000 annually based on the District's valuation for collection year 2023.

During fiscal year 2020 and into early 2021, the Board followed the recommendation of the Treasurer/CFO in not taking on additional debt for certain capital projects such as HVAC improvements, and instead realigned and adjusted the capital/permanent improvement forecast and supplemented with one-time revenues to allow for these projects to be paid for in cash without causing short-term budgetary distress. Further, for fiscal years 2022 and 2023, the District had budgeted a large portion of its Covid-19 relief funding (ESSER II and ARP) to pay for tutor staff that was previously paid from the General Fund in order to relieve the General Fund and extend the current levy cycle for one full year. This use of one-time federal funds for current expenditures was in direct response to the May 2021 levy failure.

The District executed a \$2.8 million Permanent Improvement Tax Anticipation Note borrowing in March of 2023 for the purposes of funding various capital projects. Even with a rising interest rate environment, the District's strong credit standing and financial position allowed for a competitive interest rate of 4.41% over 10 years. This compares to investment rates that are currently at or over 5% for most short – medium term investments.

Long-Term Financial Planning

As part of the District's long-term planning, the Treasurer/CFO prepares a five-year financial forecast that is reviewed and approved by the Board of Education. This document provides a snapshot of projected revenues and expense over the next five years and is accompanied by financial assumption notes. The Board of Education reviews this document on a semi-annual basis for changes that might impact their financial decisions.

The Treasurer/CFO also prepares and updates a multi-year capital/permanent improvement forecast that is periodically reviewed and updated by the Board of Education and Administration to aid in long-term capital planning.

A formal policy was adopted by the Board of Education during fiscal year 2014 to reserve and restrict a minimum level of operating cash in order to mitigate the risk of a funding shortfall and to comply with best practices as established by the GFOA and other reputable sources as they related to sound fiscal management of an organization. The current intent is to reserve a minimum of \$175,000 per year until an amount equal to 2 mills of property valuation is reached (approximately \$2.638 million based on the projected property valuation for collection year 2028). Further, the Board policy requires a majority vote to release any reserved funds upon recommendation of the Superintendent. The Board and Administration will also look at opportunities to accelerate the funding of this reserve amount based on significant and unexpected one-time revenue sources or significant unanticipated savings from various budget areas, or by other means, as this acceleration is specifically called for as part of the realigned and updated strategic plan results mentioned previously.

Financial Information

Internal Accounting and Budgetary Control: In developing the District's accounting system, much consideration was given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the reliability of financial records for preparing the financial statements and maintaining the accountability of assets. The concept of reasonable assurance is based on the assumption the cost of internal accounting controls should not exceed the benefits expected to be derived from their implementation.

The District utilizes a fully automated accounting system as well as an automated system of control for capital assets and payroll. Further, the District has been utilizing an automated vendor payment auditing system that reviews every vendor disbursement run through the system to verify compliance with laws and regulation and reviews for indications of fraudulent activity. This automated system was expanded recently to include payroll disbursements. These systems, along with the manual auditing of each voucher prior to payment, as well as multiple levels of review of and segregation of duties over revenue collections and investments ensures financial information generated is both accurate and reliable.

At the beginning of each fiscal year, the Board of Education adopts either a temporary appropriation measure or a permanent appropriation measure for the fiscal year. If a temporary appropriation is first adopted, the permanent appropriation measure must be adopted upon receipt from the County Fiscal Officer of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates, which is usually within three months of the fiscal year.

Annual appropriations may not exceed the County Budget Commission's official estimate of resources. The County Fiscal Officer must certify that the Board of Education's appropriation measures, including any supplements or amendments, do not exceed the amount set forth in the latest of those official estimates.

All disbursements and transfers of cash between funds require appropriation authority from the Board. Budgets are controlled at the fund level for all District funds. All operational department purchase order requests must be approved by the Executive Director of Human Resources and Support Services, while site-based purchase orders are reviewed by individual school principals. Building fund and/or permanent improvement funds requisitions/purchase orders are typically reviewed by the Superintendent or Executive Director of Human Resources and Support Services while requisitions/purchase orders against grant funds are reviewed by designated grant managers responsible for administering the goals of the grant as well. All requisitions/purchase orders are then reviewed by a Treasurer's Office staff member and the Treasurer/CFO, and then certified for availability of funds. Necessary funds are then encumbered and purchase orders released to vendors. Those requests which exceed the available appropriation are rejected until additional appropriations are secured.

The accounting system used by the District provides interim financial reports which detail year-to-date expenditures and encumbrances versus the original appropriation plus any additional appropriations to date. The accounting and payroll systems were upgraded in fiscal year 2020 to provide enhancements and efficiency to the financial reporting process. In addition to interim financial statements, each administrator and school principal is furnished monthly reports showing the status of the budget accounts for which they are responsible. The Finance Committee of the Board of Education typically meets monthly at which time they review monthly and fiscal year-to-date financial reports. As an additional safeguard, all employees are covered by commercial crime and dishonesty policy, and certain individuals in policy making roles are covered additionally by a separate limit bond.

The basis of accounting and the various funds utilized by the District are fully described in Note 2 of the financial statements. Additional information on the District's budgetary accounting can also be found in Note 2.

Financial Reporting

The District's basic financial statements report on the District's financial activities as follows:

Government-wide financial statements: These statements are prepared on an accrual basis of accounting which is similar to the basis of accounting followed by many businesses. The government-wide statements distinguish between those activities of the District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The District has no business-type activities.

Fund financial statements: The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Non-major funds are presented in total in one column. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and include reconciliation to the governmental activities accrual information presented in the governmental-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Statements of budgetary comparisons: These statements present comparisons of actual information to the legally adopted budget. The budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances.

As part of this reporting model, management is responsible for preparing a Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) of the District. This discussion is presented in the financial section of this report and provides an assessment of the District finances for fiscal year 2023. This transmittal letter is intended to be read in conjunction with the District's MD&A.

Independent Audit

State statutes require the District to be subjected to an annual examination by an independent auditor. An annual audit serves to maintain and strengthen the District's accounting and budgetary controls. The Auditor of State of Ohio rendered an opinion on the District's financial statements as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023. The opinion appears at the beginning of the financial section of this report.

Pursuant to statute, the State prescribes a uniform accounting system to standardize accounting classification and financial reporting for all school governments in Ohio. The District adopted and has been in conformance with that system beginning with its financial report for the year 1979.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded its Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Rocky River City School District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the year ended June 30, 2022.

This was the thirty second year that the Rocky River City School District has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR, whose contents conform to program standards. Such a report must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current Annual Comprehensive Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate. This Certificate is the highest form of recognition available for governmental accounting and financial reporting. Attainment of this Certificate represents a substantial accomplishment for any governmental entity.

Rocky River Schools...

Acknowledgments

The publication of this report continues in the District's tradition of providing a high level of accountability of the District's finances to taxpayers, investors and other internal and external users of such information. This accomplishment would not have been possible without the support and efforts of Treasurer's office staff members Dale Cummins, Marty Marflak, and Margaret Donnelly, as well as administrators and other employees of the District. Assistance of the County Fiscal Officer's office staff and other outside agencies made possible the fair presentation of statistical data provided in this report.

Special thanks are extended to the CPA firm of Julian & Grube, Inc. for their technical assistance in preparing this report, as well as to Greg Murphy, the District's Communications Specialist, for designing the covers and divider pages of this report.

The Board of Education's commitment to excellence to the District in general, and support for this project in particular, are sincerely appreciated.

Respectfully Submitted,

Greg R. Markus, CPA, CGMA

Treasurer/CFO

Michael G. Shoaf, Ed.D.

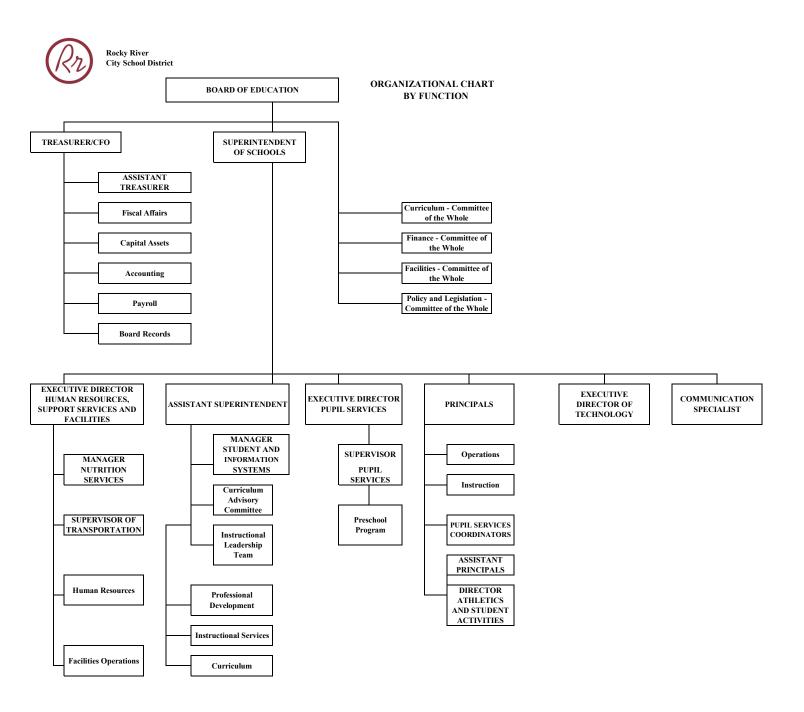
Superintendent of Schools

Rocky River City School District Principal Officials

June 30, 2023

Board of Education

Jessica Wilson	President
Peter Corrigan	
Diana Leitch	Member
Lauren Negrey	Member
Addie Olander	Member
	Administration
Michael G. Shoaf, Ed.D	Superintendent
Elizabeth Anderson	
Samuel Gifford	Executive Director of Human Resources and Support Services
Jennifer Norman	Executive Director of Pupil Services
	Encaption Director of Table 1 and
Dr. Bryan Drost	





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Rocky River City School District Ohio

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2022

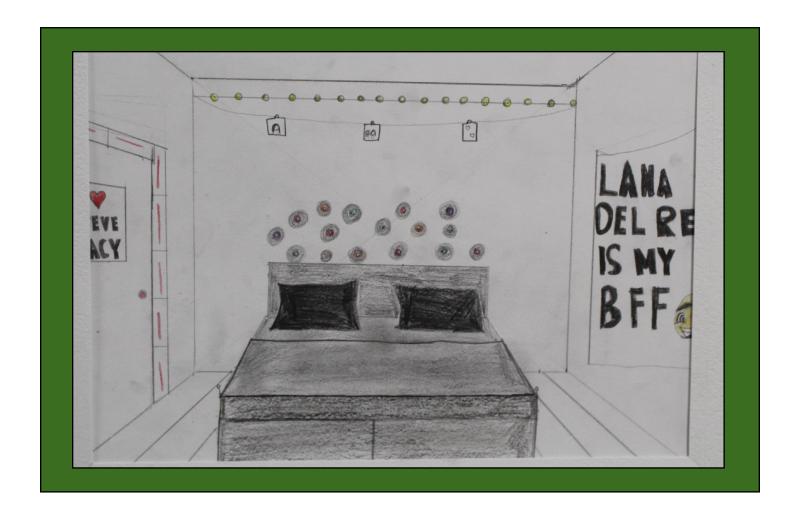
Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

Financial Section



Eda Yilmaz Grade 7

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Cuyahoga County | Ohio



88 East Broad Street Columbus, Ohio 43215 ContactUs@ohioauditor.gov (800) 282-0370

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Rocky River City School District Cuyahoga County 1101 Morewood Parkway Rocky River, Ohio 44116

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rocky River City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rocky River City School District, Cuyahoga County, Ohio as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Efficient • Effective • Transparent

Rocky River City School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Rocky River City School District Cuyahoga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue our report dated December 21, 2023, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 21, 2023

This page intentionally left blank.

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

The discussion and analysis of Rocky River City School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2023 are as follows:

In total, net position of the governmental activities increased \$6.1 million from a deficit of \$20.3 million at June 30, 2022 to a deficit of \$14.2 million at June 30, 2023.

Total governmental activities revenues increased \$5.1 million and total governmental activities expenses increased \$4.3 million for fiscal year 2023.

Program revenue, revenue from specific fees and grants, decreased to \$6.1 million from \$6.4 million in 2022. Over 89.47% of governmental activities revenues come from general revenues, primarily property taxes.

Total capital assets, net decreased from a restated \$49.5 million at June 30, 2022 to \$49.2 million at June 30, 2023.

The District's outstanding long-term obligations increased to \$90.3 million at June 30, 2023 from a restated \$74.8 million at June 30, 2022 due to an increase in the net pension liability.

The District's major governmental fund is the general fund. The general fund had \$49.7 million in revenues and other financing sources and \$45.0 million in expenditures and other financing uses. During fiscal year 2023, the general fund's fund balance increased \$4.7 million, from a balance of \$7.8 million to a balance of \$12.6 million.

Using these Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2023?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include *all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues and expenses* using the *accrual basis of accounting* similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's *net position* and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the *financial position* of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the District's programs and services, including instruction, support services (which includes the operation and maintenance of plant and pupil transportation), extracurricular activities and food service operations.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the general fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end, available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the District's general government operations and the services it provides.

Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental *funds* is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Funds

The District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District's internal service fund accounts for employee benefit programs.

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Fiduciary Funds

The District acts in a trustee capacity as an agent for individuals or other entities. These activities are reported in custodial funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the assets cannot be utilized by the District to finance its operations. These funds had no activity or balances during the fiscal year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset.

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

The District as a Whole

The statement of net position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. Table 1 below provides a summary of the District's net position for 2023, 2022 and 2021. Certain 2022 amounts have been restated as described in Note 3.A.

TABLE 1
Net Position
(In millions)

Assets 69.8 60.0 55.8 Net OPEB asset 4.0 3.5 2.9 Capital assets, net 49.2 49.5 50.7 Total assets 123.0 113.0 109.4 Deferred outflows of resources Unamortized deferred charges 1.2 1.3 0.9 Pension 9.8 10.2 8.4 OPEB 0.8 1.0 1.1 Total deferred outflows of resources 11.8 12.5 10.4 Long-term liabilities 6.5 6.0 5.8 Long-term liabilities 2.2 26.4 49.3 Net pension liability 42.2 26.4 49.3 Net opeB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 3.9 3.0 3.8 Total liabilities 3.9 </th <th></th> <th>Ac</th> <th colspan="2">Governmental Activities 2023</th> <th colspan="2">Restated Governmental Activities 2022</th> <th colspan="2">Governmental Activities 2021</th>		Ac	Governmental Activities 2023		Restated Governmental Activities 2022		Governmental Activities 2021	
Net OPEB asset 4.0 3.5 2.9 Capital assets, net 49.2 49.5 50.7 Total assets 123.0 113.0 109.4 Deferred outflows of resources 1 13.0 109.4 Deferred outflows of resources 1.2 1.3 0.9 Pension 9.8 10.2 8.4 OPEB 0.8 1.0 1.1 Total deferred outflows of resources 11.8 12.5 10.4 Liabilities 6.5 6.0 5.8 Long-term liabilities 6.5 6.0 5.8 Long-term liabilities 6.5 6.0 5.8 Long-term liabilities 4.2 2.6 4.9.3 Net OPEB liability 42.2 2.6.4 49.3 Net OPEB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources 3.9 3.6 3.4			60.0			•	0	
Capital assets, net 49.2 49.5 50.7 Total assets 123.0 113.0 109.4 Deferred outflows of resources Unamortized deferred charges 1.2 1.3 0.9 Pension 9.8 10.2 8.4 OPEB 0.8 1.0 1.1 Total deferred outflows of resources 11.8 12.5 10.4 Liabilities Current liabilities Current liabilities 6.5 6.0 5.8 Long-term liabilities 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due within one year 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: 42.2 26.4 49.3 Net OPEB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 10.8 Deferred inflows of resources 3.4 36.0 34.0 <t< td=""><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td><td>\$</td><td></td></t<>		\$		\$		\$		
Total assets 123.0 113.0 109.4 Deferred outflows of resources 1 2 1.3 0.9 Pension 9.8 10.2 8.4 OPEB 0.8 1.0 1.1 Total deferred outflows of resources 11.8 12.5 10.4 Liabilities Current liabilities 6.5 6.0 5.8 Long-term liabilities: Due within one year 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: 3.8 3.1 3.5 Net pension liability 42.2 26.4 49.3 Net OPEB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes and PILOTS 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.9 5.7 5.2								
Deferred outflows of resources Unamortized deferred charges 1.2 1.3 0.9 Pension 9.8 10.2 8.4 OPEB 0.8 1.0 1.1 Total deferred outflows of resources 11.8 12.5 10.4 Liabilities Current liabilities: Current liabilities: Due within one year 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: Section of the pension liability 42.2 26.4 49.3 Net OPEB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes and PILOTS 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.	_				_			
Unamortized deferred charges 1.2 1.3 0.9 Pension 9.8 10.2 8.4 OPEB 0.8 1.0 1.1 Total deferred outflows of resources 11.8 12.5 10.4 Labilities Current liabilities 6.5 6.0 5.8 Long-term liabilities: 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due within one year 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: 2.64 49.3 Net OPEB liability 42.2 26.4 49.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes and PILOTS 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total defe	Total assets		123.0		113.0		109.4	
Pension 9.8 10.2 8.4 OPEB 0.8 1.0 1.1 Total deferred outflows of resources 11.8 12.5 10.4 Liabilities 6.5 6.0 5.8 Current liabilities: 8 3.1 3.5 Due within one year 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: 8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: 2.0 2.64 49.3 Net OPEB liability 42.2 2.64 49.3 Net OPEB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources 80.8 103.8 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted	Deferred outflows of resources							
OPEB 0.8 1.0 1.1 Total deferred outflows of resources 11.8 12.5 10.4 Liabilities 8 12.5 10.4 Current liabilities 6.5 6.0 5.8 Long-term liabilities: 8 3.1 3.5 Due within one year 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: 8 3.1 3.5 Net pension liability 42.2 26.4 49.3 Net OPEB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 2.14 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6	Unamortized deferred charges		1.2		1.3		0.9	
Liabilities 11.8 12.5 10.4 Liabilities 6.5 6.0 5.8 Current liabilities: 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due within one year 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: 3.8 3.1 3.5 Net open in more than one year: 2.0 2.8 3.3 Net OPEB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position 8 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3	Pension		9.8		10.2		8.4	
Liabilities 6.5 6.0 5.8 Current liabilities: 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due within one year 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due within one year: 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: 2.0 2.8 3.3 Net OPEB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2)	OPEB	<u></u>	0.8		1.0		1.1	
Current liabilities 6.5 6.0 5.8 Long-term liabilities: 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due within one year 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: 3.8 3.1 3.5 Net pension liability 42.2 26.4 49.3 Net OPEB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)	Total deferred outflows of resources		11.8		12.5		10.4	
Current liabilities 6.5 6.0 5.8 Long-term liabilities: 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due within one year 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: 3.8 3.1 3.5 Net pension liability 42.2 26.4 49.3 Net OPEB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)	Liabilities							
Long-term liabilities: 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due within one year 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: 1 Net opension liability 42.2 26.4 49.3 Net opension liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources 96.8 80.8 103.8 Property taxes and PILOTS 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 5.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)			6.5		6.0		5.8	
Due within one year 3.8 3.1 3.5 Due in more than one year: Net pension liability 42.2 26.4 49.3 Net OPEB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes and PILOTS 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)			0.5		0.0		2.0	
Due in more than one year: Net pension liability 42.2 26.4 49.3 Net OPEB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes and PILOTS 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)	<u> </u>		3.8		3.1		3.5	
Net pension liability 42.2 26.4 49.3 Net OPEB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes and PILOTS 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)								
Net OPEB liability 2.0 2.8 3.3 Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes and PILOTS 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		42.2		26.4		49.3	
Other amounts 42.3 42.5 41.9 Total liabilities 96.8 80.8 103.8 Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes and PILOTS 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)			2.0		2.8		3.3	
Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes and PILOTS 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)			42.3		42.5		41.9	
Property taxes and PILOTS 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)	Total liabilities		96.8		80.8		103.8	
Property taxes and PILOTS 39.4 36.0 34.0 Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)	Deferred inflows of resources							
Lease 1.7 1.9 1.9 Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)			39.4		36.0		34.0	
Pensions 5.2 21.4 0.5 OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)								
OPEB 5.9 5.7 5.2 Total deferred inflows of resources 52.2 65.0 41.6 Net Position Net investment in capital assets Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)								
Net Position 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)								
Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)	Total deferred inflows of resources		52.2		65.0		41.6	
Net investment in capital assets 13.8 13.9 13.6 Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)	Net Position							
Restricted 4.2 2.8 3.3 Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)	· ·		13.8		13.9		13.6	
Unrestricted (deficit) (32.2) (37.0) (42.5)	<u> •</u>							
	Total net position (deficit)	\$	(14.2)	\$		\$		

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT CUYAHOGA COUNTY, OHIO

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Net Pension/OPEB Liability/Asset

The net pension liability is reported pursuant to Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability/asset is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions." For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability, and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB and the net OPEB asset.

GASB standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Prior accounting for pensions (GASB 27) and postemployment benefits (GASB 45) focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension and OPEB costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability* or *net OPEB liability*. GASB 68 and GASB 75 take an earnings approach to pension and OPEB accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension/OPEB plans and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset to equal the District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension/OPEB benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service.
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits.

GASB notes that pension and OPEB obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" – that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension and other postemployment benefits. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of these liabilities. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients. The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits.

The employee enters the employment exchange with the knowledge that the employer's promise is limited not by contract but by law. The employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the retirement system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension/OPEB plan as against the public employer. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employer to the employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The retirement system is responsible for the administration of the pension and OPEB plans.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2023, the District's liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets plus deferred outflows of resources by \$14.2 million.

Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources increased by \$9.3 million. Current assets increased \$9.8 million primarily due to an increase in property taxes receivable of \$5.6 million due to a new levy taking effect. Capital assets decreased by \$0.3 million as capital depreciation/amortization expense exceeded additions. The District acquired \$3.9 million in capital assets in fiscal year 2023, but the related depreciation/amortization expenses related to the capital assets was \$4.2 million for fiscal year 2023. Deferred outflows related to the District's net pension and OPEB liabilities/asset decreased \$0.6 million from fiscal year 2022. Deferred outflows related to pension decreased primarily due to changes in assumptions by the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS). See Note 14 for more detail. Total assets include a net OPEB asset reported by STRS. See Note 15 for more detail.

Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources increased by \$3.2 million. Long-term liabilities increased \$15.5 million as the District's net pension liability increased \$15.8 million. This liability is outside of the control of the District. The District contributes its statutorily required contributions to the pension systems; however, it's the pension systems that collect, hold and distribute pensions to District employees, not the District. Current liabilities increased \$0.5 million during fiscal year 2023.

The net pension liability increased \$15.8 million or 59.85% and deferred inflows of resources related to pension decreased \$16.2 million or 75.70%. These changes were the result of changes at the pension system level for the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS). Primarily, net investment income on investments at both pension systems were negative for the fiscal year 2022 measurement date that are used for the fiscal year 2023 reporting. This caused a large decrease in their respective fiduciary net positions which was a drastic change from the previous fiscal year's large positive investment returns.

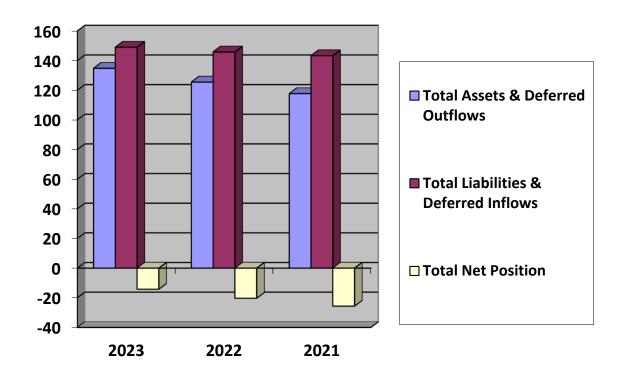
The restricted portion of net position of \$4.2 million at June 30, 2023 was an increase of \$1.4 million from June 30, 2022.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Graph 1 below shows the District's governmental activities assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows and net position for fiscal year 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Graph 1
Net Position Governmental Activities
(In millions)

	2023	2022	2021
Total Assets & deferred outflows Total Liabilities &	\$134.8	\$125.5	\$119.8
deferred inflows	149.0	145.8	145.4
Total Net Position	(\$14.2)	(\$20.3)	(\$25.6)



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Table 2 below shows the change in net position for fiscal years 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Table 2
Changes in Net position
(In millions)

	Governmental Activities							
Revenues		2023		2022		2021		
Program revenues:		<u> </u>		_				
Charges for Services and Sales	\$	1.9	\$	1.7	\$	0.9		
Operating Grants and Contributions		4.0		4.6		3.7		
Capital Grants and Contributions		0.2		0.1		0.1		
General revenues:								
Property Taxes		44.1		39.7		39.1		
Payments in lieu of taxes		0.3		0.1		0.7		
Grants and Entitlements		6.4		6.3		6.6		
Other		0.6		(0.1)		0.1		
Total revenues		57.5		52.4		51.2		
Expenses								
Program expenses:								
Instruction		28.5		26.1		29.9		
Support Services:								
Pupils and Instructional staff		4.2		3.7		4.0		
Board of Education, Administration,		2.6						
Fiscal and Business		2.1		4.2		4.6		
Operations and Maintenance of Plant		5.3		5.1		4.9		
Pupil Transportation		2.1		1.8		2.0		
Central		1.4		1.2		1.4		
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:								
Food Service Operations		0.6		0.5		0.4		
Other Non-Instructional Services		1.1		1.2		1.6		
Extracurricular Activities		1.9		1.7		1.7		
Interest expense		1.6		1.6		1.7		
Total expenses		51.4		47.1		52.2		
Change in Net Position		6.1		5.3		(1.0)		
Net Position, at beginning of year		(20.3)		(25.6)		(24.6)		
Net Position, at end of year	\$	(14.2)	\$	(20.3)	\$	(25.6)		

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Activities

During fiscal year 2023, change in net position increased \$6.1 million compared to a \$5.3 million increase in fiscal year 2022.

Total revenue for *governmental activities* increased \$5.1 million primarily due to an increase in property taxes. Property taxes increased as the District began collecting on a 4.9 mill levy passed in November 2022.

Overall, expenses of the governmental activities increased \$4.3 million or 9.13%. This increase is primarily the result of an increase in pension expense. Pension expense increase approximately \$4.1 million. This increase was the result of an increase in expenses incurred at the pension system level for the State Teachers Retirement System (STRS) and the School Employees Retirement System (SERS) due to a decrease in net investment income on investments compared to previous years.

Total program revenues supporting governmental activities decreased from 2022; the percentage of program revenue support decreased to 11.77% from 13.38% in 2022. The vast majority of revenue supporting governmental activities, over 88.23%, continues to be general revenue. Total revenue was \$57.5 million for 2023. Of this amount, \$44.1 million was property taxes paid by the residents in the District. Only \$6.4 million (11.11% of total revenue) came from unrestricted state or federal sources (general revenue source).

Graph 2 below shows a comparison of program revenues versus general revenue for the governmental activities for fiscal year 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Graph 2
Revenues for Governmental Activities
(In millions)

	2023	2022	2021
Program Revenue	\$6.1	\$6.4	\$4.7
General Revenue	51.4	46.0	46.5

Revenue For Governmental Activities (In Millions)

\$60.0 \$40.0 \$20.0 \$-

■ Program revenues
■ General revenues

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

The District's property taxes increased \$4.4 million in 2023 as the District began collecting on a 4.9 mill levy passed by the District's voters in November 2022. The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a voted levy does not increase solely as a result of inflation. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become 0.5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00. Thus, school districts dependent upon property taxes are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. Property taxes made up 76.71% of revenues for governmental activities for the District in fiscal year 2023.

The statement of activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements. As stated earlier, fluctuations in pension expense reported under GASB 68 and GASB 75 make it difficult to compare financial information between years.

Table 3 below shows the governmental activities total cost of services and net cost of services for fiscal year 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Table 3
Governmental Activities
(In millions)

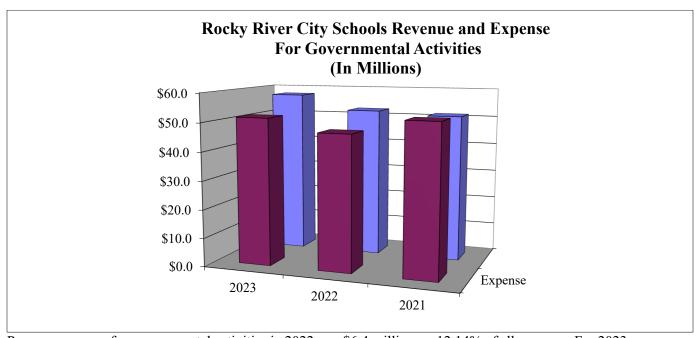
	2023			2022			2021					
	7	Γotal		Net	Γ	Total		Net	Γ	otal		Net
	C	ost of	C	ost of	C	ost of	C	ost of	C	ost of	C	ost of
	Se	rvices	Se	rvices	Se	rvices	Se	rvices	Se	rvices	Se	rvices
Instruction	\$	28.5	\$	26.0	\$	26.1	\$	22.8	\$	29.9	\$	28.5
Support Services:												
Pupils and Instructional Staff		4.2		3.6		3.7		3.2		4.0		3.5
Board of Education, Administration,												
Fiscal and Business		4.7		4.8		4.2		4.2		4.6		4.6
Operation and Maintenance		5.3		4.9		5.1		5.0		4.9		4.5
Pupil Transportation		2.1		1.8		1.8		1.6		2.0		1.9
Central		1.4		1.4		1.2		1.2		1.4		1.4
Operation of Non-Instructional Services:												
Food Service Operations		0.6		0.1		0.5		(0.1)		0.4		0.2
Other Non-Instructional Services		1.1		(0.1)		1.2		0.1		1.6		-
Extracurricular Activities		1.9		1.3		1.7		1.2		1.7		1.3
Interest expense		1.6		1.6		1.6		1.6		1.7		1.7
Total	\$	51.4	\$	45.4	\$	47.1	\$	40.8	\$	52.2	\$	47.6

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Graph 3 below shows the governmental activities revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Graph 3
Revenue and Expense for Governmental Activities
(In millions)

	2023	2022	2021
Revenue	\$57.5	\$52.4	\$51.2
Expense	51.4	47.1	52.2



Program revenue for governmental activities in 2022 was \$6.4 million, or 12.14% of all revenue. For 2023, program revenue was \$6.1 million, or 10.61% of all revenue. The largest expense area was instruction, comprising \$28.5 million, 55.45% of all governmental activities expenses.

The District's Governmental Funds

The District's major governmental fund is the general fund. All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$62.2 million and expenditures and other financing uses of \$55.5 million. The general fund balance increased \$4.7 million as revenues exceeded expenditures. General Fund revenues increased \$6.4 million due to increased property tax revenues as the District began collecting on a 4.9 mill levy. Expenditures increased \$2.4 million from 2022 due to increased as inflation rose.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

During the course of fiscal year 2023, the District amended its general fund budget numerous times, none significant. The District uses site-based budgeting and the budgeting systems are designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

For the general fund, actual budget basis revenue and other financing sources was less than \$0.1 million more than the original budget estimates of \$43.4 million. Final budgeted revenues and other financing sources were \$46.4 million which was \$0.1 million more than actual budget basis revenues and other financing sources of \$46.3 million mainly due to property tax collections were less than expected.

Total expenditures on the budget basis (cash outlays plus encumbrances) were \$45.0 million. Actual expenditures and other financing uses were lower than original budgeted expenditures and other financing uses of \$45.7 million and were also lower than final budgeted expenditures and other financing uses of \$45.3 million. The actual expenditures and other financing uses were less than the final budgeted amounts primarily due to less than anticipated spending on instruction.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Table 4 below reports the District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for fiscal year 2023, 2022 and 2021. The capital assets at June 30, 2022 have been restated as described in Note 3.

Table 4
Capital Assets, Net
(In millions)

	Governmental Activities Restated						
	2023	2022	2021				
Land	\$0.8	\$0.8	\$0.8				
Construction in progress	1.1	0.0	0.0				
Land Improvements	3.0	3.0	3.1				
Building/Improvements	38.0	40.1	42.1				
Furniture/Equipment	3.6	3.3	3.7				
Vehicles	0.8	0.7	0.8				
Intangible right to use	1.9	1.6	0.2				
Total	\$49.2	\$49.5	\$50.7				

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$49.2 million in total capital assets. This is the value of land, land improvements, building/improvements, furniture/equipment, vehicles, and intangible right to use assets after depreciation/amortization is taken off their value. The largest component of these capital assets is building/improvements.

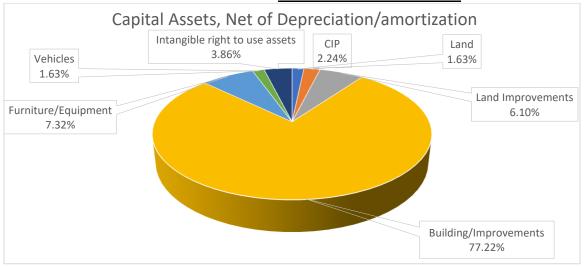
Total capital assets decreased from \$49.5 million in 2022 to \$49.2 million for 2023. This decrease was the result of depreciation/amortization expense exceeding capital acquisitions. The District acquired \$3.9 million in capital assets in fiscal year 2023. For additional information on capital assets, see Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Graph 4 below shows the governmental activities capital assets by category and the percentage to total assets for each category for capital assets, net at June 30, 2023.

Graph 4
Total Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net
(In millions)

	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Land	\$0.8	\$0.8
Construction in Progress	1.1	0.0
Land Improvements	3.0	3.0
Building/Improvements	38.0	40.1
Furniture/Equipment	3.6	3.3
Vehicles	0.8	0.7
Intangible right to use	1.9	1.6
Total	\$49.2	\$49.5



Debt

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$29.3 million in bonds, \$0.1 million in lease payables, and \$1.7 million in SBITA payables outstanding. Table 5 below summarizes the District's bonds outstanding at June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021. The outstanding debt at June 30, 2022 has been restated as described in Note 3.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

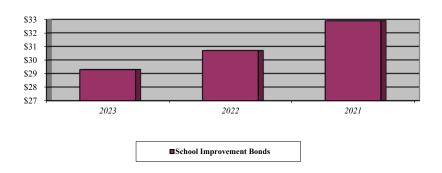
Table 5
Outstanding Bonded Debt at Year End
(In millions)

	Restated				
	2023	2022	2021		
School Building General Obligation Bonds	\$29.3	\$30.7	\$32.9		
SBITA payable	\$1.7	\$1.5	\$0.0		
Lease payable	0.1	0.1	0.2		
Total	\$31.1	\$32.3	\$33.1		

The School Building Improvement Bonds were issued following passage of the bond issue in May 2010. The bonds were issued in September 2010 in the amount of \$42.9 million. The proceeds of the issue is funding the construction project in the District. During 2015, the District refunded a portion of the Series 2010 bonds with the Series 2014 School Improvement bonds in the amount of \$28.3 million. During 2017, the District refunded a portion of the Series 2014 bonds with the Series 2018 School Improvement bonds in the amount of \$7.4 million. During 2023, the District refunded a portion of the Series 2014 bonds with the Series 2022 Refunding bonds in the amount of \$12.4 million.

For additional information on debt, see Note 11 to the basic financial statements. Graph 5 below shows the District's outstanding bonded debt at June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Graph 5
Outstanding Bonded Debt at Year End
(In millions)



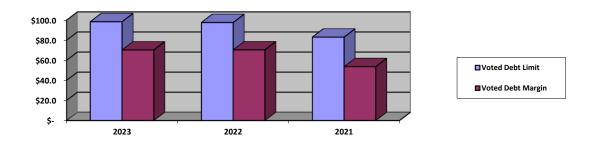
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Graph 6 on the following page shows the District's legal debt limit and debt margin at June 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021.

Graph 6
Debt Limit and Margin
(In millions)

	2023	2022	2021
Voted Debt Limit	\$98.4	\$97.6	\$83.1
Voted Debt Margin	73.1	70.4	53.9

Rocky River City School District Debt Limit and Margin (In Millions)



District Outlook

After several years of navigating financial challenges based on varying economic conditions and the continued erosion of state funding support, the Rocky River City School District is back on solid financial footing for the foreseeable future. As the preceding information shows, the District heavily depends on its property taxpayers. An operating levy of 4.9 mills was passed back in November of 2012 for a continuing period of time that has sustained the District's programming and operations through fiscal year 2018. This levy was planned to enable the District to continue its currently excellent education program level for a three-year levy cycle. However, with the continued emphasis on controlling costs and becoming more efficient with available resources, the District was able to stretch the planned three-year levy cycle to five years. This was in spite of a loss of over \$800,000 in State of Ohio funding starting in July of 2012.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

With the U.S. and global economy continuing to deal with inflation running at elevated levels, the District continues to face challenges on multiple fronts pertaining to its operations and financial matters. Due to the need for additional operating funds for programming and ongoing capital needs, the Board of Education placed a combined 4.4 mill operating/0.5 mill permanent improvement levy on the May 2017 primary ballot that ultimately passed by a wide margin. This levy was projected to produce an estimated \$3.44 million annually, starting with first collection in January 2018, to fund the Districts educational programs and operations for the next 3 – 4 years, as well as produce approximately \$390,000 for permanent improvement/capital needs. The District asked the voters to approve a 4.65 mill operating/0.25 mill permanent improvement levy on the May 2021 ballot, but it was rejected by the voters by a small margin. As the current five year forecast projects outward as of November 2021, the District again needed to ask voters to support an operating levy in 2022. The Board decided in June of 2022 to place a levy on the November 8, 2022 ballot for the same 4.65 mill operating/0.25 mill permanent improvement request. This levy request was ultimately successful and will provide the District with financial stability for the foreseeable future.

In looking forward to major expenditure areas, the District's personnel contracts and policies will be the main drivers. In April and May of 2017, the District agreed to a two-year contract extension with both the teacher's bargaining unit and classified OAPSE bargaining unit, respectively, to become effective on July 1, 2018. These extensions include base salary increases of 2% annually and retained step/experience increments from the prior contract while including additional employee health insurance concessions in the way of increased deductibles, co-pays and co-insurance maximums. These provisions have been applied to all non-bargaining employees as well. Most recently, the District reached an agreement for a contract extension with its teaching union in May 2018, and then subsequently agreed to an extension with both classified OAPSE unions. These extensions call for 2% base raises for a three year period starting July 1, 2019 and running through June 30, 2022. The extensions also call for additional insurance plan design changes that took effect on October 1, 2018 that increase employee out of pocket costs for deductibles and co-pays and institutes a wellness premium rebate/incentive program. The deductible portion will increase slightly in the third year of the agreement along with the premium rebate that can be earned for meeting certain wellness goals. Further, a one-year contract extension with the teachers' bargaining unit and OAPSE bargaining units providing for a 1% base salary increase and no changes to employee insurance cost sharing or plan design were approved in November 2021 and March of 2022, respectively. These terms were extended to the District's non-bargaining staff as well. Forward to the spring of 2023, the District was successful in negotiating with all three unions a four-year contract that provides for 2.75% base raises, along with insurance cost sharing changes. Non-bargaining personnel handbooks were also approved for a four-year period. These latest agreements will provide some certainty of personnel costs through FY 27.

These changes piggyback the District's decision to join the Suburban Health Consortium as of July 1, 2010, which enabled the District to self-fund employee medical and prescription drug insurance plan with a group of 5,000+ employees, and 15,000+ insured members. This arrangement has provided leverage in keeping annual increases to levels below general trending and even out increases when high claim years are experienced.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

The District also reduced projected salary costs by hiring in certificated staff replacements at a lower placement on the teacher salary schedule wherever possible. This was significant going into fiscal year 2012 as the District had 23 employees (17 teachers, one administrator and five support staff) retire as of the end of fiscal year 2011, producing over \$700,000 in first-year savings for the District. As the District continues to look for cost savings measures moving forward to fiscal year 2024 and beyond, the District is considering re-calibration of personnel levels based on student enrollment and programmatic needs as well as other operational efficiencies. These efforts include a one-time retirement incentive plan that was offered to teaching staff as of November 2019, which offered an additional contribution to a post-retirement health reimbursement account for an eligible teacher that would elect to retire or resign as of June 30, 2020, by providing their notice of retirement or resignation by January 10, 2020. During fiscal year 2021, the District had (13) teachers at or near the top end of the teacher pay scale retire or resign as well as (1) administrator retire. Based on the additional resignations and retirements above what was initially projected, the district reasonably projects an additional savings of \$300,000 - \$350,000 per year starting in fiscal year 2022 based on expected replacement salaries and benefits. With the most recent teacher contract starting on July 1, 2023, another one-time retirement incentive is being offered to teachers that will have 36 or more years of service credit as of June 30, 2024. This is expected to incentivize several teachers to consider retirement which should provide cost savings to the District.

Some of the District's facilities were in need of significant repairs and remodeling/redesign in order to be brought up to acceptable standards. Since the District did not, at the time, have a dedicated revenue stream or other resources to address these issues, the Board of Education placed a \$42.9 million bond levy before the voters in May of 2010 that passed by a significant margin. The plan for the use of these funds was a comprehensive one that covered the upgrade of virtually all buildings in the District (physical plant upgrades for the primary, intermediate and high schools and technology upgrades for the middle school) with the main emphasis being placed on the renovation and expansion of Rocky River High School to meet the needs of our students in order to provide them a 21st Century education. The construction phase for the renovated Board of Education administrative offices was substantially completed by July 15, 2011. The construction phases for Goldwood Primary School and Kensington Intermediate School were substantially completed by April, 2013, and December, 2012, respectively. The High School was substantially completed for the beginning of the 2013-14 school year in late August of 2013.

The bonds were subsequently issued in September of 2010 and included near zero-interest Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCB's) and 35% rebateable Build America Bonds (BAB's) as authorized by the federal ARRA as well as traditional tax-exempt bonds. The BAB portion of the 2010 bond issue was refunded in December 2014, yielding a net present value savings to the District of just over \$1.1 million over the life of the bonds. A portion of these bonds (\$7.44 million) were then advanced refunded in March of 2018 for a net present value savings to the District of \$632,000. This refunding was made possible by the upcoming payoff of the District's 1998 bond issue in December 2018, the District's strong credit rating and favorable market conditions.

The District also completed a current bond refunding in July of 2021 for \$12.410 million of the outstanding 2014 refunding bonds to realize savings from lower interest rates. This refunding provided a gross savings of \$1,270,000 through the year 2040, with a net present value of \$930,000. This refunded issue also contains a prepayment option to provide another opportunity in the future should rates lower even further.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

As mentioned previously, the District passed new millage in May of 2017 that included a portion (0.5 mill), as well as new millage of 0.25 mill in November of 2022, dedicated for permanent improvements. The District also receives funding from 0.5 mill of inside millage that was moved to permanent improvement purposes back in 2014 as well as net lease revenue from the long-term lease of a District facility currently not needed for educational purposes.

One recent project that was completed using permanent improvement fund resources through a lease/purchase obligation consisted of building improvements and renovations at the Beach Board of Education's south wing in order to provide adequate space for the District's special education preschool program. Another project that was funded through a lease/purchase borrowing and was recently completed was an energy conservation/capital improvement project that addressed needed upgrades to building lighting and HVAC systems throughout all of the District buildings. This energy project is already yielding substantial savings on energy consumption and costs, and is expected to do so going forward. There were also recent projects completed that included a new ornamental fence surrounding the high school stadium, a major facelift to the high school auditorium, needed masonry repair/restoration work on the high school and Kensington Intermediate school, as well as high school baseball dugout improvements and sanitary sewer improvements at Kensington Intermediate School. The fencing and auditorium portions of this project were funded in large part by private funds from The Rocky River Campus Foundation and generous individuals within the community.

The District continues to work on smaller-scale capital projects and major equipment replacements that were not addressed with the aforementioned bond issue such as an upgrade to the District's food service server area and related equipment, as well as additional ADA-compliant seating at the high school stadium, a renovation of the middle school media center, and build-out of unfinished instructional space at the high school. The District issued \$2,800,000 of 10 year Permanent Improvement Tax Anticipation Notes in March of 2023 for the funding of these various capital projects plans to fund these improvements, with repayment to come from available cash in the permanent improvement fund produced by the inside millage and net lease revenue, along with funds to be generated from the aforementioned 0.5 mill and 0.25 mill permanent improvement levies.

Educationally, the District continues to perform at the highest level as determined by the State of Ohio, which is measured by an objectively defined set of criteria. A ten-year history of the District's Performance Index Score (a weighted average of State "report card" performance levels across subject areas and each tested grade) is as follows:

<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2023</u>
111.3	107.1	107.1	109.4	108.0	109.4	101.8	103.9	108.0	110.2

The 110.2 earned for 2022-23 ranked third overall in the State of Ohio, and second in Cuyahoga County. The five-year graduation rate for the District was 100.0%, while the four-year graduation rate was 98.6%.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

In its assessments for academic year 2012-13, the State of Ohio began implementing a number of changes in the way in which the performance of its school districts and their individual schools is to be measured and reported. The former designations, such as "Excellent", were replaced with letter grades on performance indicators and several new measures. This new reporting was phased in over several years. The four components initially included on the new report card are Achievement (measuring absolute academic achievement compared to national standards of success), Progress (measuring the average annual improvement for each student), Gap Closing (measuring how well a school district or school is doing in narrowing gaps in reading, math and graduation rate among students according to socioeconomic, racial, ethnic or disability status) and Graduation Rate (measuring the percentage of students who entered the 9th grade and graduated in four and five years). Two additional components, K-3 Literacy (measuring the improvement in reading for students in kindergarten through 3rd grade) and Prepared for Success (measuring whether students who graduate are prepared for college or a career), were added for the 2015-16 academic year. An End of Course Retake Improvement standard was added for 2018-19, while 10th grade-specific standards were merged into the high school standards. The District's overall component grade for achievement for 2018-19 was an A.

The Ohio General Assembly passed House Bill 82 in June 2021, which included changes to the Ohio School Report Cards for schools and districts. Governor DeWine signed the bill into law on July 1, and it became effective on Sept. 30, 2021. The key provisions of this bill reform Ohio's school accountability system starting with the 2021-2022 school year. This reform was passed after years of collaborative research and design by education stakeholders, including the major education associations, business community and General Assembly. The Ohio Department of Education began working to implement these new reforms in October with the State Board of Education. A notable difference on the newly reformed report cards is the new style of rating. In the prior accountability system, the report cards had A – F letter grades. The new system will have ratings of 1 – 5 Stars. The report card components will be rated with 1 – 5 stars and more details can be found in the Component Rating Technical Documentation for the 2022-2023 school year. The District's Achievement rating for 2022-2023 was five stars.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

The breakdown of the District's final student test results and performance index for the 2022-23 academic year from the Ohio Department of Education is summarized in the following charts:



Significantly exceeds state standards in academic achievement

Achievement

The Achievement Component measures students academic achievement using each level of performance on Ohio's State Tests.

Performance Index

The Performance Index measures the test results of every student, not just those who score proficient or higher. Schools and districts receive points on the index for every student who takes a test. The higher the performance level on the state tests, the more points awarded toward the index score. The index score is divided by the maximum possible score. Each year the maximum possible score is determined by the average of the highest 2% performance index scores in the state.

101.3%

110.2 of a possible 108.8

Calculation of the Performance Index for 2022-2023:

Achievement Level	Pct of Students		Points for this Level		Points Received
Advanced Plus	6.9	X	1.3	=	9
Advanced	48	X	1.2	=	57.6

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Achievement Level	Pct of Students		Points for this Level		Points Received
Accomplished	22.9	X	1.1	=	25.2
Proficient	15	X	1.0	=	15
Basic	4.2	X	0.6	=	2.5
Limited	2.9	X	0.3	=	0.9
Untested	0	X	0.0	=	0.0

110.2

Performance Indicators (Report Only)

The Performance Indicators measure reports the percent of students who have scored proficient or higher on state tests. This measure does not factor into the Achievement Component rating - the data is reported for informational purposes only.

Third Grade	
English Language Arts	90.4%
Mathematics	92.9%
Fourth Grade	
English Language Arts	92.3%
Mathematics	97.4%
Fifth Grade	
English Language Arts	94.7%
Mathematics	93.0%
Science	92.5%
Sixth Grade	
English Language Arts	89.7%
Mathematics	92.0%
Seventh Grade	
English Language Arts	93.0%
Mathematics	85.0%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Eighth Grade	
English Language Arts	88.2%
Mathematics	80.7%
Science	94.3%
High School	
Algebra I	96.4%
American US Government	96.1%
American US History	96.2%
Biology	96.4%
English Language Arts II	94.4%
Geometry	92.6%

Please visit https://reportcard.education.ohio.gov/district/home/044701 for the complete District report card and links to all data subsets.

The District also continued moving forward in fiscal year 2023 with its strategic plan that was adopted in June of 2009. This has been the "roadmap" that the District has used to continue to move ahead in all areas of its operation. This plan was updated as part of a mid-term update in the spring of 2015 through the collaborative efforts of District board members, administration, parents and other interested community members and resulted in updated "action plan results" for the strategic areas of communications, curriculum & co-curriculum, facilities, finance, human resources and technology. A "refresh" of the strategic plan was anticipated for 2021, but was delayed due to pandemic issues. The Board is now on course to have an update to this strategic plan in early 2024.

In June 2005, the State Legislature made landmark changes to the State's taxing structure with the passage of House Bill 66 that took effect July 1, 2005. Of the many changes to Ohio's taxing structure, one of the most significant changes was the phase-out of the tangible personal property (TPP) tax on most businesses inventory, manufacturing machinery and equipment, and furniture and fixtures over four years at about 25% annually beginning in tax year 2006. Most new manufacturing machinery and equipment that would have been first taxable in tax year 2006 and thereafter is no longer subjected to TPP tax. Ohio School Districts were to be fully "held harmless" for lost revenue through tax year 2010 by the State. HB 1 signed into law by the Governor as of July 1, 2010 included a provision to extend the full (100%) reimbursement of "base year" valuation losses through fiscal year 2013. Reimbursements were then to be phased out starting in fiscal year 2014 through fiscal year 2019. The District began receiving these "hold harmless" payments in May of 2006.

However, the revenue guarantee through fiscal year 2013 was eliminated upon the adoption of Amended Substitute H.B. 153 that was signed into law on June 30, 2011. This house bill phases out the District's personal property tax reimbursement and the utility deregulation/SB3/KwH tax reimbursement revenue sources by fiscal year 2013. The impact on the District's revenues is a reduction of over \$821,748 for fiscal year 2012 and an additional \$445,684 in fiscal year 2013. The total reduction of revenue over four years of the District's forecast is \$3,491,956 over what was estimated based on previous law. This House Bill also removed all provisions of the "Evidenced Based Model" (EBM) that was in law previously.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

Amended Substitute House Bill 49, the State of Ohio's biennial budget bill, covering fiscal years' 2018 and 2019, was passed into law in June of 2017 to take effect on July 1, 2018. This budget bill allows for funding of public schools for the biennium. The effect on the Rocky River City Schools will be minimal as the base per-student funding amount increases very minimally, and the legislation contains a guarantee of fiscal year 2018 funding levels if any student enrollment decrease between fiscal year 2014 and 2017 is less than 5%.

On July 18, 2019, Amended Substitute House Bill 166 was signed into law for the new state biennium that took effect July 1, 2019. This legislation added "Student Wellness and Success Funding" for Ohio Districts, of which \$98,357 is anticipated to be received by the District in fiscal 2020, and \$138,507 being expected for fiscal year 2021. However, the District's overall state foundation aid was reduced by approximately \$62,000 for fiscal years 20 and 21 due to a change in Ohio Administrative Code. Specifically, the state calculation of special education transportation in FY 2020 is now predicated on the greater of the state share index of the district or 25%. Prior to this change, this calculation was based on the greater of the state share index or 60%. This change will result in school districts that have a state share index less than 60% to see a drop in their special education transportation funding.

Based on the excellent work done by a group of school officials and state legislators under the Ohio Fair School Funding Plan (https://sites.google.com/view/ohiofairschoolfunding/home?authuser=0), the new state budget largely adopted this funding framework for the biennial state budget that started on July 1, 2021 under Ohio House Bill 110. This funding plan has provided a comprehensive cost model to calculate state funding for Districts throughout the state. With the new biennial state budget that went into effect as of July 1, 2023, the Fair School Funding Plan "phase in" was continued, with an update to 2022 as the "base cost year" vs. 2018, as well as a minimum state share percentage increase to 10% (previously 5%). Based on these changes, the District is now projected to realize a moderate increase in funding over the next several biennia as the funding factors continue to be phased in over a six year time horizon, as long as future legislatures continue this model of funding.

Based on all of challenges that the District faces, and in order to keep its excellent educational programming in place for the future, the District must continue to be diligent and thoughtful in its budget planning. As the district's latest five-year forecast issued in November 2023 shows, the recently passed 4.9 mill combined operating/permanent improvement levy is expected to provide financial stability and opportunity for the next 5 years. The District's current position both programmatically and financially is very strong. The current and historical five-year forecasts can be accessed at https://reports.education.ohio.gov/report/finance-forecast-submissions.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, creditors and the general public with an overview of the District's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or would like additional financial information about the District, please contact Greg R. Markus, CPA, Treasurer/CFO, Rocky River City School District, 1101 Morewood Parkway, Rocky River, Ohio, 44116 or by email at Markus.Greg@rrcs.org. You may also visit the District's website at www.rrcs.org.

Т	THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

		vernmental Activities
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash with escrow agent	\$	20,147,231 743,344
Receivables:		
Property taxes		46,687,661
Accounts		55,598
Accrued interest		39,380
Intergovernmental		288,433
Prepayments		68,191
Materials and supplies inventory		58,098
Inventory held for resale		26,223
Net OPEB asset		4,031,841
Lease receivable		1,700,749
Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable capital assets		1,930,392
Depreciable capital assets, net		47,295,493
Capital assets, net		49,225,885
Total assets		123,072,634
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Unamortized deferred charges on debt refunding		1,200,659
Pension		9,815,848
OPEB		785,658
Total deferred outflows of resources		11,802,165
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		314,013
Contracts payable		398,760
Accrued wages and benefits payable		4,541,568
Intergovernmental payable		385,216
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		675,196
Accrued interest payable		160,266
Long-term liabilities:		,
Due within one year		3,847,060
Due in more than one year:		, ,
Net pension liability		42,243,970
Net OPEB liability		2,020,857
Other amounts due in more than one year		42,305,715
Total liabilities		96,892,621
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		39,452,195
Lease		1,685,248
Pension		5,206,863
OPEB		5,862,373
Total deferred inflows of resources		52,206,679
Not position.		_
Net position:		12 020 050
Net investment in capital assets		13,838,050
Restricted for:		953,686
Capital projects		
OPEB Debt service		886,959 1 680 576
		1,680,576
State funded programs		87,788 58 125
Federally funded programs		58,135
Food service operations		166,028
Student activities		221,964
Other purposes		77,585
Unrestricted (deficit)	•	(32,195,272)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(14,224,501)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net (Expense)

					Progi	ram Revenues				Revenue and Changes in Net Position
			C	harges for		rating Grants	Cap	ital Grants		overnmental
	I	Expenses		ices and Sales	-	Contributions	-	Contributions		Activities
Governmental activities:		-								
Instruction:										
Regular	\$	19,879,106	\$	676,971	\$	106,156	\$	-	\$	(19,095,979)
Special		7,374,779		35,099		1,405,634		-		(5,934,046)
Vocational		738,802		-		1,595		-		(737,207)
Other		557,507		-		295,271		_		(262,236)
Support services:										
Pupil		3,311,296		86,051		378,555		-		(2,846,690)
Instructional staff		856,400		2,673		43,605		_		(810,122)
Board of education		48,626		_		-		_		(48,626)
Administration		2,545,044		_		_		_		(2,545,044)
Fiscal		1,482,585		_		_		_		(1,482,585)
Business		603,132		_		_		_		(603,132)
Operations and maintenance		5,253,118		235,812		3,681		58,603		(4,955,022)
Pupil transportation		2,145,431		55,939		276,937		45,000		(1,767,555)
Central		1,366,412		7,002		270,237		15,000		(1,359,410)
Operation of non-instructional		1,500,112		7,002						(1,55), 110)
services:										
Food service operations		588,005		455,359		227,770				95,124
Other non-instructional services		1,157,012		9,082		1,051,190		-		(96,740)
Extracurricular activities		1,906,289		342,964		1,031,190		65,371		` ′ ′
				342,904		164,001		03,371		(1,313,353)
Interest expense		1,595,725				-	-	-		(1,595,725)
Totals	\$	51,409,269	\$	1,906,952	\$	3,974,995	\$	168,974		(45,358,348)
					Proper	ral revenues: ty taxes levied	for:			
						eral purposes				40,595,644
						t service				2,390,259
						ital outlay				1,081,183
					-	ents in lieu of ta and entitlemer		estricted		289,879
					to spe	ecific programs				6,382,676
						ment earnings				542,565
						ease) in fair val	ue of in	vestments		(35,819)
					Misce	llaneous				150,740
						general revenue	es		_	51,397,127
					Chang	e in net position	n			6,038,779
					Net po	osition (deficit)	at beg	inning of year		(20,263,280)
					Net po	osition (deficit)	at end	of year	\$	(14,224,501)

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		General		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets:						
Equity in pooled cash						
and investments	\$	13,342,779	\$	6,802,979	\$	20,145,758
Cash with escrow agent		-		743,344		743,344
Receivables:				ŕ		ŕ
Property taxes		43,191,263		3,496,398		46,687,661
Accounts		55,598		-		55,598
Accrued interest		38,998		382		39,380
Interfund loans		87,269		479,251		566,520
Intergovernmental		120		288,313		288,433
Prepayments		66,179		2,012		68,191
Materials and supplies inventory		55,225		2,873		58,098
Inventory held for resale		22,482		3,741		26,223
Lease receivable		58,995		1,641,754		1,700,749
Total assets	\$	56,918,908	\$	13,461,047	\$	70,379,955
Total assets	Φ	30,910,900	Φ	13,401,047	φ	10,319,933
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	233,421	\$	77,232	\$	310,653
Contracts payable		-		398,760		398,760
Accrued wages and benefits payable		4,312,821		228,747		4,541,568
Compensated absences payable		355,984				355,984
Intergovernmental payable		382,497		2,719		385,216
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		637,403		37,793		675,196
Interfund loans payable		037,403		550,816		550,816
Total liabilities		5,922,126		1,296,067	-	7,218,193
Total Habilities		3,922,120		1,290,007		7,210,193
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Property taxes levied for the next fiscal year		36,649,398		2,802,797		39,452,195
Delinquent property tax revenue not available		1,709,314		138,371		1,847,685
Intergovernmental revenue not available				216,748		216,748
Lease		61,132		1,624,116		1,685,248
Total deferred inflows of resources		38,419,844		4,782,032	-	43,201,876
				,,		-, - ,
Fund balances:						
Nonspendable:						
Materials and supplies inventory		55,225		2,873		58,098
Prepaids		66,179		2,012		68,191
Unclaimed monies		7,201		-		7,201
Restricted:						
Debt service		-		3,464,828		3,464,828
Capital improvements		-		2,195,355		2,195,355
Food service operations		-		192,101		192,101
Non-public schools		-		87,788		87,788
Federally funded programs		-		58,086		58,086
Extracurricular		-		221,964		221,964
Other purposes		-		70,384		70,384
Committed:				ŕ		ŕ
Capital improvements		-		1,236,057		1,236,057
Other purposes		_		70,665		70,665
Assigned:				,		,
Student instruction		176,653		_		176,653
Student and staff support		964,376		_		964,376
Extracurricular activities		8,176		_		8,176
School supplies		63,532		- -		63,532
Unassigned (deficit)		11,235,596		(219,165)		11,016,431
onassigned (denot)		11,433,370		(217,103)		11,010,731
Total fund balances		12,576,938		7,382,948		19,959,886
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$\$_	56,918,908	\$	13,461,047	\$	70,379,955

RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ${\tt JUNE~30,2023}$

Total governmental fund balances		\$	19,959,886
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.			49,225,885
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are deferred inflows in the funds. Property taxes receivable Intergovernmental receivable Total	\$ 1,847,685 216,748		2,064,433
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities on the statement of net position.			(17,591)
Unamortized premiums on bonds issued are not recognized in the funds.			(1,596,046)
Unamortized amounts on refundings are not recognized in the funds.			1,200,659
Accrued interest payable is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not reported in the funds.			(160,266)
The net pension/OPEB assets & liabilities are not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the assets, liabilities and related deferred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds. Deferred outflows - pension Deferred inflows - pension Net pension liability Deferred outflows - OPEB Deferred inflows - OPEB Net OPEB asset Net OPEB liability Total	9,815,848 (5,206,863) (42,243,970) 785,658 (5,862,373) 4,031,841 (2,020,857)		(40,700,716)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. General obligation bonds Lease payable SBITA payable Tax anticipation note Compensated absences Financed purchase note payable	(29,298,371) (23,503) (1,708,154) (2,800,000) (4,873,782) (5,496,935)		
Total		•	(14,224,501)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	(14,224,501)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2023

	 General	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 41,032,833	\$ 3,515,284	\$	44,548,117
Intergovernmental	6,122,350	3,897,844		10,020,194
Investment earnings	492,878	89,221		582,099
Tuition and fees	779,838	-		779,838
Extracurricular	59,319	341,276		400,595
Rental income	38,507	197,305		235,812
Charges for services	35,348	455,359		490,707
Contributions and donations	15,508	315,173		330,681
Payment in lieu of taxes	274,339	15,540		289,879
Miscellaneous	150,740	62,591		213,331
(Decrease) in fair value of investments	(35,819)	-		(35,819)
Total revenues	 48,965,841	 8,889,593		57,855,434
Expenditures:	 .0,500,011	 0,000,000		27,000,101
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	18,580,350	967,643		19,547,993
Special	6,095,202	1,121,170		7,216,372
Vocational	714,838	-,,		714,838
Other	252,019	296,632		548,651
Support services:	232,019	270,032		3 10,031
Pupil	2,918,022	349,409		3,267,431
Instructional staff	768,048	80,808		848,856
Board of education	47,064	-		47,064
Administration	2,561,914	_		2,561,914
Fiscal	1,382,973	59,817		1,442,790
Business	499,713	57,017		499,713
Operations and maintenance	4,815,846	796,055		5,611,901
Pupil transportation	1,942,479	218,655		2,161,134
Central	960,799	72,835		1,033,634
Operation of non-instructional services:	900,799	12,633		1,055,054
Food service operations		568,954		568,954
Other non-instructional services	26,173	1,051,713		1,077,886
Extracurricular activities				
	1,095,230	750,874		1,846,104
Facilities acquisition and construction Debt service:	743,738	715,298		1,459,036
Principal retirement	1,099,754	2,029,365		3,129,119
Interest and fiscal charges	47,748	1,478,719		1,526,467
Total expenditures	 44,551,910	 10,557,947		55,109,857
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	4,413,931	(1,668,354)		2,745,577
Other financing sources (uses):				
Sale of notes		2,800,000		2,800,000
Transfers in	-			
	(420.250)	398,350		398,350
Transfers (out)	(420,350)	246 292		(420,350)
Inception of finance-purchase transaction	742 720	346,283		346,283
SBITA transaction	 743,738	 11,912		755,650
Total other financing sources (uses)	 323,388	 3,556,545	_	3,879,933
Net change in fund balances	4,737,319	1,888,191		6,625,510
Fund balances at beginning of year	 7,839,619	 5,494,757		13,334,376
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 12,576,938	\$ 7,382,948	\$	19,959,886

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUN	IE 30, 2023		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	6,625,510
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the			
statement of activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.			
However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those			
assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense.			
Capital asset additions	\$ 3,924,	202	
Current year depreciation/amortization	(4,217,		
Total			(293,111)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving			
capital assets (i.e., sales, disposals, trade-ins, and donations) is to			
decrease net position.			(14,929)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide			
current financial resources are not reported as revenues in			
the funds. Property taxes	(401	021)	
Intergovernmental	(481,	,645	
Total		015	(407,386)
Repayment of bond, lease, and SBITA principal is an expenditure in the			
governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities			
on the statement of net position.			
Bonds	1,470,		
Lease payable		,568	
SBITA payable Financed purchase note payable	1,041,	,276 275	
Total	1,041,	213	3,129,119
Issuance of tax anteipation notes, lease-purchases, and SBITA are recorded as			-, -, -
other financing sources in the funds; however, in the statement of activities,			
they are not reported as other financing sources as they increase liabilities			
on the statement of net position.			
Tax anticipation notes	(2,800,		
SBITA payables Lease purchase obligations	(755, (346,		
Total	(340,	,263)	(3,901,933)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,			(-,,,
whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported			
when due. The following items resulted in additional interest being			
reported in the statement of activities:			
(Increase) in accrued interest payable		,124)	
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds		,148) ,083	
Amortization of bond premiums Amortization of deferred charges		,069)	
Total		.007)	(69,258)
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in			(,,
governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports			
these amounts as deferred outflows.			
Pension	3,641,		
OPEB Total	97,	,128	3,738,767
			3,130,101
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension/OPEB liability/asset are reported as			
pension/OPEB expense in the statement of activities.			
Pension	(3,791,	,712)	
OPEB	922,		
Total			(2,869,030)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities,			
such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current			
financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			105,348
			105,540
An internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in			
the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund			
expenditures and the related internal service fund revenues			
are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal			
service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.			(4,318)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	6,038,779

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
_	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:	\$ 36,259,460	\$ 38,826,274	¢ 20.700.200	¢ (126.065)	
Property taxes		. , ,	\$ 38,700,209	\$ (126,065)	
Intergovernmental Investment earnings	5,708,115 429,609	6,112,194 460,021	6,056,803 467,808	(55,391) 7,787	
Tuition and fees	531,469	569,092	569,596	504	
Rental income	24,530	26,266	41,785	15,519	
Charges for services	48,634	52,077	35,348	(16,729)	
Contributions and donations	40,034	32,077	150	150	
Payment in lieu of taxes	138,532	148,339	274,339	126,000	
Miscellaneous	13,979	14,969	6,432	(8,537)	
Total revenues	43,154,328	46,209,232	46,152,470	(56,762)	
Total Tevenues	13,13 1,320	10,207,232	10,132,170	(30,702)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction:	10 122 465	10.722.027	10 (00 000	112.047	
Regular	19,132,465	19,723,827	19,609,980	113,847	
Special	6,929,335	6,203,109	6,085,949	117,160	
Vocational Other	825,000	714,838	714,838	10.575	
	439,846	285,018	265,443	19,575	
Support services:	2 049 029	2 027 944	2 027 944		
Pupil Instructional staff	2,948,028	2,927,844 782,942	2,927,844 782,942	-	
Board of education	833,013	49,956	49,956	-	
Administration	40,459 2,636,632	2,597,012	2,597,012	-	
Fiscal	1,328,441	1,435,213	1,435,213	-	
Business	578,265	604,246	604,246	-	
Operations and maintenance	4,976,084	5,212,078	5,196,669	15,409	
Pupil transportation	2,045,136	1,934,241	1,934,241	13,409	
Central	1,026,976	991,661	991,661	- -	
Operation of non-instructional services:	-,,-,-	,	,		
Other non-instructional services	19,902	19,750	19,750	_	
Extracurricular activities	1,418,699	1,182,734	1,182,734	_	
Facilities acquisition and construction	5,000	-,,	-,,	-	
Total expenditures	45,183,281	44,664,469	44,398,478	265,991	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(2,028,953)	1,544,763	1,753,992	209,229	
(under) experiences	(2,020,733)	1,311,703	1,755,772		
Other financing sources (uses):					
Refund of prior year's expenditures	32,005	34,271	25,003	(9,268)	
Transfers in	163,431	175,000	175,000	-	
Transfers (out)	(523,350)	(614,850)	(614,850)	-	
Advances in	14,665	15,703	-	(15,703)	
Sale of capital assets	378	405	18,973	18,568	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(312,871)	(389,471)	(395,874)	(6,403)	
Net change in fund balance	(2,341,824)	1,155,292	1,358,118	202,826	
Fund balance at beginning of year	9,684,287	9,684,287	9,684,287	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	915,136	915,136	915,136	_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 8,257,599	\$ 11,754,715	\$ 11,957,541	\$ 202,826	

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	Ac Iı	ernmental tivities - nternal vice Fund
Assets:		
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	1,473
Total assets		1,473
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable		3,360
Interfund loan payable		15,704
Total current liabilities		19,064
Net position:		
Unrestricted (deficit)		(17,591)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(17,591)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services	\$	215,165	
Operating expenses:			
Personal services		49,628	
Purchased services		191,855	
Total operating expenses		241,483	
Operating (loss) before transfers		(26,318)	
Transfer in		22,000	
Change in net position		(4,318)	
Net position (deficit) at beginning of year		(13,273)	
Net position (deficit) at end of year	\$	(17,591)	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from charges for services	\$	215,165
Cash payments for personal services		(48,899)
Cash payments for purchased services		(191,855)
Net cash (used in)		
operating activities		(25,589)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Cash received from transfers in		22,000
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		22,000
intailing activities	-	22,000
Net (decrease) in cash and cash		
cash equivalents		(3,589)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		5,062
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	1,473
Reconciliation of operating (loss) to net cash (used in) operating activities:		
Operating (loss)	\$	(26,318)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Increase in accounts payable		729
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$	(25,589)

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 1 - DESCRIPTION OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT

The Rocky River City School District (the "District") is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. The District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. The District provides educational services as authorized by State statute and federal guidelines.

The District is located in a suburban area west of Cleveland, Ohio. It is located in Cuyahoga County, and encompasses the entire City of Rocky River and a small portion of the City of Fairview Park. It is staffed by 217 certified, 134 non-certified and 20 administrative personnel who provide services from Pre-K through Grade 12 to 2,644 students and other community members. The District currently operates a primary school, a preschool, an intermediate school, a middle school and a high school.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>" as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "<u>Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units</u>" and GASB Statement No. 61, "<u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>: <u>Omnibus an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34</u>". The reporting entity is composed of the primary government and component units. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's Governing Board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes. Certain organizations are also included as component units if the nature and significance of the relationship between the primary government and the organization is such that exclusion by the primary government would render the primary government's financial statements incomplete or misleading. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The following organization is described due to its relationship to the District:

RELATED ORGANIZATION

Rocky River Public Library

The Rocky River Public Library (the "Library") is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the District's Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the District for operational subsidies. Although the District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. The Library did not receive any funding from the District during fiscal year 2023. Financial information can be obtained from the Clerk/Treasurer of the Rocky River Public Library at 1600 Hampton Rd., Rocky River, Ohio 44116.

JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

Connect

Connect is a jointly governed organization serving twenty-four school districts and two educational service centers. Connect was organized pursuant to Ohio Revised Code Chapter 167 as a regional council of governments for the purpose of applying modern technology with the aid of computers and other electronic equipment to administrative and instructional functions among the member districts. Connect operates as an information technology center pursuant to ORC 3301.075. Each of the governments of these schools supports Connect based on a per pupil charge dependent upon the software packages used. The District contributed \$253,699 to Connect during fiscal year 2023. Connect is governed by a four-member Board of Directors consisting of the Superintendent of the Educational Service Center of Northeast Ohio, the Superintendent of the Educational Service Center of Lorain County, the Superintendent of the Educational Service Center of Medina County, and the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools Council. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Educational Service Center of Northeast Ohio, who serves as fiscal agent, at 5700 West Canal Road, Valley View, Ohio 44125.

Ohio Schools Council Association

The Ohio Schools' Council Association (Council) is a jointly governed organization among 241 school districts, educational service centers, joint vocational districts, and Developmental Disabilities boards in 33 Ohio counties. The jointly governed organization was formed to bring quality products and services at the lowest possible cost to the member districts. The Council's Board consists of seven superintendents of the participating districts whose terms rotate every year. The degree of control exercised by any school district is limited to its representation on the Board. In fiscal year 2023, the District paid \$131,584 to the Council for annual membership and other fees. Financial information can be obtained by contacting William J. Zelei, the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools' Council at 6393 Oak Tree Blvd., Suite 377, Independence, Ohio 44131.

The District participates in the natural gas purchase program. This program allows the District to purchase natural gas at reduced rates. Compass Energy has been selected as the supplier and program manager. There are currently 163 program members in the program. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each September, these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage for the year (July to June). School districts that paid more in estimated billings than their actual billings are issued credits on future billings beginning in September until the credits are exhausted and school districts that did not pay enough on estimated billings are invoiced for the difference on the September monthly estimated billing.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

The District participates in the Council's Power4Schools electric purchase program. This program allows school districts to purchase electricity at reduced rates, if the school districts will commit to participating in the program for either a two-year period or an eight and one-half year period depending upon electric generation area. There are currently 256 program members in the program. FirstEnergy Solutions has been selected as the supplier for the program. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each June these estimated payments are compared to the actual usage for the year and any necessary adjustments are made.

INSURANCE PURCHASING POOL

Suburban Health Consortium

The Suburban Health Consortium (the "Consortium") is a shared health risk pool created on October 1, 2001, formed by the Boards of Education of several school districts in northeast Ohio, for the purposes of maximizing benefits and/or reducing costs of group health, life, dental and/or other insurance coverages for their employees and the eligible dependents and designated beneficiaries of such employees. The Consortium was formed and operates as a legally separate entity under Ohio Revised Code Section 9.833. The Board of Directors shall be the governing body of the Consortium. The Board of Education of each Consortium Member shall appoint its Superintendent or such Superintendent's designee to be its representative of the Board of Directors. The officers of the Board of Directors shall consist of a Chairman, Vice-Chairman and Recording Secretary, who shall be elected at the annual meeting of Board of Directors and serve until the next annual meeting. All of the authority of the Consortium shall be exercised by or under the direction of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors shall also set all premiums and other amounts to be paid by the Consortium Members, and the Board of Directors shall also have the authority to waive premiums and other payments. All members of the Board of Directors shall serve without compensation.

The Fiscal Agent shall be the Board of Education responsible for administering the financial transactions of the Consortium (Orange City School District). The Fiscal Agent shall carry out the responsibilities of the Consortium Fund, enter into contracts on behalf of the Consortium as authorized by the Directors and carry out such other responsibilities as approved by the Directors and agreed to by the Fiscal Agent. Each District Member enrolled in a benefit program may require contributions from its employees toward the cost of any benefit program being offered by such District Member, and such contributions shall be included in the payments from such District Member to the Fiscal Agent for such benefit program. Contributions are to be submitted by each District Member, to the Fiscal Agent, required under the terms of the Consortium Agreement and any benefit program in which such District Member is enrolled to the Fiscal Agent on a monthly basis, or as otherwise required in accordance with any benefit program in which such District Member is enrolled.

All general administrative costs incurred by the Consortium that are not covered by the premium payments shall be shared equally by the Consortium Members as approved by the Directors and shall be paid by each Consortium Member upon receipt of notice from the Fiscal Agent that such payment is due. It is the express intention of the Consortium Members that the Consortium Agreement and the Consortium shall continue for an indefinite term but may be terminated as provided in the Consortium Agreement. Any Consortium Member wishing to withdraw from participation in the Consortium or any benefit program shall notify the Fiscal Agent at least one hundred eighty (180) days prior to the effective date of withdrawal.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

Upon withdrawal of a Consortium Member, the Consortium shall pay the run out of all claims for such Consortium Member provided such Consortium Member has paid to the Consortium, prior to the effective date of withdrawal, a withdrawal fee in the amount equal to two months' premiums at the Consortium Member's current rate. Payment of the withdrawal fee does not extend insurance coverage for two months. Upon automatic withdrawal, for non-payment of premiums required by the Consortium Agreement, the Consortium shall pay the run out of all claims for such Consortium Member provided that the Consortium has received from such Consortium Member all outstanding and unpaid premiums and other amounts and the withdrawal fee equal to two months' premiums at the Consortium Member's current rates. Any Consortium Member which withdraws from the Consortium pursuant to the Consortium Agreement shall have no claim to the Consortium's assets. Financial information for the Consortium can be obtained from Todd Puster, Treasurer of the Orange City School District (the "Fiscal Agent") at 32000 Chagrin Blvd, Cleveland, Ohio 44124-5922.

Ohio Schools' Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program

The Ohio Schools' Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (the "Plan") is an insurance purchasing pool (See Note 13.C.). The plan is intended to reduce premiums for the participants. The Worker's Compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the Plan.

B. Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Each category is divided into separate fund types.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance.

The following is the District's major governmental fund:

<u>General fund</u> - The general fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Other governmental funds of the District are used to account for (a) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, (b) specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to an expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects and (c) financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary funds are used to account for the District's ongoing activities which are similar to those often found in the private sector where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to sound financial administration. Proprietary funds consist of enterprise funds and internal service funds. The District has only an internal service fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Internal Service Fund</u> - Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The internal service fund of the District accounts for employee benefit programs.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and custodial funds. Trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangements that have certain characteristics. The District does not have any trust funds. Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in a trust fund. The District's custodial fund accounts for collections for and distributions to the Ohio High School Athletic Association (OHSAA). The District's custodial fund had no activity or balances during the fiscal year.

C. Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. Internal service fund activity is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses.

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the governmental activities of the District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include amounts paid by the recipient of goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column, and all nonmajor funds are aggregated into one column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

All proprietary funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Like the government-wide statements, the private-purpose trust fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fiduciary net position. The statement of changes in fiduciary net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net position.

Fiduciary funds present a statement of changes in fiduciary net position which reports additions to and deductions from custodial funds.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting.

<u>Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions</u> - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, payment in lieu of taxes, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6).

Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, and student fees.

<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the government-wide statement of net position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. See Notes 14 and 15 for deferred outflows of resources related to net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. In addition, deferred outflows of resources include a deferred charge on debt refunding. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources include property taxes and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2023, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2024 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. Unavailable revenue includes, but is not limited to, delinquent property taxes and intergovernmental grants. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. The deferred inflow of resources for leases is related to the lease receivable and is being amortized to lease revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

See Notes 14 and 15 for deferred inflows of resources related to net pension liability/asset and net OPEB liability/asset, respectively. These deferred inflows of resources are only reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

<u>Expenses/Expenditures</u> - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities received during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Budgetary Process

All funds, other than custodial funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at this level may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education. The Treasurer has been given the authority to allocate Board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended certificate in effect when the final appropriations were passed prior to fiscal year-end.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

F. Cash and Investments

To improve cash management, cash received by the District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and investments" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2023, investments were limited to Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) securities, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) securities, Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB) securities, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit (negotiable CD's), municipal bonds, U.S. government money market fund, and investments in the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio). Except for investments in STAR Ohio, investments are reported at fair value.

The District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), Statement No. 79, "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides an NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2023, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, 24 hours notice in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million is encouraged. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business day(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statute, interest earnings are allotted to the general fund unless the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2023 amounted to \$492,878 which includes \$88,764 assigned from other District funds.

For presentation on the basic financial statements, investments purchased by the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at fiscal year-end is provided in Note 4.

G. Inventory

On government-wide and fund financial statements, inventories of supplies are reported at cost while inventories held for resale are reported at the lower of cost or market. Inventories are recorded on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Donated commodities are recorded at their entitlement value. Inventories are accounted for using the consumption method.

On the fund financial statements, reported material and supplies inventory is equally offset by a nonspendable fund balance in the governmental funds which indicates that it does not constitute available spendable resources even though it is a component of net current assets. Inventory held for resale is not offset by nonspendable fund balance as the proceeds from the eventual sale of the inventory is either restricted, committed or assigned.

Inventory consists of expendable supplies held for consumption and food service inventory held for resale.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

H. Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets specifically related to governmental activities. These assets result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$2,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets except land and construction in progress are depreciated/amortized. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation/amortization is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Governmental
Activities
Estimated Lives
10-30 years
10-40 years
5-20 years
8 years
5 years
5 years

The District is reporting intangible right to use assets related to leased equipment and buildings and Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs). The intangible assets are being amortized in a systematic and rational manner of the shorter of the lease/subscription term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

I. Interfund Balances

On the fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund loans receivable" and "interfund loans payable" and receivables and payables resulting from long-term interfund loans are classified as "advances to other funds" and "advances from other funds". Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide statement of net position. See Note 5 for detail on the District's interfund balances at June 30, 2023.

J. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Transfers between governmental funds are eliminated for reporting on the government-wide statement of activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated for reporting on the government-wide statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

K. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and sick leave liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the termination method; i.e., a liability is accrued for earned sick leave to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the District's past experience of making termination payments.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2023 and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures as payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgements and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, financed-purchase not payable obligations, leases, and SBITAs are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

M. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form or legally required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable.

<u>Restricted</u> - Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints are placed on the use of resources that are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education (the highest level of decision-making authority). Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted nor committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by policies of the District Board of Education, which includes giving the Treasurer the authority to constrain monies for intended purposes. The Board's has, by resolution, authorized the Treasurer to assign fund balances for encumbrances outstanding at year-end.

<u>Unassigned</u> - Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) fund balance is available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

N. Non-Public Schools

Within the District's boundaries, St. Christopher and St. Thomas Schools, Lutheran West, and Magnificat High Schools operated as non-public schools. Current State legislation provides funding to these schools. These monies are received and disbursed on behalf of the schools by the Treasurer of the District, as directed by the schools. This activity is reflected as a governmental activity for financial reporting purposes.

O. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows. The net position component "net investment in capital assets," consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

P. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in the government-wide financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. The District had no capital contributions in fiscal year 2023.

O. Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Issuance Costs/Bond Premiums and Discounts and Accounting Gain or Loss on Debt Refunding

On the governmental fund financial statements, issuance costs, bond premiums, bond discounts, and deferred charges from debt refunding are recognized in the current period.

On the government-wide financial statements, issuance costs are recognized in the current period and are not amortized. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method. Unamortized bond premiums are presented as an addition to the face amount of the bonds reported on the statement of net position. Unamortized bond discounts are presented as a reduction to the face amount of the bonds reported on the statement of net position. The reconciliation between the bonds face value and the amount reported on the statement of net position is presented in Note 11.

For advance refunding resulting in the defeasance of debt, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt is deferred and amortized as a component of interest expense. This accounting gain or loss is amortized over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter, and is presented as a deferred outflow of resources.

S. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related pensions/OPEB, and pension/OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB plans report investments at fair value.

T. Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are both unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within the control of the Board of Education and that are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither type of transaction occurred during fiscal year 2023.

U. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are charges for services for the employee benefit programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund. All revenues not related to operating activities have been reported as nonoperating revenue.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (Continued)

V. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

W. Prepayments

Certain payments to vendors reflect the costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported in the financial statements using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of the purchase and the expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed. At fiscal year-end, because prepayments are not available to finance future governmental fund expenditures, the fund balance is considered nonspendable in an amount equal to the carrying value of the asset on the fund financial statements.

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE

A. Change in Accounting Principles

For fiscal year 2023, the District has implemented GASB Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations", GASB Statement No. 94, "Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements", GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements", certain questions and answers of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 and certain paragraphs of GASB Statement No. 99, "Omnibus 2022".

GASB Statement No. 91 provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 91 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 94 is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 94 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTABILITY AND COMPLIANCE - (Continued)

These changes were incorporated in the District's fiscal year 2023 financial statements. The District recognized \$1,491,780 in governmental activities in subscriptions payable at July 1, 2022; however, this entire amount was offset by the intangible asset, right to use subscription assets.

GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 provides clarification on issues related to previously established GASB guidance. The implementation of GASB Implementation Guide 2021-1 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

GASB Statement No. 99 to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 99 did not have an effect on the financial statements of the District.

B. Deficit Fund Balances

Fund balances at June 30, 2023 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor funds	<u>Deficit</u>
District managed student activity	\$ 2,409
Elementary and secondary school emergency relief	121,695
IDEA Part B	59,731
Title I	32,957
Supporting effective instruction	726

The general fund is liable for any deficit in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur. The deficit fund balances resulted from adjustments for accrued liabilities.

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State statutes classify monies held by the District into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits necessary to meet current demands on the treasury. Such monies must be maintained either as cash in the District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five-year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use, but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories.

Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

Interim monies may be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Government National Mortgage Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities:
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above provided that the fair value of the securities subject to the repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the agreement by at least two percent and be marked to market daily, and that the term of the agreement must not exceed thirty days;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio, and with certain limitations including a requirement for maturity within ten years from the date of settlement, bonds and other obligations of political subdivisions of the State of Ohio, if training requirements have been met;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that investments in securities described in this division are made only through eligible institutions;
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool, the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio); and,
- 8. Certain bankers' acceptances (for a period not to exceed one hundred eighty days) and commercial paper notes (for a period not to exceed two hundred seventy days) in an amount not to exceed 40 percent of the interim monies available for investment at any one time if training requirements have been met.

Protection of the deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. Except as noted above, an investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

A. Cash with Escrow Agent

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$743,344 held by Key Government Finance, Inc. and PNC Equipment Finance, LLC. as escrow agents related to lease-purchase obligations entered into during fiscal years 2017-2023 (see Note 8). This amount is not included in "Deposits with Financial Institutions" below.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

B. Deposits with Financial Institutions

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of all District deposits was \$8,951,204 and the bank balance of all District deposits was \$9,255,741. Of the bank balance, \$2,051,021 was covered by the FDIC and \$7,204,720 was covered by the Ohio Pooled Collateral System.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits either be insured or protected by (1) eligible securities pledged to the District and deposited with a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment whose fair value at all times shall be at least 105 percent of the deposits being secured, or (2) participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution. OPCS requires the total fair value of the securities pledged to be 102 percent of the deposits being secured or a rate set by the Treasurer of State. For 2023, one of the District's financial institutions was approved for a collateral rate of 60 percent, one was approved for 50 percent through the OPCS and one was approved for a collateral rate of 102 percent through the OPCS. Although all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

C. Investments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities									
Measurement/ Investment type	N	Measurement Value		months or less		7 to 12 months				19 to 24 months		eater Than months
Fair Value:												
Negotiable CDs	\$	3,856,095	\$	734,869	\$	-	\$	1,201,907	\$	955,118	\$	964,201
FHLB		2,260,624		171,047		1,757,298		-		-		332,279
FHLMC		293,993		-		-		-		-		293,993
FFCB		396,796		-		-		-		-		396,796
Municipal bonds		919,242		219,893		-		159,958		-		539,391
Commercial paper		2,611,932		1,794,398		817,534		-		-		-
U.S. Government Mone	ey											
Market Mutual Fund		42,787		42,787		-		-		-		-
Amortized Cost:												
STAR Ohio		814,558		814,558		-	_	_		_		
Total	\$	11,196,027	\$	3,777,552	\$	2,574,832	\$	1,361,865	\$	955,118	\$	2,526,660

The weighted average maturity of investments is 1.28 years.

The District's investments in U.S. government money market mutual funds are valued using quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs). The District's investments in negotiable CDs, FHLB securities, FHLMC securities, FFCB securities, municipal bonds, and commercial paper are valued using quoted market prices in markets that are not considered to be active, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources for similar assets or liabilities for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly (Level 2 inputs). As discussed in Note 2.F, investments in STAR Ohio is reported at its share price.

<u>Interest Rate Risk:</u> As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates and according to State law, the District's investment policy limits investment portfolio maturities to five years or less.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 4 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (Continued)

<u>Credit Risk:</u> The District's investments in FHLB securities were rated AA+ and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The District's investments in FHLB, FHLMC, and FFCB securities were rated AAA and Aaa by Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investor Services, respectively. The District's investments in Municipal bonds were rated Aa2/Aaa by Moody's Investor Services. STAR Ohio and the U.S. government money market mutual fund were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. STAR Ohio must maintain the highest letter or numerical rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard service. The negotiable CDs were not rated but are fully covered by the FDIC. The commercial paper was rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's and P-1 by Moody's Investor Services. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The FHLB securities, FHLMC securities, municipal bonds, and commercial paper are exposed to custodial credit risk in that they are uninsured, unregistered and held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name. The District has no investment policy dealing with investment custodial risk beyond the requirement in State statute that prohibits payment for investments prior to the delivery of the securities representing such investments to the treasurer or qualified trustee.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk:</u> The District places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer. The following table includes the percentage of each investment type at June 30, 2023:

Measurement/	M	easurement			
Investment type	Value		% of Total	-	
Fair Value:					
Negotiable CDs	\$	3,856,095	34.44	%	
FHLB		2,260,624	20.19		
FHLMC		293,993	2.63		
FFCB		396,796	3.54		
Municipal bonds		919,242	8.21		
Commercial paper		2,611,932	23.33		
U.S. Government Money					
Market Mutual Fund		42,787	0.38		
Amortized Cost:					
STAR Ohio		814,558	7.28		
Total	\$	11,196,027	100.00		

D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net Position

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the note above to cash and investments as reported on the statement of net position as of June 30, 2023:

Cash and investments per note	
Carrying amount of deposits	\$ 8,951,204
Cash with escrow agent	743,344
Investments	 11,196,027
Total	\$ 20,890,575
Cash and investments per statement of net position	
Governmental activities	\$ 20,890,575

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund loans receivable/payable consisted of the following at June 30, 2023, as reported on the fund statements:

Receivable fund	Payable fund		Amount
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	71,565
General fund	Internal service funds		15,704
Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds		479,251
Total		<u>\$</u>	566,520

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover costs in specific funds where revenues were not received by June 30. These interfund balances will be repaid once the anticipated revenues are received.

B. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund statements:

	 Amount
Transfers from general fund to:	
Nonmajor governmental funds	\$ 398,350
Internal service funds	 22,000
	\$ 420,350

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide financial statements; therefore, no transfers are reported on the statement of activities.

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the District fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2023 represent the collection of calendar year 2022 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2023 were levied after April 1, 2022, on the assessed values as of January 1, 2022, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at 35 percent of appraised fair value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semiannually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semiannually, the first payment is due December 31, with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established. Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2023 represent the collection of calendar year 2022 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2023 became a lien on December 31, 2021, were levied after April 1, 2022, and are collected with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at 35 percent of true value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 6 - PROPERTY TAXES - (Continued)

The District receives property taxes from Cuyahoga County. The County Fiscal Officer periodically advances to the District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2023, are available to finance fiscal year 2023 operations. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2023 was \$4,832,551 in the general fund, \$436,749 in the bond retirement fund and \$118,481 in the permanent improvement fund. These amounts are recorded as revenue. The amount available for advance at June 30, 2022 was \$2,499,924 in the general fund, \$225,934 in the bond retirement fund and \$61,292 in the permanent improvement fund. The amount of second-half real property taxes available for advance at fiscal year-end can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property, public utility property and delinquent tangible personal property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2023 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows.

On the accrual basis of accounting, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis of accounting the revenue has been reported as a deferred inflow.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2023 taxes were collected are:

	2022 Se Half Colle		2023 First Half Collections			
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent		
Agricultural/residential and other real estate Public utility personal	\$ 1,071,155,76 13,143,89		\$ 1,078,771,600 14,282,960	98.69 % 1.31		
Total	\$ 1,084,299,65	100.00	\$ 1,093,054,560	100.00		
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$ 90.2	:7	\$ 95.17			

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES

A. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023 consisted of taxes, accounts (billings for user charged services and student fees), accrued interest, and intergovernmental grants and entitlements. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds.

A summary of the principal items of receivables reported on the statement of net position follows:

Governmental activities:

Property taxes	\$	46,687,661
Accounts		55,598
Intergovernmental		288,433
Accrued interest	_	39,380
Total governmental activities	\$	47,071,072

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 7 - RECEIVABLES - (Continued)

Receivables have been disaggregated on the face of the basic financial statements. All receivables are expected to be collected within the subsequent year.

B. Leases Receivable

The District is reporting leases receivable of \$58,995 in the general fund and \$1,641,754 in the permanent improvement fund. For fiscal year 2023, the District recognized lease revenue of \$184,731, which is reported in rental income, and interest revenue of \$34,952.

The District has entered into various lease agreements with multiple companies at varying years and terms as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
<u>Purpose</u>	Date	Years	Date	Method
Swimming pool usage	2021	15	2036	Quarterly
Field turf usage	2014	10	2024	Tri-annual
Fairview Hospital	2022	10	2032	Monthly
YMCA	2020	2	2022	Monthly

Lease payments will be paid into the general fund and permanent improvement fund. The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the lease agreements:

Fiscal Year	 Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2024	\$ 191,787	\$	42,486	\$	234,273
2025	170,051		38,054		208,105
2026	174,981		33,625		208,606
2027	167,986		29,118		197,104
2028	180,837		24,481		205,318
2029 - 2033	 815,107		47,230		862,337
Total	\$ 1,700,749	\$	214,994	\$	1,915,743

NOTE 8 - FINANCED PURCHASE NOTE PAYABLE

During fiscal year 2017, the District entered into financed purchase note payable agreements with Key Government Finance, Inc. to finance the renovation of the Beach School building. Lease payments made under the financed purchase note payable agreement have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements. The total amount of the financed purchase note payable is \$1,251,641. The financed purchase note payable agreement bears an interest rate of 3.50%.

During fiscal year 2017, the District entered into financed purchase note payable agreements with Key Government Finance, Inc. to finance the renovation of the Beach School building. Lease payments made under the financed purchase note payable agreement have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements. The total amount of the financed purchase note payable is \$148,359. The financed purchase note payable agreement bears an interest rate of 3.50%.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - FINANCED PURCHASE NOTE PAYABLE - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2018, the District entered into financed purchase note payable agreements with PNC Equipment Finance, LLC to finance the acquisition of computer and technology equipment. Lease payments made under the financed purchase note payable agreement have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements. The total amount of the financed purchase note payable is \$500,000. The financed purchase note payable agreement bears an interest rate of 2.87%.

During fiscal year 2018, the District entered into financed purchase note payable agreements with Key Government Finance, Inc. to finance the renovation of lighting, HVAC and acquisition of other equipment. Lease payments made under the financed purchase note payable agreement have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements. The total amount of the financed purchase note payable is \$2,500,000. The financed purchase note payable agreement bears an interest rate of 3.12%.

During fiscal year 2019, the District entered into financed purchase note payable agreements with PNC Equipment Finance, LLC to finance the acquisition of computer and technology equipment. Lease payments made under the financed purchase note payable agreement have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements. The total amount of the financed purchase note payable is \$345,422. The financed purchase note payable agreement bears an interest rate of 2.72%.

During fiscal year 2019, the District entered into financed purchase note payable agreements with Key Government Finance, Inc. to finance a high school stadium fence and roof renovations. Lease payments made under the financed purchase note payable agreement have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements. The total amount of the financed purchase note payable is \$290,000. The financed purchase note payable agreement bears an interest rate of 2.89%.

During fiscal year 2020, the District entered into financed purchase note payable agreements with PNC Equipment Finance, LLC to finance the acquisition of computer and technology equipment. Lease payments made under the financed purchase note payable agreement have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements. The total amount of the financed purchase note payable is \$305,981. The financed purchase note payable agreement bears an interest rate of 1.38%.

During fiscal year 2020, the District entered into financed purchase note payable agreements with Key Government Finance, Inc. to finance HVAC restoration projects. Lease payments made under the financed purchase note payable agreement have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements. The total amount of the financed purchase note payable is \$1,290,014. The financed purchase note payable agreement bears an interest rate of 2.89%.

During fiscal year 2021, the District entered into financed purchase note payable agreements with Key Government Finance, Inc. to finance the acquisition of computer and technology equipment. Lease payments made under the financed purchase note payable agreement have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements. The total amount of the financed purchase note payable is \$709,568. The financed purchase note payable agreement bears an interest rate of 1.50%.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 8 - FINANCED PURCHASE NOTE PAYABLE - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2022, the District entered into financed purchase note payable agreements with Key Government Finance, Inc. to finance the acquisition of a new HVAC system. Lease payments made under the financed purchase note payable agreement have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements. The total amount of the financed purchase note payable is \$925,000. The financed purchase note payable agreement bears an interest rate of 3.20%.

During fiscal year 2022, the District entered into financed purchase note payable agreements with Key Government Finance, Inc. to finance the acquisition of computer and technology equipment. Lease payments made under the financed purchase note payable agreement have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements. The total amount of the financed purchase note payable is \$499,634. The financed purchase note payable agreement bears an interest rate of 1.83%.

During fiscal year 2023, the District entered into financed purchase note payable agreements with Key Government Finance, Inc. to finance the acquisition of computer and technology equipment. Lease payments made under the financed purchase note payable agreement have been reclassified and are reflected as debt service expenditures in the financial statements for the governmental funds. These expenditures are reported as function expenditures on the budgetary statements. The total amount of the financed purchase note payable is \$346,283. The financed purchase note payable agreement bears an interest rate of 4.70%.

Capital assets consisting of computers, equipment (HVACs) have been capitalized, in part, based upon the District's individual item threshold of \$2,000. A corresponding liability is recorded in the government-wide financial statements. Principal and interest payments in fiscal year 2023 of \$1,041,275 and \$150,480, respectively, were paid by the general fund and the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund).

The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements to retire the financed purchase note payable:

Fiscal		Financed Purchase Note Payable							
Year Ending		Principal		Interest	_	Total			
2024	\$	1,147,127	\$	143,065	\$	1,290,192			
2025		978,139		115,281		1,093,420			
2026		796,015		89,860		885,875			
2027		605,887		68,283		674,170			
2028		622,889		51,281		674,170			
2029 - 2032	_	1,346,878	_	59,173		1,406,051			
Total	\$	5,496,935	\$	526,943	\$	6,023,878			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96 (see Note 3.A for detail), the District has reported capital assets for the right to use SBITA assets which are reflected in the schedule below. Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Restated Balance June 30, 2022	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2023
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 770,821	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 770,821
CIP		1,159,571		1,159,571
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	770,821	1,159,571		1,930,392
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Land improvements	7,392,610	272,826	-	7,665,436
Building/improvements	90,184,446	692,275	-	90,876,721
Furniture/equipment	9,369,436	801,276	(32,528)	10,138,184
Vehicles	2,341,357	206,492	(141,750)	2,406,099
Intangible right to use:				
SBITAs	1,491,780	791,762	-	2,283,542
Lease buildings	43,300	-	-	43,300
Lease equipment	143,205			143,205
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	110,966,134	2,764,631	(174,278)	113,556,487
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Land improvements	(4,404,950)	(270,008)	-	(4,674,958)
Building/improvements	(50,051,338)	(2,775,218)	-	(52,826,556)
Furniture/equipment	(6,087,316)	(498,522)	31,775	(6,554,063)
Vehicles	(1,581,661)	(157,814)	127,574	(1,611,901)
Intangible right to use:				
SBITAs	-	(437,986)	-	(437,986)
Lease buildings	(13,323)	(13,323)	-	(26,646)
Lease equipment	(64,442)	(64,442)		(128,884)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(62,203,030)	(4,217,313)	159,349	(66,260,994)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 49,533,925	\$ (293,111)	\$ (14,929)	\$ 49,225,885

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 9 - CAPITAL ASSETS - (Continued)

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$ 1,493,042
Special	325,055
Vocational	23,964
Other	19,892
Support Services:	
Pupil	108,810
Instructional staff	29,530
Board of education	2,128
Administration	127,923
Fiscal	46,325
Business	102,919
Operations and maintenance	1,014,734
Pupil transportation	208,742
Central	343,537
Operation of non-instructional:	
Food service operations	26,227
Other non-instructional services	110,951
Extracurricular activities	 233,534
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 4,217,313

NOTE 10 - OTHER COMMITMENTS

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year end may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned classifications of fund balance. At year end, the District's commitments for encumbrances (less amounts included in payables) in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Y	ear-End
<u>Fund</u>	Encu	<u>ımbrances</u>
General Fund	\$	653,449
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		847,406
Total	\$ 1	,500,855

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96 (see Note 3.A for detail), the District has reported obligations for SBITA payable which are reflected in the schedule below. During fiscal year 2023, the following changes occurred in governmental activities long-term obligations.

Governmental Activities: General obligation bonds:	Restated Balance June 30, 2022	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2023	Amounts Due in One Year
Series 2014 refunding bonds:	ф 0.20 7 .000	Ф	Φ.	Ф. 0.205.000	Ф
Current interest bonds Series 2010 school improvement:	\$ 8,395,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,395,000	\$ -
Current interest bonds	6,020,000	_	(1,205,000)	4,815,000	1,205,000
Capital appreciation bonds	420,000	_	(1,203,000)	420,000	-
Accretion on capital	,			,	
appreciation bonds	447,111	55,536	-	502,647	-
Series 2017 refunding bonds:					
Current interest bonds	3,145,000	-	(145,000)	3,000,000	155,000
Series 2021 refunding bonds:					
Current interest bonds	12,275,000	-	(120,000)	12,155,000	125,000
Capital appreciation bonds	2,806	-	-	2,806	-
Accretion on capital	2.206	5 (12		7.010	
appreciation bonds	2,306	5,612		7,918	
Total general obligation bonds	30,707,223	61,148	(1,470,000)	29,298,371	1,485,000
Net pension liability	26,365,818	15,878,152	-	42,243,970	-
Net OPEB liability	2,803,766		(782,909)	2,020,857	
Total liability	29,169,584	15,878,152	(782,909)	44,264,827	
Financed purchase note payable	6,191,927	346,283	(1,041,275)	5,496,935	1,147,127
Tax anticipation note	-	2,800,000	-	2,800,000	228,300
SBITA payable	1,491,780	755,650	(539,276)	1,708,154	523,648
Lease payable	102,071	-	(78,568)	23,503	23,503
Compensated absences	5,391,684	376,141	(538,059)	5,229,766	439,482
Total governmental activities	53 054 2 60	* 20 215 254	Φ (4.450.00 5)	00.001.556	* 2 0 4 7 0 60
long-term liabilities	73,054,269	\$ 20,217,374	\$ (4,450,087)	88,821,556	\$ 3,847,060
Add: Unamortized premiums on bonds	1,732,129			1,596,046	
Total on statement of net position	\$ 74,786,398			\$ 90,417,602	

School Improvement Refunding Bonds - Series 2014

On December 30, 2014, the District issued \$28,250,000, in general obligation refunding bonds, which included \$11,040,000 in serial bonds and \$17,210,000 in term bonds with interest rates varying from 3.25 percent to 4.0 percent. The final stated maturity on the issue is December 1, 2044. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. These bonds are paid from the bond retirement fund. Proceeds were used to current refund \$28,500,000 of the outstanding Series 2010 school improvement Build America Bonds (BABs).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The bonds were sold at a premium of \$837,902. Proceeds of \$28,786,310 (after the underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt payments on the refunded Series 2010 school improvement BABs. As a result, \$28,500,000 of these bonds were considered defeased and the liability for the refunding portion of these bonds has been removed from the basic financial statements. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding amount of the refunded bonds is \$28,250,000. A portion of the Series 2014 Refunding Bonds were advance refunded in fiscal year 2017 with the issuance of the Series 2017 Refunding Bonds described below. A portion of the Series 2014 Refunding Bonds were advance refunded in fiscal year 2022 with the issuance of the Series 2021 Refunding Bonds described below.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$286,310. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

School Improvement Bonds - Series 2010

On September 28, 2010, the District issued \$42,900,000, in general obligation school improvement bonds, including \$3,140,000 in serial bonds, \$28,500,000 in term Build America Bonds (BABs) and \$11,260,000 in sinking fund Qualified School Construction Bonds (QSCBs). Proceeds from the bond issue were used to construct, renovate, remodel, add to, furnish, equip or otherwise improve school district buildings and facilities. The bonds were sold at a premium of \$443,449. Principal payments on the bonds are due December 1 or each year while interest payments are due on June 1 and December 1 of each year. Principal and interest payments are made from the bond retirement fund. During 2015, the District advance refunded the entire balance of the BABs, in the amount of \$28,500,000, through the issuance of the Series 2014 school improvement refunding bonds.

The serial bonds consist of current interest bonds, par value \$2,720,000, and capital appreciation bonds, par value \$420,000. The current interest serial bonds were issued for a seven year period with a final maturity at December 1, 2017. The serial bonds mature on December 1 in each year 2011 through 2017 and bear interest rates ranging from 1.0 percent to 4.0 percent. The serial bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2027 at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. The effective interest rate on the capital appreciation bonds is 6.305%. The accreted value at maturity for the capital appreciation bond is \$1,220,000. Total accreted interest of \$502,647 has been included in the statement of net position at June 30, 2023.

The QSCBs mature on December 1, 2026 in the amount of \$11,260,000. The QSCBs bear an interest rate of 5.068 percent. The District receives a direct payment subsidy from the United States Treasury equal to 100% of the lesser of the interest payments on the bonds or the federal tax credits that would otherwise have been available to the holders of the bonds. The District records this subsidy from the federal government in the bond retirement fund. The QSCBs are subject to optional redemption, on any date on or after December 31, 2020, and extraordinary optional redemption, at the sole discretion of the District, at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount redeemed, plus accrued interest to the redemption date. On December 1 in each year 2020 through 2026, the District is required to make a mandatory deposit into a sinking fund that will provide for payment of the QSCBs upon maturity.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The QSCBs are subject to mandatory sinking fund requirements on each December 1 as follows:

Year	Si	Mandatory Sinking Fund Requirement			
<u>1 cur</u>	100	equirement			
2023	\$	1,205,000			
2024		1,205,000			
2025		1,205,000			
2026		1,200,000			
Total	\$	4,815,000			

The Bond Registrar Agreement provided for the creation of a separate escrow account (the "Sinking Fund Account") as a separate deposit account in the custody of the Bond Registrar. Money in the Sinking Fund Account will be applied to the payment of the principal of the QSCBs at maturity. There will be deposited in the Sinking Fund Account the mandatory sinking fund requirements to be paid by the District to the Bond Registrar pursuant to the Bond proceedings in accordance with the schedule above.

The above Mandatory Sinking Fund Requirements will be gross funded. However, the District will receive as a credit against the amount of the final mandatory sinking fund requirement when due the amount by which the balance in the Sinking Fund Account on that payment date exceeds the sum of all mandatory sinking fund requirements for prior payment dates.

The Bond Registrar Agreement provides that money and investments in the Sinking Fund Account shall be irrevocably held in trust by the Bond Registrar for and pledged for the benefit, equally and ratably, of the owners of the QSCBs, and such money, together with any income or interest earned thereon, shall not be subject to levy or attachment or lien by or for the benefit of any other creditor of the District. The Bond Registrar shall use the money deposited in the Sinking Fund Account and all investment earnings thereon solely and exclusively to pay the principal of the QSCBs when due at maturity or redemption.

All money held in the Sinking Fund Account will be invested or reinvested by the Bond Registrar in obligations in which the Treasurer may deposit or invest interim money of the District in accordance with Section 135.14 of the Ohio Revised Code (ORC) and "active deposits" as defined in Section 135.01 of the ORC and that mature or are subject to redemption by and at the option of the holder not later than the date when the moneys, together with interest or other investment income accrued on those moneys, will be required for the payment of principal of the OSCBs.

As of June 30, 2023, the District has made the following deposits to the Sinking Fund Account and the balance of the Sinking Fund Account at June 30, 2023 follows:

trict Deposits Sinking Fund				
 Account Account		Sinking Fund Account		Excess
\$ 6,445,000 \$		6,738,573	\$	293,573

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

School Improvement Refunding Bonds - Series 2017

On March 15, 2017, the District issued general obligation bonds (Series 2017 Refunding Bonds) to advance refund the callable portion of the Series 2014 School Improvement Refunding Bonds (principal \$7,445,000; interest rate of 3.25% to 4.00%). Issuance proceeds of \$8,370,396 were used to purchase securities which were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide resources for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. This refunded debt is considered defeased (in-substance) and accordingly, has been removed from the statement of net position. The balance of the refunded bonds was \$7,445,000 at June 30, 2023.

The refunding issue is comprised of current interest bonds, par value \$7,440,000. The interest rate on the current interest bonds is 3.650%.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt (including unamortized deferred changes and unamortized premiums) by \$925,396. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the refunded debt, which is equal to the life of the new debt issued.

Payments of principal and interest relating to the Series 2017 refunding bonds are recorded as expenditures in the bond retirement fund. Interest payments on the current interest bonds are due on June 1 and December 1 each year. The final maturity stated in the issue is December 1, 2032.

Series 2021 Refunding Bonds

On August 18, 2021, the District issued \$12,407,806, in Series 2021 general obligation refunding bonds to advance refund \$12,410,000 of the outstanding Series 2014 refunding bonds. The Series 2021 refunding bonds consist of \$12,405,000 in current interest serial bonds and \$2,806 in capital appreciation bonds. The Series 2021 current interest bonds bear interest rates ranging from 1.836 percent to 4.00 percent and mature December 1, 2040. The capital appreciation bonds mature on December 1, 2028 and December 1, 2034 with accreted values at maturity of \$620,000 and \$940,000, respectively. At June 30, 2023, a total of \$7,918 in accreted interest has been recorded on the capital appreciation bonds.

The Series 2021 bonds were sold at a premium of \$1,339,394. The bond premium was deposited into the debt service fund to be used for the refunded bond escrow deposit. Proceeds of \$13,554,018 were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt payments on the refunded portion of the 2014 refunding bonds. As a result, \$12,410,000 of these bonds were considered defeased and the liability for the refunded portion of these bonds has been removed from the basic financial statements. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding amount of the Series 2014 refunded bonds was \$12,410,000.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount (including \$655,850 of unamortized premiums and \$224,105 of deferred charges on the Series 2014 bonds refunded) of the old debt by \$712,273. This amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt which is equal to the life of the refunded debt. The unamortized portion at June 30, 2023 is reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position. The refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service requirements by \$1,270,106 resulting in an economic gain of \$931,694.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences will be paid from the fund which the employee is paid which, for the District, is the general fund.

Financed purchase note payable

The financed purchase note payable will be repaid from the general fund and the permanent improvement fund (a nonmajor governmental fund). See Note 8 for further detail on the District's financed purchase note payable.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

Net Pension Liability

The District's net pension liability is described in Note 14. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service which, for the District, is primarily the general fund.

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The District's net OPEB liability/asset is described in Note 15. The District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service which, for the District, is primarily the general fund.

Series 2023 Tax Anticipation Note

On February 16, 2023, the District issued \$2,800,000 in general obligation tax anticipation notes to provide for permanent improvements to the District's buildings. The tax anticipation notes are capital related and long-term in nature and therefore are reported as a long-term obligation of the governmental activities. The notes bear an interest rate of 4.41% and mature on February 16, 2033. Interest payments are due February 16 and August 16 of each year. Principal and interest payments are paid from the permanent improvement fund. As of June 30, 2023, the remaining balance of the Series 2023 Tax anticipation notes is \$2,800,000.

The tax anticipation note is considered a direct borrowing. Direct borrowings have terms negotiated directly between the District and the lender (Key Government Finance, Inc.) and are not offered for public sale. The note is collateralized by a voted permanent improvement levy of 0.5 mills approved by the District's voters in November 2017 and 0.25 mills approved in November 2022.

Lease payable

The District has entered into lease agreements for the right to use building space and equipment. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, the District will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the leases. The lease payments will be paid from the general fund.

The District has entered into lease agreements at varying years and terms as follows:

	Lease		Lease	
	Commencement		End	Payment
Company	Date	Years	Date	Method
Hockey locker room	2014	10	2024	Semi-annual
Copier equipment	2018	5	2023	Monthly

The following is a schedule of future lease payments under the lease agreements:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		<u>Total</u>		
2024	\$	23,503	\$	75	\$	23,578	
Total	\$	23,503	\$	75	\$	23,578	

SBITA Payable

The District has entered into agreements for the right to use subscription to software. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 96, the District will report an intangible capital asset and corresponding liability for the future scheduled payments under the subscriptions. The subscription payments will be paid from the general fund and the food service nonmajor special revenue fund.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

The District has entered into agreements for subscriptions at varying years and terms as follows:

	Commencement		End	Payment
<u>SBITA</u>	Date	Years	Date	Method
Teaching software	2021-2023	5	2024-2029	Annual
Food service software	2022	3	2025	Annual

The following is a schedule of future payments under the agreements:

Fiscal Year	. <u> </u>	Principal		Interest		Interest		Total
2024	\$	523,648	\$	41,472	\$	565,120		
2025		436,791		29,277		466,068		
2026		323,234		18,740		341,974		
2027		331,345		10,628		341,973		
2028	_	93,136		2,311		95,447		
Total	\$	1,708,154	\$	102,428	\$	1,810,582		

B. The following is a summary of the future debt service requirements, including mandatory sinking fund requirements, to retire bonded debt:

Fiscal		Gei	General Obligation Bonds			Capital Appreciation Bonds				onds	
Year Ending		Principal		Interest	_	Total	_]	Principal Principal	Interest	_	Total
2024	\$	1,485,000	\$	1,329,890	\$	2,814,890	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
2025		1,495,000		1,319,042		2,814,042		-	_		=
2026		1,510,000		1,307,720		2,817,720		-	-		-
2027		1,520,000		1,010,502		2,530,502		-	-		-
2028		335,000		712,722		1,047,722		-	-		-
2029 - 2033		2,700,000		3,263,118		5,963,118		422,759	1,417,241		1,840,000
2034 - 2038		5,655,000		2,817,821		8,472,821		47	939,953		940,000
2039 - 2043		9,305,000		1,687,039		10,992,039		-	-		_
2044 - 2045	_	4,360,000	_	165,000		4,525,000	_				<u>-</u>
Total	\$	28,365,000	\$	13,612,854	\$	41,977,854	\$	422,806	\$2,357,194	\$	2,780,000

Fiscal Year		Tax anticipation notes								
Ending June 30	_	Principal	Interest		_	Total				
2024	\$	228,300	\$	120,990	\$	349,290				
2025		238,479		110,811		349,290				
2026		249,112		100,179		349,291				
2027		260,218		89,072		349,290				
2028		271,821		77,469		349,290				
2029 - 2033		1,552,070		194,380		1,746,450				
Total	\$	2,800,000	\$	692,901	\$	3,492,901				

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 11 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS - (Continued)

C. Legal Debt Margin

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9% of the total assessed valuation of the District. The Code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The Code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1% of the property valuation of the District. The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margin has been modified by House Bill 530 which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculation excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations. The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2023, are a voted debt margin of \$73.1 million (including available funds of \$3.5 million) and an unvoted debt margin of \$1.1 million.

NOTE 12 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements, Board of Education policies and State laws. Teachers do not earn vacation. Support staff personnel assigned to work less than 240 days annually do not earn vacation. Support staff personnel assigned to work 240 days or more and managers earn annual vacation leave from 10 to 25 days, based on years of service. Administrators are entitled from 20 to 35 days of vacation leave annually, based on years of service or specific contractual terms. Administrators may not carry forward more than five vacation days, and those must be used by January 31st of the subsequent year.

All regular employees earn sick leave at a rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Support staff personnel and managers employed by the District for a minimum of two years, and eligible to retire pursuant to State statute, are entitled to severance benefits based on accumulated sick leave and years of service.

Teachers who resign with ten or more years of service or those who meet the requirements of Ohio Revised Code Section 124.39 - Section B may choose between one of two plans for their severance payment. Each plan offers a varying percentage of their sick leave balance ranging between 20% and 33% of their accumulated but unused sick leave, and some plans offer an additional payment depending upon their years of service ranging between \$600 and \$1,800 for each year. Teachers may choose between plans for which they are eligible. During fiscal year 2020, the District offered full-time teachers a one-time retirement incentive of \$20,000 if they retired/resigned as of June 30, 2020 and met certain experience requirements. This amount was above and beyond the severance payment mentioned previously and is to be directed to a Health Reimbursement Account (HRA) through a medical trust set up by the District for eligible teachers. Six teachers were eligible for this additional incentive. Up to \$30,000 of otherwise earned severance was eligible for contribution to this Health Reimbursement Account for anyone age 55 or over in the year of retirement as well, with this provision extending through June 30, 2023.

Classified non-union employees, with two or more years and who meet the requirements of ORC Section 124.39, are eligible for severance payments equal to 33% of their accumulated but unused sick leave to a maximum of 75 days.

Classified executive non-union secretaries who have been employed by the District for 30 years or who have reached their first year of eligibility to retire under the School Employees Retirement System rules may choose between one of two plans for their severance payment. Each plan offers a varying percentage of their sick leave balance ranging between 75% and 80% of their accumulated but unused sick leave depending upon years of service. Each plan also offers an additional payment depending upon their years of service ranging between \$200 and \$300 for each year of service. Classified executive non-union secretaries may choose between plans for which they are eligible.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 12 - COMPENSATED ABSENCES - (Continued)

Classified union employees who have been employed by the District for at least two years and who meet the requirements of ORC Section 124.39 may choose between one of three plans for their severance payment. These plans offer a sick leave payment equal to either 33% or 60% of their accumulated but unused sick leave up to a maximum number of days depending upon the year of retirement and the plan chosen. In addition, employees with ten or more years of service are eligible for an additional payment depending upon their years of service ranging between \$50 and \$175 for each year of service with the District. Classified union employees may choose between plans for which they are eligible.

Administrators are eligible for severance payments equal to 33% of their accumulated but unused sick leave. Also, administrators will receive an amount equal to 30% of the administrator's current daily rate for each day of accumulated sick leave beyond 120 days as certified by the Treasurer's office. In addition, administrators shall receive a longevity payment equal to \$1,500 per year of employment as an administrator with the District if they retire. Administrators are also eligible for contribution to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) through a medical trust set up by the District for eligible teachers. Up to \$80,000 of otherwise earned severance is eligible for contribution to this HRA as well, with this provision extending through June 30, 2023.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

A. Comprehensive

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. For fiscal year 2023, the District contracted with various insurance companies through the Ohio Schools Council insurance program. Netherlands Insurance provides property, inland marine and crime insurance coverage. There is a \$10,000 deductible on building and contents, along with a \$1,000 deductible for employee dishonesty insurance with a \$500 deductible for forgery/alteration and computer fraud. The equipment breakdown coverage is provided by Liberty Mutual Fire Insurance Company. The coverage provides coverage up to the policy limit plus an additional \$2,000,000 limit (\$1MM Demolition/\$1MM Increase Cost of Construction) and a \$1,000 deductible.

Netherland Insurance provides fleet and liability insurance. Automobile liability has a limit of \$1,000,000 per accident/occurrence and an equal amount of uninsured motorist coverage with a \$1,000 deductible for comprehensive and \$1,000 deductible for collision and replacement buses 10 years and newer. The general liability provides coverage with a limit of \$1,000,000 per occurrence. Coverage provided by these companies was as follows:

Coverage	Amount
Building and Contents- replacement cost Equipment Breakdown	\$ 149,028,845 Policy limit
Automobile Liability	1,000,000
General Liability:	1 000 000
Per occurrence	1,000,000
General Aggregate	2,000,000
Umbrella	15,000,000

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

B. Group Health, Prescription, Dental, Life and Vision Insurance

For fiscal year 2023, the District provided employee major medical, hospitalization and preventative care and prescription drug benefits through a self-insured program through the Suburban Health Consortium and administered by Medical Mutual of Ohio and Express Scripts, Inc. The Suburban Health Consortium (the "Consortium") is a legally separate entity organized under Ohio Revised Code Section 9.833 as a joint self-insurance pool (see Note 2.A.). The Consortium was established on October 1, 2001, formed by the Boards of Education of several school districts in northeast Ohio, for the purposes of maximizing benefits and reducing costs of group health, life, dental and/or other insurance coverage for their employees and the eligible dependents and designated beneficiaries of such employees.

The vast majority of the District's employees were covered by a PPO (preferred provider organization) plan with a co-insurance level of 90% subject to annual maximum amounts if they choose a network provider for services. The co-insurance level is 70% for non-network providers and is also subject to annual maximum amounts. The plan has a deductible of \$550 single/\$1,100 family for network services and \$1,100 single/\$2,200 family for non-network services. The deductible and co-insurance components, together, are subject to an annual out of pocket maximum amount. In addition, the plan required doctor's office, urgent care, emergency room and prescription drug co-pays. As of the plan year starting October 1, 2022, the District was responsible for 85% of the monthly funding rates (15% is employee portion of the funding rate contribution) of \$1,500.61 for family coverage and \$706.17 for single coverage for all full-time equivalent (FTE) staff. With the exception of OAPSE bargaining unit employees working 7 hours or greater, employees who are scheduled to work at a FTE below 1.0 but greater than 0.5 are eligible for this coverage, but they are required to pay the difference in premium based on the difference between 1.0 and their scheduled FTE on top of the aforementioned 15% employee premium contribution. The funding rate is generally paid by the fund that pays the salary for the employee.

The District also offered a "minimum value plan" that is designed to comply with the affordability requirements of the Affordable Care Act (ACA) federal health insurance legislation. This plan offers lower monthly premiums, but has much higher deductibles and out-of-pocket limits for employees to meet. This plan was initially only offered to non-union employees starting in fiscal year 2016 as union contracts were already in place for bargaining unit members. However, based on union contract extensions that were agreed to with the District's teaching union in April of 2016 and the District's classified OAPSE union in May of 2016, this plan was available to all employees starting July 1, 2016.

The District also provides employee dental benefits through a fully insured insurance program administered by CoreSource through the OASIS Trust that offers different levels of coverage through two plan structures. One plan is based on UCR (usual, customary and reasonable) that offers a higher level of coverage than the other plan, which is a lower percentage level of UCR coverage as it is based upon network provider participation. These plans provide dental benefits with a \$50 family and \$25 single deductible per year. For fiscal year 2023, premium rates were \$138.14 for a family plan and \$41.48 for a single plan per employee per month for the "high" plan for all certificated, classified and administrative staff. The District is responsible for 60% of these premiums for all employees who choose this option with exception of administrators for whom the District pays 100% of these premiums, and tutors, who bear the entire cost of this coverage. The employee is responsible for the other 40%. For fiscal year 2023, premium rates were \$94.53 for a family plan and \$28.38 for a single plan per employee per month for the "low" plan for all certificated and classified staff who choose this option with exception of tutors who bear the entire cost of this coverage. The District is responsible for 80% of these premiums and the employee is responsible for the other 20% for all employees who choose this option. Any employee who is scheduled to work at a FTE below 1.0 but greater than 0.5 is eligible for this coverage, but they are required to pay the difference in premium based on the difference between 1.0 and their scheduled FTE on top of the 40% "high" plan/20% "low" plan employee premium contribution. The premium is generally paid by the fund that pays the salary for the employee.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT - (Continued)

A group life with accidental death and dismemberment insurance plan, administered by OneAmerica through the Ohio School Council life insurance program, is maintained for all employees who are scheduled to work at least a 0.5 FTE basis. The dollar amount of coverage ranges from \$30,000 - \$50,000 and is based on an employee's position within the District. The entire premium cost of \$0.10 per \$1,000 of coverage per month is paid by the District. The Superintendent and Treasurer/CFO are covered for higher limits at comparable rates.

A group vision plan is also offered by the District to all employees through EyeMed. Employees who elect this coverage are responsible for 100% of the monthly premium.

C. Workers' Compensation Program

The District participates in the Ohio Schools Council Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 2.A.). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefits of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The worker's compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its worker's compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Total savings is then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage of the GRP. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of CompManagement, LLC provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/Asset

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability/asset reported on the statement of net position represents a liability or asset to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively.

Pensions and OPEB are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

The Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits, but does not require, the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eligible benefit recipients.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 15 for the required OPEB disclosures.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension/OPEB liability (asset)* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in pension and postemployment benefits payable on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description - The District's non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to	Eligible to
	Retire on or before	Retire after
	August 1, 2017 *	August 1, 2017
Full benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially reduced benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit; or Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

^{*} Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017 will be included in this plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2% for the first thirty years of service and 2.5% for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. Beginning April 1, 2018, new benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. A three-year COLA suspension was in effect for all benefit recipients for the years 2018, 2019, and 2020. Upon resumption of the COLA, it will be indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5% and with a floor of 0%. In 2022, the Board of Trustees approved a 2.5% cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) for eligible retirees and beneficiaries in 2023.

Funding Policy - Plan members are required to contribute 10.00% of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10.00% for plan members and 14.00% for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.00%. For fiscal year 2023, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$754,617 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount, \$84,548 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - Licensed teachers participate in STRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS website at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans: a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.20% of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2023, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 35 years of service credit and at least age 60.

Eligibility changes for DB Plan members who retire with actuarially reduced benefits will be phased in until August 1, 2023 when retirement eligibility will be five years of qualifying service credit and age 60, or 30 years of service credit regardless of age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all of their member contributions and 9.53% of the 14% employer contributions into an investment account. The member determines how to allocate the member and employer money among various investment choices offered by STRS Ohio. The remaining 4.47% of the 14% employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, 12% of the 14% member rate goes to the DC Plan and the remaining 2% is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity after termination of employment at age 50 and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC Plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service, who is determined to be disabled, may qualify for a disability benefit. New members, on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy - Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2023 employer and employee contribution rate of 14% was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2023, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$2,887,022 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount, \$493,520 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

		SERS		STRS		Total
Proportion of the net pension						
liability prior measurement date	0.	144035900%	0.	.164644748%		
Proportion of the net pension						
liability current measurement date	0.	141058000 <u></u> %	0.	.155709670%		
Change in proportionate share	-0.0	-0.002977900%		.008935078%		
Proportionate share of the net			-			
pension liability	\$	7,629,514	\$	34,614,456	\$	42,243,970
Pension expense	\$	272,918	\$	3,518,794	\$	3,791,712

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS		STRS			Total
Deferred outflows of resources					·	
Differences between expected and	Φ.	200.004	•	442 400	•	
actual experience	\$	309,001	\$	443,109	\$	752,110
Net difference between projected and						
actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,204,506		1,204,506
Changes of assumptions		75,282		4,142,311		4,217,593
Contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		754,617		2,887,022	_	3,641,639
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	1,138,900	\$	8,676,948	\$	9,815,848
		SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred inflows of resources		SERS		STRS		Total
Deferred inflows of resources Differences between expected and		SERS		STRS		Total
	\$	SERS 50,085	\$	STRS 132,411	\$	Total 182,496
Differences between expected and	\$		\$		\$	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$		\$		\$	
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and	\$	50,085	\$		\$	182,496
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes of assumptions Difference between employer contributions	\$	50,085	\$	132,411	\$	182,496 266,236
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes of assumptions Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/	\$	50,085 266,236	\$	132,411 - 3,117,969	\$	182,496 266,236 3,117,969
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes of assumptions Difference between employer contributions	\$	50,085	\$	132,411	\$	182,496 266,236

\$3,641,639 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS		Total	
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2024	\$ (25,264)	\$	(435,118)	\$	(460,382)
2025	(73,057)		(636,509)		(709,566)
2026	(380,322)		(1,435,293)		(1,815,615)
2027	 442,440		3,510,469		3,952,909
Total	\$ (36,203)	\$	1,003,549	\$	967,346

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2022, are presented below:

Wage inflation:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 2.40%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.25% to 13.58%

COLA or ad hoc COLA:

Current measurement date 2.00% Prior measurement date 2.00%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses
Prior measurement date 7.00% net of system expenses

Discount rate:

Current measurement date 7.00% Prior measurement date 7.00%

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal (level percent of payroll)

In 2022, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.00%). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%), or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

				Current		
	1% Decrease Discount R		scount Rate	ate 1% Increase		
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	11,230,280	\$	7,629,514	\$	4,595,917

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation are presented below:

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Projected salary increases	Varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%	12.50% at age 20 to
		2.50% at age 65
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation	7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation
Discount rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
Payroll increases	3.00%	3.00%
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%	0.00%

For the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

For the prior measurement date, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

STRS Ohio's investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation*	Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 14 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - (Continued)

- * Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.
- **10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rates described previously. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS Ohio's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following table represents the net pension liability as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption:

		Current				
	1	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		% Increase
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	52,289,841	\$	34,614,456	\$	19,666,552

Changes Between Measurement Date and Reporting Date - STRS approved a one-time 1.00% cost-of-living adjustment to eligible benefit recipients effective July 1, 2023. It is unknown what effect this change will have on the net pension liability.

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS

Net OPEB Liability/Asset

See Note 14 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for noncertificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14% of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, SERS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2023, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2% of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5% of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2023, the District's surcharge obligation was \$97,128.

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14% employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$97,128 for fiscal year 2023. Of this amount, \$97,128 is reported as pension and postemployment benefits payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description - The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy - Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14% of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

OPEB Liabilities/Assets, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/asset was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability/asset used to calculate the net OPEB liability/asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS		STRS		 Total
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset prior measurement date	0.	148145000%	0.	164644748%	
Proportion of the net OPEB					
liability/asset current measurement date	0.143934600%		0.	155709670%	
Change in proportionate share	-0.004210400%		- <u>0.008935078</u> %		
Proportionate share of the net			-		
OPEB liability	\$	2,020,857	\$	-	\$ 2,020,857
Proportionate share of the net					
OPEB asset	\$	-	\$	4,031,841	\$ 4,031,841
OPEB expense	\$	(203,465)	\$	(719,217)	\$ (922,682)

At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	SERS		 STRS		Total
Deferred outflows of resources			 	,	
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	16,990	\$ 58,449	\$	75,439
Net difference between projected and					
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		10,504	70,184		80,688
Changes of assumptions		321,445	171,740		493,185
Difference between employer contributions					
and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share		19,642	19,576		39,218
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		97,128	 		97,128
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	465,709	\$ 319,949	\$	785,658
		SERS	STRS		Total
Deferred inflows of resources			 		
Differences between expected and					
actual experience	\$	1,292,688	\$ 605,511	\$	1,898,199
Changes of assumptions		829,577	2,858,969		3,688,546
Difference between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions/					
change in proportionate share		275,277	 351		275,628
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	2,397,542	\$ 3,464,831	\$	5,862,373

\$97,128 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/asset in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS		STRS		Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:					
2024	\$ (471,855)	\$	(917,397)	\$	(1,389,252)
2025	(448,510)		(907,325)		(1,355,835)
2026	(390,741)		(431,240)		(821,981)
2027	(263,845)		(179,090)		(442,935)
2028	(177,451)		(234,600)		(412,051)
Thereafter	 (276,559)		(475,230)		(751,789)
Total	\$ (2,028,961)	\$	(3,144,882)	\$	(5,173,843)

Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2022 are presented below:

***		٠, ١	
Wage	ınt	lation	1:

Current measurement date 2.40% Prior measurement date 2.40%

Future salary increases, including inflation:

Current measurement date 3.25% to 13.58% Prior measurement date 3.25% to 13.58%

Investment rate of return:

Current measurement date 7.00% net of investment

expense, including inflation

Prior measurement date 7.00% net of investment expense, including inflation

Municipal bond index rate:

Current measurement date 3.69%
Prior measurement date 1.92%

Single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense,

including price inflation:

Current measurement date 4.08% Prior measurement date 2.27%

Medical trend assumption:

Current measurement date 7.00 to 4.40%

Prior measurement date

 Medicare
 5.125 to 4.400%

 Pre-Medicare
 6.750 to 4.400%

In 2022, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

In the prior measurement date, mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial 5-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020, and was adopted by the Board in 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.00%, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The capital market assumptions developed by the investment consultant are intended for use over a 10-year horizon and may not be useful in setting the long-term rate of return for funding pension plans which covers a longer timeframe. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Cash	2.00 %	(0.45) %
US Equity	24.75	5.37
Non-US Equity Developed	13.50	6.22
Non-US Equity Emerging	6.75	8.22
Fixed Income/Global Bonds	19.00	1.20
Private Equity	11.00	10.05
Real Estate/Real Assets	16.00	4.87
Multi-Asset Strategy	4.00	3.39
Private Debt/Private Credit	3.00	5.38
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022, was 4.08%. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2022, was 2.27%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the contribution rate of 1.50% of projected covered payroll each year, which includes a 1.50% payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2022 and the June 30, 2021 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefits after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.69% at June 30, 2022 and 1.92% at June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates - The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability, what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.08%) and higher (5.08%) than the current discount rate (4.08%). Also shown is what the net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (6.00% decreasing to 3.40%) and higher (8.00% decreasing to 5.40%) than the current rate (7.00% decreasing to 4.40%).

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	Current							
	19	% Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,509,935	\$	2,020,857	\$	1,626,038		
	19	% Decrease		Current Trend Rate	1	% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	1,558,443	\$	2,020,857	\$	2,624,844		

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, compared with June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation, are presented below:

	June 3	0, 2022	June 30, 2021				
Inflation	2.50%		2.50%				
Projected salary increases	Varies by servic	e from 2.50%	12.50% at age 20) to			
	to 8.50%		2.50% at age 65				
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of inverses, include		7.00%, net of investment expenses, including inflation				
Payroll increases	3.00%		3.00%				
Cost-of-living adjustments (COLA)	0.00%		0.00%				
Discount rate of return	7.00%		7.00%				
Blended discount rate of return	N/A		N/A				
Health care cost trends							
	Initial	Ultimate	Initial	Ultimate			
Medical							
Pre-Medicare	7.50%	3.94%	5.00%	4.00%			
Medicare	-68.78%	3.94%	-16.18%	4.00%			
Prescription Drug							
Pre-Medicare	9.00%	3.94%	6.50%	4.00%			
Medicare	-5.47%	3.94%	29.98% 4.00%				

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, for healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110% for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95% for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

For the prior measurement date, for healthy retirees the mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Tables with 50% of rates through age 69, 70% of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90% of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100% of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Tables with 90% of rates for males and 100% of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

Assumption Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.00% for the June 30, 2022 valuation.

Benefit Term Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date - Salary increase rates were updated based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021 and were changed from age based to service based.

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return **
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60 %
International Equity	22.00	6.80
Alternatives	19.00	7.38
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75
Real Estate	10.00	5.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00
Total	100.00 %	

^{*} Target allocation percentage is effective as of July 1, 2022. Target weights were phased in over a 3-month period concluding on October 1, 2022.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed STRS Ohio continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2022. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care fund investments of 7.00% was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate - The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.00%, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

^{**10-}Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25% and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 15 - DEFINED BENEFIT OPEB PLANS - (Continued)

	Current							
	19	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	3,733,560	\$	4,031,841	\$	4,292,680		
				Current				
	1% Decrease]	Trend Rate	1% Increase			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$	4,182,000	\$	4,031,841	\$	3,842,303		

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District receives significant financial assistance from numerous federal, State and local agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material effect on the financial position of the District.

B. Litigation

The District is party to legal proceedings pertaining to tax appeals of certain assessed valuations. The District is appealing certain business' assessed valuations to have the values increased. District management believes that ultimate outcome of this litigation will result in either no action taken, a tax settlement, or an increase in the respective business' assessed valuations and owed tax payments on the new valuations. Regardless, management is of the opinion that the ultimate outcome will not have a material effect, if any, on the financial condition of the District.

C. Foundation Funding

Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Traditional districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment information is updated by the District, which can extend past the fiscal year-end. As of the date of this report, ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2023 were finalized and determined to be insignificant; therefore, these adjustments were not recorded in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

While reporting financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of GAAP, the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements.

The statement of revenue, expenditures and changes in fund balance - budget and actual (non-GAAP budgetary basis) presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and the GAAP basis are that:

(a) Revenues and other financing sources are recorded when received in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP basis);

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 17 - BUDGETARY BASIS OF ACCOUNTING - (Continued)

- (b) Expenditures and other financing uses are recorded when paid in cash (budget basis) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP basis);
- (c) In order to determine compliance with Ohio law, and to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, total outstanding encumbrances (budget basis) are recorded as the equivalent of an expenditure, as opposed to assigned or committed fund balance for that portion of outstanding encumbrances not already recognized as an account payable (GAAP basis);
- (d) Advances-in and advances-out are operating transactions (budget basis) as opposed to balance sheet transactions (GAAP basis); and,
- (e) Some funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis).

The adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations for the year on the budget basis to the GAAP basis for the general fund is as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance

	General Fund
Budget basis	\$ 1,358,118
Net adjustment for revenue accruals	2,437,635
Net adjustment for expenditure accruals	(8,957)
Net adjustment for other sources/uses	(43,976)
Funds budgeted elsewhere	53,633
Adjustment for encumbrances	940,866
GAAP basis	\$ 4,737,319

Certain funds that are legally budgeted in separate special revenue funds are considered part of the general fund on a GAAP basis. These includes unclaimed monies fund, the uniform school supplies fund, the building rotary fund, the employee withholding fund, and the public school support fund.

NOTE 18 - SET-ASIDES

The District is required by State law to annually set-aside certain general fund revenue amounts, as defined by statutory formula, for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at fiscal year-end. This amount must be carried forward to be used for the same purpose in future years. Expenditures exceeding the set-aside requirement may not be carried forward to the next fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

NOTE 18 - SET-ASIDES - (Continued)

The following cash-basis information describes the change in the fiscal year-end set-aside amount for capital improvements. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital <u>Improvemen</u>				
Set-aside balance June 30, 2022	\$	-			
Current year set-aside requirement		564,407			
Current year qualifying expenditures		(1,365,690)			
Total	\$	(801,283)			
Balance carried forward to fiscal year 2024	\$				
Set-aside balance June 30, 2023	\$				

NOTE 19 - TAX ABATEMENTS ENTERED INTO BY OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The City of Fairview Park has entered into property tax abatement agreements with property owners under the Ohio Community Reinvestment Area ("CRA") program with the taxing districts of the District. The CRA program are directive incentive tax exemption programs benefiting property owners who renovate or construct new buildings. Under this program, the other governments designated areas to encourage revitalization of the existing housing stock and the development of new structures. The CRA agreement entered into by the City of Fairview Park resulted in the District's property taxes being reduced by \$42,329 in fiscal year 2023. The District is not receiving any amounts from these other governments in association with the forgone property tax revenue.

NOTE 20 - COVID-19

The United States and the State of Ohio declared a state of emergency in March of 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic. Ohio's state of emergency ended in June 2021 while the national state of emergency ended in April 2023. During fiscal year 2023, the District received COVID-19 funding. The District will continue to spend available COVID-19 funding consistent with the applicable program guidelines.

NOTE 21 - SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Manuscript Notes

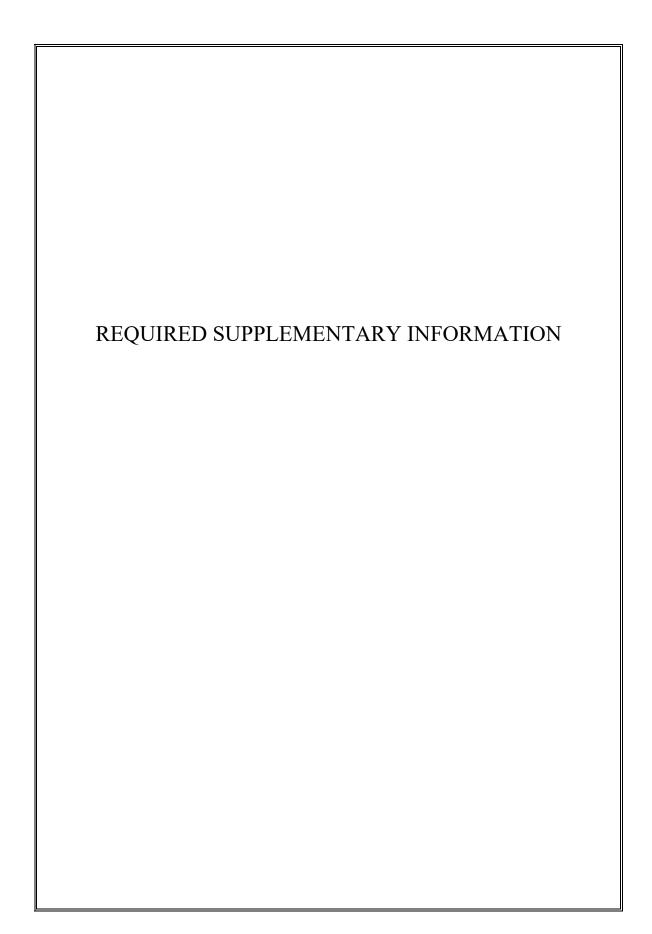
On July 1, 2023, the District issued bus acquisition notes (manuscript notes) in the amount of \$49,207. The notes bear an interest rate of 2.00% and mature on July 1, 2024.

On July 3, 2023, the District issued bus acquisition notes (manuscript notes) in the amount of \$106,305. The notes bear an interest rate of 2.00% and mature on July 3, 2024.

On July 1, 2023, the District issued bus acquisition notes (manuscript notes) in the amount of \$138,422. The notes bear an interest rate of 2.00% and mature on July 1, 2024.

On July 1, 2023, the District issued bus acquisition notes (manuscript notes) in the amount of \$83,301. The notes bear an interest rate of 2.00% and mature on July 1, 2024.

On July 1, 2023, the District issued bus acquisition notes (manuscript notes) in the amount of \$250,310. The notes bear an interest rate of 2.00% and mature on July 1, 2024.



SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023		2022		2021		2020	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.14105800%		0.14403590%		0.14453580%		0.14842700%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,629,514	\$	5,314,507	\$	9,559,902	\$	8,880,648
District's covered payroll	\$	5,440,357	\$	4,948,021	\$	4,965,414	\$	5,219,052
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		140.24%		107.41%		192.53%		170.16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.82%		82.86%		68.55%		70.85%

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

2019 0.14776650%			2018		2017		2016		2015	2014		
		0.15382220%			0.15661080%	(0.15155960%	(0.15519200%	().15519200%	
\$	8,462,861	\$	9,190,537	\$	11,462,466	\$	8,648,138	\$	7,854,179	\$	9,228,770	
\$	4,980,563	\$	4,592,379	\$	5,269,743	\$	4,562,739	\$	4,509,574	\$	4,438,288	
	169.92%		200.13%		217.51%		189.54%		174.17%		207.94%	
	71.36%		69.50%		62.98%		69.16%		71.70%		65.52%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023			2022		2021		2020
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.15570967%		0.16464475%		0.16424379%			0.16462032%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	34,614,456	\$	21,051,311	\$	39,741,153	\$	36,404,794
District's covered payroll	\$	20,419,621	\$	20,369,714	\$	19,850,829	\$	19,397,207
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		169.52%		103.35%		200.20%		187.68%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		78.88%		87.78%		75.48%		77.40%

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

2019 2018		2018	 2017	2016			2015	 2014	
	0.16423764% 0.16362292%		0.16309969%		0.15338616%		0.15187486%	0.15187486%	
\$	36,112,169	\$	38,868,975	\$ 54,594,383	\$	42,391,448	\$	36,941,222	\$ 44,004,142
\$	18,817,021	\$	18,220,479	\$ 17,246,364	\$	16,003,279	\$	15,517,415	\$ 15,700,946
	191.91%		213.33%	316.56%		264.89%		238.06%	280.26%
	77.31%		75.30%	66.80%		72.10%		74.70%	69.30%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023		2022		 2021	2020	
Contractually required contribution	\$	754,617	\$	761,650	\$ 692,723	\$	695,158
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(754,617)		(761,650)	 (692,723)		(695,158)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	5,390,121	\$	5,440,357	\$ 4,948,021	\$	4,965,414
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%

2019		2018		2017		 2016	 2015	2014		
\$	704,572	\$	672,376	\$	642,933	\$ 737,764	\$ 601,369	\$	625,027	
	(704,572)		(672,376)		(642,933)	(737,764)	(601,369)		(625,027)	
\$		\$		\$	_	\$ 	\$ 	\$		
\$	5,219,052	\$	4,980,563	\$	4,592,379	\$ 5,269,743	\$ 4,562,739	\$	4,509,574	
	13.50%		13.50%		14.00%	14.00%	13.18%		13.86%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023		 2022		2021	2020	
Contractually required contribution	\$	2,887,022	\$ 2,858,747	\$	2,851,760	\$	2,779,116
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(2,887,022)	 (2,858,747)		(2,851,760)		(2,779,116)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	20,621,586	\$ 20,419,621	\$	20,369,714	\$	19,850,829
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		14.00%	14.00%		14.00%		14.00%

	2019 2		2018	2018		2017		 2015	2014		
\$	2,715,609	\$	2,634,383	\$	2,550,867	\$	2,414,491	\$ 2,240,459	\$	2,017,264	
-	(2,715,609)		(2,634,383)		(2,550,867)		(2,414,491)	 (2,240,459)		(2,017,264)	
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$		
\$	19,397,207	\$	18,817,021	\$	18,220,479	\$	17,246,364	\$ 16,003,279	\$	15,517,415	
	14.00%		14.00%		14.00%		14.00%	14.00%		13.00%	

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023		 2022		2021	2020	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.14393460%	0.14814500%		0.15018990%		0.15196420%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	2,020,857	\$ 2,803,766	\$	3,264,118	\$	3,821,580
District's covered payroll	\$	5,440,357	\$ 4,948,021	\$	4,965,414	\$	5,219,052
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		37.15%	56.66%		65.74%		73.22%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		30.34%	24.08%		18.17%		15.57%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2019	 2018	2017				
0.15003030%	0.15590980%	().15844465%			
\$ 4,162,246	\$ 4,184,209	\$	4,516,259			
\$ 4,980,563	\$ 4,592,379	\$	5,269,743			
83.57%	91.11%		85.70%			
13.57%	12.46%		11.49%			

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY/(ASSET) STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023		 2022		2021	2020	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/asset		0.15570967%	0.16464475%		0.16424379%		0.16462032%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$	(4,031,841)	\$ (3,471,400)	\$	(2,886,583)	\$	(2,726,507)
District's covered payroll	\$	20,419,621	\$ 20,369,714	\$	19,850,829	\$	19,397,207
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/asset as a percentage of its covered payroll		19.74%	17.04%		14.54%		14.06%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/asset		230.73%	174.73%		182.10%		174.70%

Note: Information prior to 2017 was unavailable. Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

Amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the District's measurement date which is the prior year-end.

 2019	 2018	2017					
0.16423764%	0.16362292%	(0.16309969%				
\$ (2,639,131)	\$ 6,383,963	\$	8,722,614				
\$ 18,817,021	\$ 18,220,479	\$	17,246,364				
14.03%	35.04%		50.58%				
176.00%	47.10%		37.33%				

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023		2022		2021	2020	
Contractually required contribution	\$	97,128	\$	92,471	\$ 93,439	\$	97,457
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(97,128)		(92,471)	 (93,439)		(97,457)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	5,390,121	\$	5,440,357	\$ 4,948,021	\$	4,965,414
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		1.80%		1.70%	1.89%		1.96%

 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
\$ 118,173	\$ 106,494	\$ 84,123	\$ 79,044	\$ 113,122	\$ 80,846
 (118,173)	 (106,494)	 (84,123)	 (79,044)	 (113,122)	 (80,846)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
\$ 5,219,052	\$ 4,980,563	\$ 4,592,379	\$ 5,269,743	\$ 4,562,739	\$ 4,509,574
2.26%	2.14%	1.83%	1.50%	2.48%	1.79%

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2023	 2022	 2021	 2020
Contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 <u> </u>	 	 	 _
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$ 20,621,586	\$ 20,419,621	\$ 20,369,714	\$ 19,850,829
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

 2019	 2018	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 157,374
 	 -	 	 	 	 (157,374)
\$ -	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ _
\$ 19,397,207	\$ 18,817,021	\$ 18,220,479	\$ 17,246,364	\$ 16,003,279	\$ 15,517,415
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.00%

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

PENSION

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2015.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2016.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, SERS changed from a fixed 3% annual increase to a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) based on the changes in the Consumer Price Index (CPI-W), with a cap of 2.5% and a floor of 0%.
- º For fiscal year 2019, with the authority granted the Board under Senate Bill 8, the Board has enacted a three year COLA delay for future benefit receipients commencing benefits on or after April 1, 2018
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, SERS changed from a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) of 2.5% to 2.0%.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2023.

Changes in assumptions:

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2015.
- ⁿ There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2016.
- ^a For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement and (h) the discount rate was reduced from 7.75% to 7.50%.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2018.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2023.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,2023

PENSION (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2015.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2016.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- $^{\mbox{\tiny Ω}}$ For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2019.
- $^{\circ}$ There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2020.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2022.
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2023.

Changes in assumptions:

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2014.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2015.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2016.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (b) the inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.50%, (c) the payroll growth assumption was lowered to 3.00%, (d) total salary increases rate was lowered by decreasing the merit component of the individual salary increases, in addition to a decrease of 0.25% due to lower inflation, (e) the healthy and disabled mortality assumptions were updated to the RP-2014 mortality tables with generational improvement scale MP-2016 and (f) rates of retirement, termination and disability were modified to better reflect anticipated future experience.
- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2021.
- ^a For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumption affected the total pension liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the projected salary increases went from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 to varies by service from 2.50% to 8.50%

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2017.
- ^o There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2018.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2019.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2020.
- There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2021.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2022.
- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal year 2023.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (SERS) OF OHIO (CONTINUED)

Changes in assumptions:

- ^a For fiscal year 2017, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement.
- ^a For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.25% to 3.00%, (b) payroll growth assumption was reduced from 4.00% to 3.50%, (c) assumed real wage growth was reduced from 0.75% to 0.50%, (d) rates of withdrawal, retirement, and disability were updated to reflect recent experience, (e) mortality among active members was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five-year age set-back for both males and females, (f) mortality among service retired members and beneficiaries was updated to the following: RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection with Scale BB, 120% of male rates, and 110% of female rates, (g) mortality among disabled members was updated to the following: RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table, 90% for male rates and 100% for female rates, set back five years is used for the period after disability retirement, (h) the municipal bond index rate increased from 2.92% to 3.56% and (i) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 2.98% to 3.63%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate increased from 3.63% to 3.70%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.50%-5.00% to a range of 5.375%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.50%-5.00% to a range of 7.25%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate increased from 3.56% to 3.62% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation increased from 3.63% to 3.70%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2020, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%, (b) the health care cost trend rates for Medicare were changed from a range of 5.375%-4.75% to a range of 5.25%-4.75% and Pre-Medicare were changed from a range of 7.25%-4.75% to a range of 7.00%-4.75%, (c) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.62% to 3.13% and (d) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.70% to 3.22%.
- ^a For fiscal year 2021, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate decreased from 3.22% to 2.63% and (b) the municipal bond index rate decreased from 3.13% to 2.45%, and (c) the single equivalent interest rate, net of plan investment expense, including price inflation decreased from 3.22% to 2.63%.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) wage inflation decreased from 3.00% to 2.40%, (b) future salary increases changed from 3.50%-18.20% to 3.25%-13.58%, (c) investment rate of return decreased from 7.50% to 7.00%, (d) discount rate decreased from 7.50% to 7.00% and (e) mortality tables changed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar mortality table to the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table.
- ^a For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) municipal bond index rate went from 1.92% to 3.69%, (b) single equivalent interest rate when from 2.27% to 4.08% and (c) medical trend assumptions went from 5.125% to 4.40% Medicare and 6.75% to 4.40% Pre-Medicare to 7.00% to 4.40%.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO

Changes in benefit terms:

- ⁿ There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2017.
- Graph For fiscal year 2018, STRS reduced the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 2.1% to 1.9% per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2019.
- ^a For fiscal year 2019, STRS increased the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients from 1.9% to 1.944% per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.
- º For fiscal year 2020, STRS increased the subsidy percentage from 1.944% to 1.984% effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.
- Graph For fiscal year 2021, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984% to 2.055% per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1% for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.
- Graph For fiscal year 2022, the non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055% to 2.100%. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in CY2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely
- ^a There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts previously reported for fiscal year 2023.

Changes in assumptions:

- ^a There were no changes in methods and assumptions used in the calculation of actuarial determined contributions for fiscal year 2017.
- For fiscal year 2018, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from 3.26% to 4.13% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB), (b) the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75% to 7.45%, (c) valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified, (d) the percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased and (e) the assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.
- For fiscal year 2019, the following changes of assumptions affected the total OPEB liability/asset since the prior measurement date: (a) the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13% to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45% based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and (b) decrease in health care cost trend rates from 6.00%-11.00% initial; 4.50% ultimate down to Medical Pre-Medicare 6.00% and Medicare 5.00% initial; 4.00% ultimate and Prescription Drug Pre-Medicare 8.00% and Medicare (5.23%) initial; 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2020, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 6.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 8.00% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate and (5.23%) initial 4.00% ultimate up to 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate.

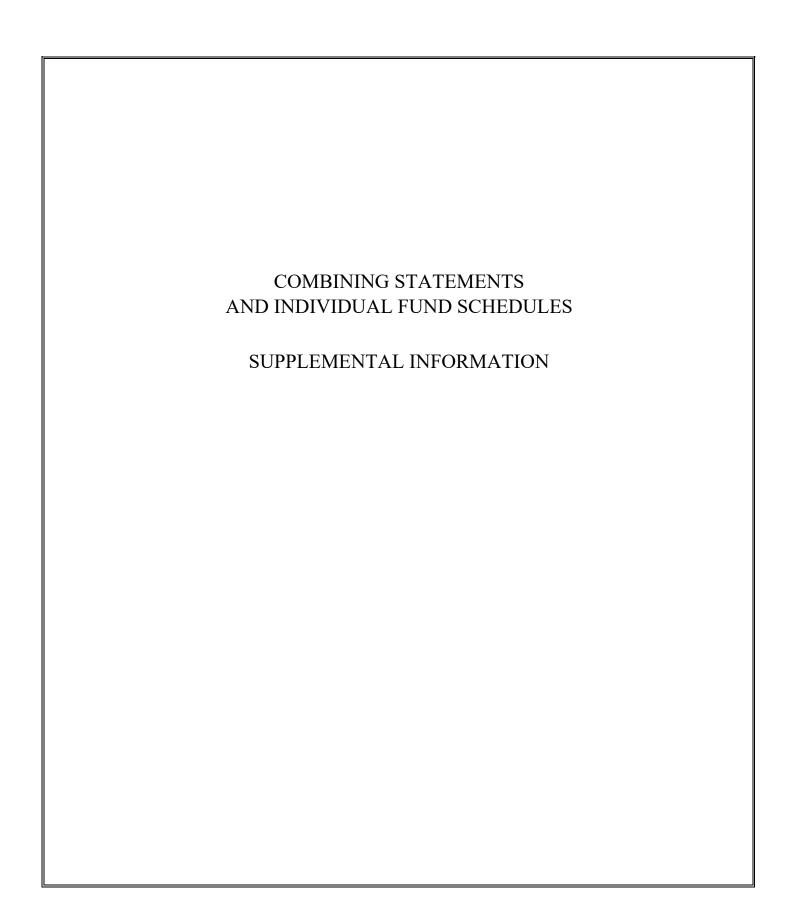
NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (CONTINUED)

STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (STRS) OF OHIO (CONTINUED)

Changes in assumptions (continued):

- ^a For fiscal year 2021, health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical pre-Medicare from 5.87% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate; medical Medicare from 4.93% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug pre-Medicare from 7.73% initial 4.00% ultimate down to 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 9.62% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- For fiscal year 2022, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) the long-term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00%, (b) the discount rate of return was reduced from 7.45% to 7.00% and (c) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: medical Medicare from -6.69% initial 4.00% ultimate down to -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate; prescription drug Medicare from 11.87% initial 4.00% ultimate up to 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate.
- ^a For fiscal year 2023, the following changes of assumption affected the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date: (a) projecte salary increase went from 12.50% at age 20 to 2.50% at age 65 to varies by services from 2.50% to 8.50% and (b) health care cost trend rates were changed to the following: Pre-Medicare from 5.00% initial 4.00% ultimate to 7.50% initial 3.94% ultimate; medical Medicare from -16.18% initial 4.00% ultimate to -68.78% initial 3.94% ultimate; prescription drug Pre-Medicare from 6.50% initial 4.00% ultimate to 9.00% initial 3.94% ultimate; Medicare from 29.98% initial 4.00% ultimate to -5.47% initial 3.94% ultimate.



ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUND

General Fund

The general fund accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund. These general fund's activities include, but are not limited to, general instruction, pupil services, operation and maintenance of facilities, student transportation and administration.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Property taxes	\$ 36,259,460	\$ 38,826,274	\$ 38,700,209	\$ (126,065)
Intergovernmental	5,708,115	6,112,194	6,056,803	(55,391)
Investment earnings	429,609	460,021	467,808	7,787
Transportation	68,084	72,904	55,939	(16,965)
Tuition and fees	463,385	496,188	513,657	17,469
Rentals	24,530	26,266	41,785	15,519
Contributions and donations	-	-	150	150
Charges for services	48,634	52,077	35,348	(16,729)
Payment in lieu of taxes	138,532	148,339	274,339	126,000
Miscellaneous	13,979	14,969	6,432	(8,537)
Total revenues	43,154,328	46,209,232	46,152,470	(56,762)
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction-regular:				
Salaries and wages	13,497,322	13,459,699	13,368,622	91,077
Fringe benefits	3,651,535	3,743,305	3,720,536	22,769
Purchased services	927,744	1,578,976	1,578,976	-
Materials and supplies	807,914	733,506	733,506	-
Capital outlay	216,435	196,534	196,533	1
Other	31,515	11,807	11,807	_
Total instruction-regular	19,132,465	19,723,827	19,609,980	113,847
Instruction-special:				
Salaries and wages	3,758,255	3,611,838	3,541,542	70,296
Fringe benefits	1,152,113	1,139,310	1,127,594	11,716
Purchased services	1,956,339	1,420,935	1,385,787	35,148
Materials and supplies	34,148	28,174	28,174	33,140
Capital outlay	25,980	432	432	_
Other	2,500	2,420	2,420	_
Total instruction-special	6,929,335	6,203,109	6,085,949	117,160
Instruction-vocational:				
Purchased services	825,000	714,838	714,838	_
	825,000		714,838	
Total instruction-vocational	823,000	714,838	/14,838	
Instruction-other:				
Salaries and wages	306,700	148,991	133,331	15,660
Fringe benefits	130,557	132,602	128,687	3,915
Purchased services	2,589	3,425	3,425	
Total instruction-other	439,846	285,018	265,443	19,575
Support services-pupil:				
Salaries and wages	1,574,317	1,565,139	1,565,139	-
Fringe benefits	439,345	416,242	416,242	-
Purchased services	881,712	899,892	899,892	-
Materials and supplies	37,258	26,662	26,662	-
Capital outlay	4,843	2,992	2,992	-
Other	10,553	16,917	16,917	<u>-</u>
Total support services-pupil	2,948,028	2,927,844	2,927,844	-

-- Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Support services-instructional staff:				•
Salaries and wages	\$ 426,800	\$ 397,390	\$ 397,390	\$ -
Fringe benefits	214,592	221,855	221,855	-
Purchased services	179,467	158,950	158,950	-
Materials and supplies	11,014	4,448	4,448	-
Capital outlay	330	-	-	-
Other	810	299	299	
Total support services-instructional				
staff	833,013	782,942	782,942	
Support services-board of education:				
Salaries and wages	7,500	20,000	20,000	-
Fringe benefits	1,155	3,940	3,940	-
Purchased services	13,450	11,472	11,472	-
Materials and supplies	771	197	197	-
Capital outlay	2,130	-	-	-
Other	15,453	14,347	14,347	
Total support services-board of				
education	40,459	49,956	49,956	
Support services-administration:				
Salaries and wages	1,786,669	1,813,214	1,813,214	-
Fringe benefits	765,156	745,947	745,947	-
Purchased services	56,920	21,668	21,668	-
Materials and supplies	20,211	9,140	9,140	-
Capital outlay	2,769	2,298	2,298	-
Other	4,907	4,745	4,745	
Total support services-administration	2,636,632	2,597,012	2,597,012	
Support services-fiscal:				
Salaries and wages	312,500	303,245	303,245	-
Fringe benefits	115,953	109,080	109,080	-
Purchased services	253,648	277,551	277,551	-
Materials and supplies	20,950	20,090	20,090	-
Capital outlay	1,000	990	990	-
Other	624,390	724,257	724,257	
Total support services-fiscal	1,328,441	1,435,213	1,435,213	
Support services-business:				
Salaries and wages	140,000	126,758	126,758	-
Fringe benefits	61,438	61,406	61,406	-
Purchased services	287,164	280,357	280,357	-
Materials and supplies	48,514	56,685	56,685	-
Capital outlay	9,149	2,908	2,908	-
Other	32,000	76,132	76,132	-
Total support services-business	578,265	604,246	604,246	

-- Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Support services-operations and maintenance: Final Actual Salaries and wages \$ 1,639,841 \$ 1,692,865 \$ 1,680,538 \$ Fringe benefits 646,826 647,395 644,313 Purchased services 2,232,691 2,112,458 2,112,458 Materials and supplies 279,399 281,068 281,068 Capital outlay 176,747 478,017 478,017 Other 580 275 275 Total support services-operations and maintenance 4,976,084 5,212,078 5,196,669 Support services-pupil transportation: Salaries and wages 998,353 943,874 943,874 Fringe benefits 322,469 286,441 286,441 Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	Positive (Negative) 12,327 3,082
maintenance: \$ 1,639,841 \$ 1,692,865 \$ 1,680,538 \$ Fringe benefits 646,826 647,395 644,313 Purchased services 2,232,691 2,112,458 2,112,458 Materials and supplies 279,399 281,068 281,068 Capital outlay 176,747 478,017 478,017 Other 580 275 275 Total support services-operations and maintenance 4,976,084 5,212,078 5,196,669 Support services-pupil transportation: Salaries and wages 998,353 943,874 943,874 Fringe benefits 322,469 286,441 286,441 Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	
Salaries and wages \$ 1,639,841 \$ 1,692,865 \$ 1,680,538 \$ Fringe benefits 646,826 647,395 644,313 Purchased services 2,232,691 2,112,458 2,112,458 Materials and supplies 279,399 281,068 281,068 Capital outlay 176,747 478,017 478,017 Other 580 275 275 Total support services-operations and maintenance 4,976,084 5,212,078 5,196,669 Support services-pupil transportation: Salaries and wages 998,353 943,874 943,874 Fringe benefits 322,469 286,441 286,441 Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	
Fringe benefits 646,826 647,395 644,313 Purchased services 2,232,691 2,112,458 2,112,458 Materials and supplies 279,399 281,068 281,068 Capital outlay 176,747 478,017 478,017 Other 580 275 275 Total support services-operations and maintenance 4,976,084 5,212,078 5,196,669 Support services-pupil transportation: Salaries and wages 998,353 943,874 943,874 Fringe benefits 322,469 286,441 286,441 Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	
Purchased services 2,232,691 2,112,458 2,112,458 Materials and supplies 279,399 281,068 281,068 Capital outlay 176,747 478,017 478,017 Other 580 275 275 Total support services-operations and maintenance 4,976,084 5,212,078 5,196,669 Support services-pupil transportation: Salaries and wages 998,353 943,874 943,874 Fringe benefits 322,469 286,441 286,441 Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	3,082
Materials and supplies 279,399 281,068 281,068 Capital outlay 176,747 478,017 478,017 Other 580 275 275 Total support services-operations and maintenance 4,976,084 5,212,078 5,196,669 Support services-pupil transportation: Salaries and wages 998,353 943,874 943,874 Fringe benefits 322,469 286,441 286,441 Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	-
Capital outlay 176,747 478,017 478,017 Other 580 275 275 Total support services-operations and maintenance 4,976,084 5,212,078 5,196,669 Support services-pupil transportation: Salaries and wages 998,353 943,874 943,874 Fringe benefits 322,469 286,441 286,441 Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	
Other 580 275 275 Total support services-operations and maintenance 4,976,084 5,212,078 5,196,669 Support services-pupil transportation: Salaries and wages 998,353 943,874 943,874 Fringe benefits 322,469 286,441 286,441 Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	-
Total support services-operations and maintenance 4,976,084 5,212,078 5,196,669 Support services-pupil transportation: Salaries and wages 998,353 943,874 943,874 Fringe benefits 322,469 286,441 286,441 Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	-
and maintenance 4,976,084 5,212,078 5,196,669 Support services-pupil transportation: Salaries and wages 998,353 943,874 943,874 Fringe benefits 322,469 286,441 286,441 Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	
Support services-pupil transportation: 998,353 943,874 943,874 Fringe benefits 322,469 286,441 286,441 Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	
Salaries and wages 998,353 943,874 943,874 Fringe benefits 322,469 286,441 286,441 Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	15,409
Salaries and wages 998,353 943,874 943,874 Fringe benefits 322,469 286,441 286,441 Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	
Fringe benefits 322,469 286,441 286,441 Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	-
Purchased services 517,492 497,422 497,422 Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	-
Materials and supplies 192,274 203,996 203,996 Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	-
Capital outlay 14,548 2,508 2,508	-
Total support services-pupil	-
transportation 2,045,136 1,934,241 1,934,241	
Support services-central:	
Salaries and wages 394,500 411,452 411,452	_
Fringe benefits 211,118 175,573 175,573	_
Purchased services 277,389 297,763 297,763	-
Materials and supplies 124,869 101,528 101,528	-
Capital outlay 14,650 1,997 1,997	-
Other 4,450 3,348 3,348	-
Total support services-central 1,026,976 991,661 991,661	-
Operation of non-instructional services -	
other non-instructional services:	
Salaries and wages 16,952 16,936 16,936	-
Fringe benefits 350 246 246	-
Other 2,600 2,568 2,568	
Total operation on non-instructional services -	
other non-instructional services 19,902 19,750 19,750	
Extracurricular activities:	
Salaries and wages 796,203 931,805 931,805	-
Fringe benefits 148,541 146,591 146,591	-
Purchased services 454,276 87,217 87,217	-
Materials and supplies 11,319 9,765 9,765	-
Capital outlay 7,560 5,065 5,065	-
Other 800 2,291 2,291	-
Total extracurricular activities 1,418,699 1,182,734 1,182,734	
Facilities acquisition and construction	
Purchased Services 5,000	-
Total facilities acquisition and construction 5,000 -	-
Total expenditures 45,183,281 44,664,469 44,398,478	

-- Continued

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amou		Fir	riance with al Budget Positive		
	Original			Final	 Actual	(Negative)		
Excess of revenues (under) expenditures	\$	(2,028,953)	\$	1,544,763	\$ 1,753,992	\$	209,229	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Refund of prior year's expenditures		32,005		34,271	25,003		(9,268)	
Transfers in		163,431		175,000	175,000		-	
Transfers out		(523,350)		(614,850)	(614,850)		-	
Advances in		14,665		15,703	-		(15,703)	
Advances out		-		-	-		-	
Sale of assets		378		405	 18,973		18,568	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(312,871)	-	(389,471)	 (395,874)		(6,403)	
Net change in fund balance		(2,341,824)		1,155,292	1,358,118		202,826	
Fund balance at beginning of year		9,684,287		9,684,287	9,684,287		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		915,136		915,136	 915,136	-		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	8,257,599	\$	11,754,715	\$ 11,957,541	\$	202,826	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			Nonmajor Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor pital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	789,708	\$	2,548,828	\$	3,464,443	\$	6,802,979	
Cash with escrow agent Receivables:		-		-		743,344		743,344	
Property taxes		_		2,288,670		1,207,728		3,496,398	
Interfund loans		_		479,251		-		479,251	
Accrued interest		-		-		382		382	
Intergovernmental		288,313		-		-		288,313	
Prepayments		2,012		-		-		2,012	
Materials and supplies inventory		2,873		-		-		2,873	
Inventory held for resale		3,741		-		1 641 754		3,741	
Lease receivable	-					1,641,754		1,641,754	
Total assets	\$	1,086,647	\$	5,316,749	\$	7,057,651	\$	13,461,047	
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable	\$	42,367	\$	_	\$	34,865	\$	77,232	
Contracts payable	Ψ		Ψ	_	Ψ	398,760	Ψ	398,760	
Accrued wages and benefits payable		228,747		-		-		228,747	
Intergovernmental payable		2,719		-		-		2,719	
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		37,793		-		-		37,793	
Interfund loans payable		71,565		-		479,251		550,816	
Total liabilities		383,191		<u> </u>		912,876		1,296,067	
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Property tax levied for the next fiscal year		_		1,761,346		1,041,451		2,802,797	
Deliquent property tax revenue not available		-		90,575		47,796		138,371	
Intergovernmental revenue not available		216,748		-				216,748	
Lease						1,624,116		1,624,116	
Total deferred inflows of resources		216,748		1,851,921		2,713,363		4,782,032	
Fund Balances:									
Nonspendable:									
Materials and supplies inventory		2,873		-		-		2,873	
Prepaids Restricted:		2,012		-		-		2,012	
Debt Service		_		3,464,828		_		3,464,828	
Food service operations		192,101		5,404,020		-		192,101	
Non-public schools		87,788		-		_		87,788	
Capital improvements		-		-		2,195,355		2,195,355	
Other purposes		70,384		-		-		70,384	
Extracurricular		221,964		-		-		221,964	
Federally funded programs		58,086		-		-		58,086	
Committed: Capital improvements						1,236,057		1,236,057	
Other purposes		70,665		-		1,230,037		70,665	
Unassigned (deficit)		(219,165)		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		(219,165)	
Total fund balances		486,708		3,464,828		3,431,412		7,382,948	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	1,086,647	\$	5,316,749	\$	7,057,651	\$	13,461,047	
		· · ·							

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 2,429,281	\$ 1,086,003	\$ 3,515,284
Payment in lieu taxes	-	10,666	4,874	15,540
Earnings on investments	10,163	-	79,058	89,221
Charges for services	455,359	-	-	455,359
Extracurricular activities Rental income	341,276	-	197,305	341,276 197,305
Contributions and donations	279,173	-	36,000	315,173
Miscellaneous	62,591	-	30,000	62,591
Intergovernmental	3,023,306	807,755	66,783	3,897,844
Total revenue	4,171,868	3,247,702	1,470,023	8,889,593
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	197,358	-	770,285	967,643
Special	1,120,227	-	943	1,121,170
Other	296,632	-	-	296,632
Support services:				
Pupil	349,409	-	-	349,409
Instructional staff	80,808	-	-	80,808
Fiscal	4 227	41,027	18,790	59,817
Operations and maintenance	4,227	-	791,828	796,055
Pupil transportation Central	52,163	-	166,492 72,835	218,655 72,835
Operation of non-instructional services:	-	-	12,633	12,633
Food service operations	568,954	_	_	568,954
Other non-instructional services	1,051,713	_	_	1,051,713
Extracurricular activities	750,874	-	-	750,874
Facilities acquisition and construction	11,912	=	703,386	715,298
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	4,031	1,470,000	555,334	2,029,365
Interest and fiscal charges	29	1,340,265	138,425	1,478,719
Total expenditures	4,488,337	2,851,292	3,218,318	10,557,947
Excess of revenues (under)				
expenditures	(316,469)	396,410	(1,748,295)	(1,668,354)
Other financing sources:				
Sale of notes	-	-	2,800,000	2,800,000
Transfers in	170,000	-	228,350	398,350
Inception of finance-purchase transaction	-	-	346,283	346,283
SBITA transaction	11,912			11,912
Total other financing sources	181,912		3,374,633	3,556,545
Net change in fund balances	(134,557)	396,410	1,626,338	1,888,191
Fund balances at beginning of year	621,265	3,068,418	1,805,074	5,494,757
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 486,708	\$ 3,464,828	\$ 3,431,412	\$ 7,382,948

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are established to account for revenues from specific sources which legally, or otherwise, are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes. A description of the District's special revenue funds follows:

Food Service Fund

This fund accounts for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the District.

Special Trust Fund

A fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, except for state and federal grants that are legally restricted for specified purposes.

Other Grants Fund

A fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, except for state and federal grants that are legally restricted for specified purposes.

Student Managed Activities Fund

This fund accounts for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity and have students involved in the management of the program.

District Managed Activity Fund

A fund provided to account for monies for those student activity programs which have student participation in the activity but do not have student management of the programs.

Auxiliary Services Fund

A fund provided to account for monies which provide services and materials to pupils attending non-public schools within the School District.

Data Communications Fund

A fund provided to account for money appropriated for Ohio Educational Computer Network Connections.

Miscellaneous State Grants Fund

This fund accounts for various monies received from state agencies which are not classified elsewhere.

Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund

To account for a Federal grant received by the District to combat the coronavirus pandemic.

Title VI-B Fund

A fund provided to account for federal monies used to assist schools in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, implementation of least restrictive alternative service patterns, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary, and secondary levels.

Title III Fund

A fund provided to account for federal monies used to assist the School District in meeting the special needs of children of limited English proficiency.

Title I Fund

To account for State of Ohio and federal grants that provide financial assistance to meet the special needs of educationally deprived children.

Title IV-A Fund

To account for monies received for student support and enrichment programs.

Preschool Disability Fund

To account for monies received for the improvement and expansion of services for handicapped children ages three through five years.

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - (Continued)

Title II-A Fund

To account for grant monies used for the hiring of additional teachers.

Miscellaneous Federal Grants Fund

To account for monies received from the federal government which are not classified elsewhere.

The following funds are included in the general fund (GAAP basis), but have separate legally adopted budgets (budget basis). These funds are not included in the combining statements for the nonmajor special revenue funds since they are reported in the general fund (GAAP basis); however, the budgetary schedules for these funds are presented in this section.

Unclaimed Monies Fund

This fund accounts for the unclaimed monies within the District. These monies must be held for a period of time, after that time period passes, the monies may be returned to the general fund.

Uniform School Supplies Fund

This fund accounts for the purchase and sale of school supplies for use in the District. Profits derived from such sales are used for school purposes or activities connected with the school.

Building Rotary Fund

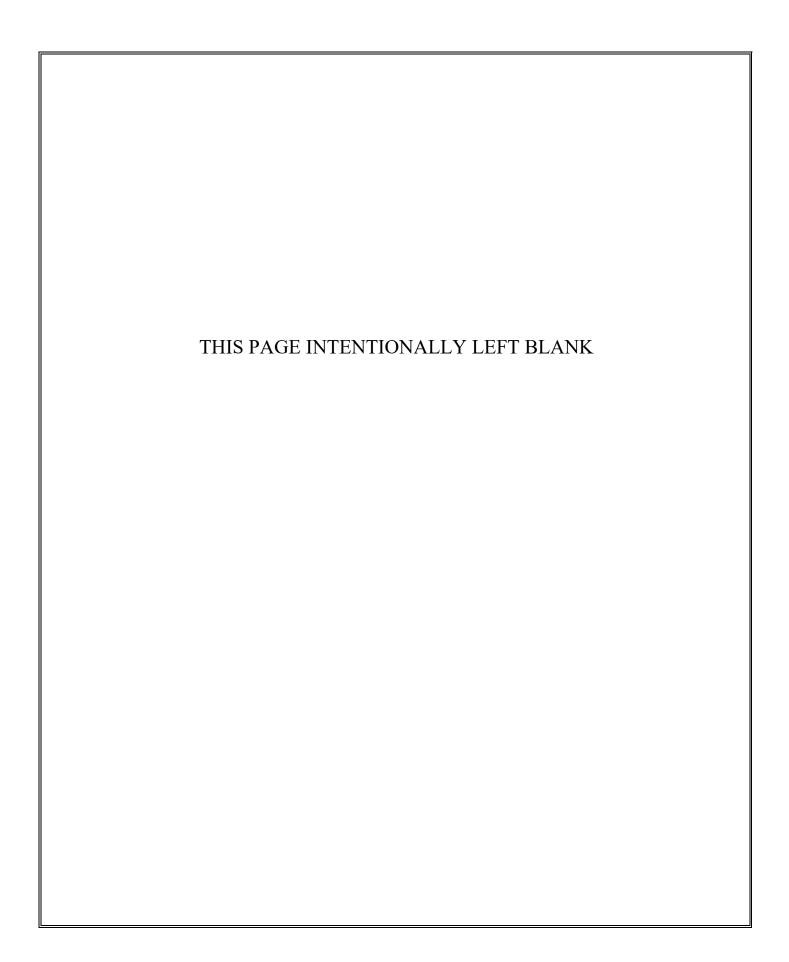
This fund accounts for curricular and related activities (e.g. field trips) within a school building that are paid for mainly by student fees.

Public School Support Fund

A fund provided to account for specific local revenue sources (i.e. profits from vending machines, sales of pictures, etc.), that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes approved by board resolution. Such expenditures may include curricular and extra-curricular related purchases.

Employee Withholding Fund

This fund accounts for Workers' Compensation premiums collected from employees and remitted to the Ohio Bureau of Workers' Compensation.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

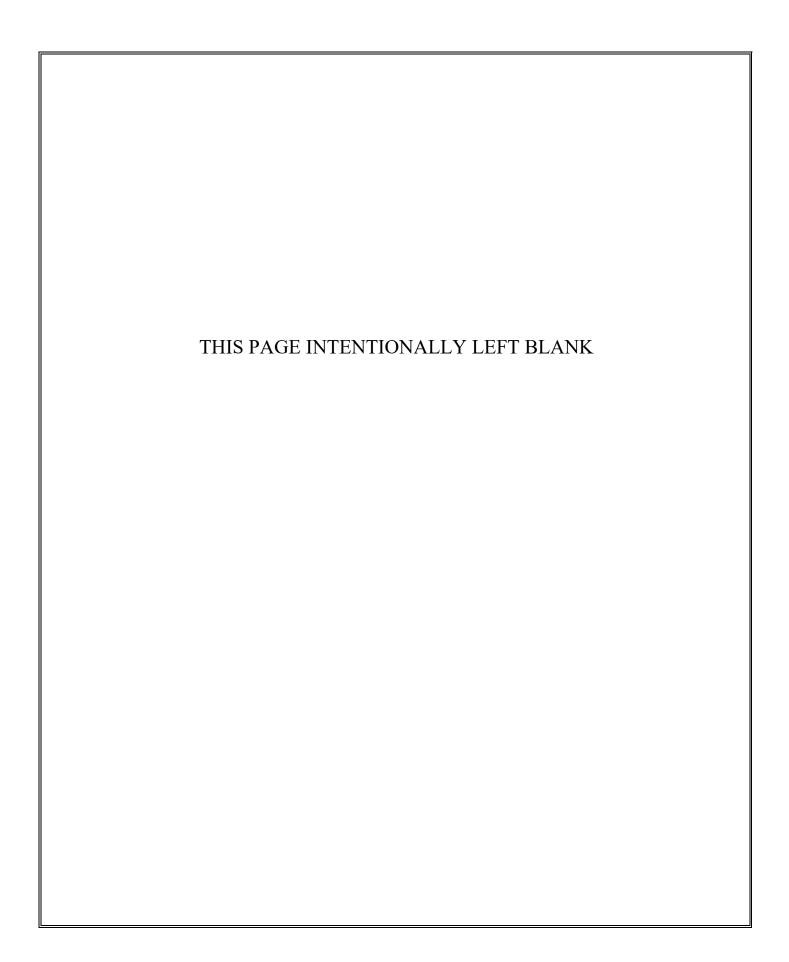
	Food Service		Special Trust		Other Grants		Student Managed Activity		District Managed Activity	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	•	242.925	e	70.665	•	70.042	¢.	222.076	6	10.000
Receivables:	\$	242,835	\$	70,665	\$	70,942	\$	222,076	\$	19,889
Intergovernmental		_		_		_		_		_
Prepayments		316		_		-		_		8
Materials and supplies inventory		2,873		_		_		_		-
Inventory held for resale		3,741								<u> </u>
Total assets	\$	249,765	\$	70,665	\$	70,942	\$	222,076	\$	19,897
Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	558	\$	112	\$	22,306
Accrued wages and benefits		40,493		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental payable		506		-		-		-		-
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		13,476		-		-		-		-
Interfund loans payable				-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		54,475				558		112		22,306
Deferred inflows of resources:										
Intergovernmental revenue not available	-									
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-		-
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Materials and supplies inventory		2,873		_		-		_		_
Prepaids		316		_		_		_		8
Restricted:										
Food service operations		192,101		-		-		-		-
Non-public schools		-		-		-		-		-
Other purposes		-				70,384		-		-
Extracurricular		-		-		-		221,964		-
Federally funded programs		-		-		-		-		-
Committed:										
Other purposes		-		70,665		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficit)						-		-		(2,417)
Total fund balances		195,290		70,665		70,384		221,964		(2,409)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,										
and fund balances	\$	249,765	\$	70,665	\$	70,942	\$	222,076	\$	19,897

 Auxiliary Services	Elementary and Secondary Scho Emergency Reli	ol	Title VI-B	T	itle III		Title I	Ti	tle IV-A	eschool sability	Ti	tle II-A
\$ 104,669	\$	- \$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
- - -	150,15 97		86,604 407 -		3,297 16		41,247 255		1,630 - -	739 33		4,637
\$ 104,669	\$ 151,13	6 \$		\$	3,313	\$	41,502	\$	1,630	\$ 772	\$	4,637
\$ 16,881 - - -	\$ 106,81 1,25 14,55 27,48	8 4	1,238 52,152 618 6,131 26,464	\$	- - - - 3,297	\$	29,283 337 3,592 8,035	\$	1,630	\$ - - - - 739	\$	726 - - - 3,911
16,881	150,16		86,603		3,297		41,247		1,630	739		4,637
 	122,67	1	60,139				33,212			-		726
 	122,67	1	60,139		-		33,212		-	 -		726
_		_	_		-		_		-	-		-
-	97	7	407		16		255		-	33		-
- 87,788		-	-		-		-		-	-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-	-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-	-		-
 - -	(122,67	2)	(60,138)		<u>-</u>	-	(33,212)		<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		(726)
 87,788	(121,69	5)	(59,731)		16		(32,957)			 33		(726)
\$ 104,669	\$ 151,13	6 \$	87,011	\$	3,313	\$	41,502	\$	1,630	\$ 772	\$	4,637

- - Continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2023

	Mise I	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	58,632	\$	789,708
Receivables:	*	,		, , ,
Intergovernmental		-		288,313
Prepayments		-		2,012
Materials and supplies inventory		-		2,873
Inventory held for resale				3,741
Total assets	\$	58,632	\$	1,086,647
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	546	\$	42,367
Accrued wages and benefits		-		228,747
Intergovernmental payable		-		2,719
Pension and postemployment benefits payable		-		37,793
Interfund loans payable	-			71,565
Total liabilities		546		383,191
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Intergovernmental revenue not available		<u>-</u>		216,748
Total deferred inflows of resources				216,748
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Materials and supplies inventory		-		2,873
Prepaids		-		2,012
Restricted:				102 101
Food service operations Non-public schools		-		192,101 87,788
Other purposes		_		70,384
Extracurricular		_		221,964
Federally funded programs		58,086		58,086
Committed:				,
Other purposes		-		70,665
Unassigned (deficit)		-		(219,165)
Total fund balances		58,086		486,708
Total liabilities, deferred inflows,				
and fund balances	\$	58,632	\$	1,086,647



COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Food Special Other Service Trust Grants		N	Student Managed Activity		District Managed Activity		
Revenues:								
Earnings on investments	\$	3,876	\$ 1,637	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-
Charges for services		455,359	-	-		-		-
Extracurricular activities		-				76,997		264,279
Contributions and donations		-	34,140	120,686		28,441		95,906
Miscellaneous		-	-	-		43,015		19,576
Intergovernmental		223,894	 	 				
Total revenue		683,129	 35,777	 120,686		148,453		379,761
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		-	-	190,158		-		-
Special		-	-	7,426		3,938		-
Other		-	-	-		-		-
Support services:				1.007				
Pupil Instructional staff		-	-	1,997		-		-
Operations and maintenance		-	-	49,868		-		-
Pupil transportation		-	-	-		-		-
Operation of non-instructional services		-	-	-		-		-
Food service operations		568,954	_	_		_		_
Other non-instructional services		500,754	30,750	_		_		_
Extracurricular activities		_	50,750	_		116,483		634,391
Facilities acquisition and construction		11,912	_	_		-		-
Debt service:		11,712						
Principal retirement		4,031	_	_		_		_
Interest and fiscal charges		29	_	_		_		_
interest and riscar charges		29	<u>-</u>	 		<u>-</u>	-	
Total expenditures		584,926	 30,750	 249,449		120,421		634,391
Excess of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		98,203	 5,027	 (128,763)		28,032		(254,630)
Other financing sources:								
Inception of SBITA		11,912	_	_		_		_
Transfers in			_	_		_		170,000
								-,,,,,,,
Total other financing sources		11,912	 -	 <u>-</u>				170,000
Net change in fund balances		110,115	5,027	(128,763)		28,032		(84,630)
Fund balances (deficit)								
at beginning of year		85,175	 65,638	 199,147		193,932		82,221
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$	195,290	\$ 70,665	\$ 70,384	\$	221,964	\$	(2,409)

Auxiliary Services	Data Communications		Miscellaneous S		Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Title VI-B		Tit	Title III		Title I	
\$ 4,650	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-	-		-		-		-		-		-
 - 873,897	 7,200		48,681		644,108		869,538		13,725		193,544
 878,547	 7,200		48,681		644,108		869,538		13,725		193,544
-	7,200		-		-		.		-		
-	-		-		448,400 241,399		414,647 55,233		11,209		207,115
-	-		-		7		334,293		2,500		-
-	-		3,681 45,000		7,163		-		-		-
873,262	-		-		-		125,404		-		-
-	-		-		-		-		-		-
-	-		-		-		-		-		-
873,262	7,200		48,681		696,969		929,577		13,709		207,115
 5,285	 				(52,861)		(60,039)		16		(13,571)
 <u>-</u>	- -		- -		- -		- -		- -		<u>-</u>
 	 										-
5,285	-		-		(52,861)		(60,039)		16		(13,571)
 82,503	 <u>-</u>		-		(68,834)		308		<u>-</u>		(19,386)
\$ 87,788	\$ 	\$		\$	(121,695)	\$	(59,731)	\$	16	\$	(32,957)

- - Continued

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Title IV-A	Α	Prescl Disab		Tit	ile II-A	F	ellaneous ederal Grants	Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds
Revenues:									
Earnings on investments	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$ 10,163
Charges for services		_		_		_		-	455,359
Extracurricular activities		-		-		-		-	341,276
Contributions and donations		-		-		-		-	279,173
Miscellaneous		-		-		-		-	62,591
Intergovernmental	15,	,492		27,504		47,120		58,603	 3,023,306
Total revenue	15,	,492		27,504		47,120		58,603	 4,171,868
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Regular		-		-		-		-	197,358
Special		-		27,492		-		-	1,120,227
Other		-		-		-		-	296,632
Support services:									
Pupil	10.	,619		-		-		-	349,409
Instructional staff		-		-		30,933		-	80,808
Operations and maintenance		-		-		-		546	4,227
Pupil transportation Operation of non-instructional services		-		-		-		-	52,163
Food service operations		-		-		-		-	568,954
Other non-instructional services	5.	,422		-		16,875		-	1,051,713
Extracurricular activities		-		-		-		-	750,874
Facilities acquisition and construction		-		-		-		_	11,912
Debt service:									
Principal retirement		_		_		_		_	4,031
Interest and fiscal charges									29
interest and fiscal charges				-					
Total expenditures	16,	,041		27,492		47,808		546	 4,488,337
Excess of revenues over (under)									
expenditures		(549)		12		(688)		58,057	 (316,469)
Other financing sources:									
SBITA transaction		-		-		-		-	11,912
Transfers in									 170,000
Total other financing sources									 181,912
Net change in fund balances	((549)		12		(688)		58,057	(134,557)
Fund balances (deficit)									
at beginning of year		549		21		(38)		29	 621,265
Fund balances (deficit) at end of year	\$		\$	33	\$	(726)	\$	58,086	\$ 486,708

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) FOOD SERVICE FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	l Amounts			Fin	iance with al Budget	
	C	riginal		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:	·				' <u>-</u>			
Earnings on investments	\$	2,000	\$	2,000	\$	3,876	\$	1,876
Charges for services		443,100		443,100		455,358		12,258
Intergovernmental		104,000		104,000		197,893		93,893
Total revenues		549,100		549,100		657,127		108,027
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Operation of non-instructional services -								
food service operations:								
Salaries and wages		196,740		196,740		194,331		2,409
Fringe benefits		-		34,051		61,555		(27,504)
Purchased services		17,495		17,495		15,943		1,552
Materials and supplies		247,855		247,854		237,403		10,451
Capital outlay		14,380		32,380		20,813		11,567
Other		6,000		6,000		630		5,370
Total operation of non-instructional								
services - food service operations		482,470		534,520	-	530,675		3,845
Total expenditures	-	482,470		534,520		530,675		3,845
Excess of revenues (under) expenditures		66,630		14,580		126,452		111,872
Other financing sources:								
Refund of prior year's expenses		180		180		122		(58)
Total other financing sources	-	180		180	-	122	-	(58)
Total other financing sources		100		100		122	-	(36)
Net change in fund balance		66,810		14,760		126,574		111,814
Fund balance at beginning of year		101,787		101,787		101,787		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		8,930	-	8,930		8,930	-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	177,527	\$	125,477	\$	237,291	\$	111,814

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) SPECIAL TRUST FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amounts				Fina	ance with
	C	riginal		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Interest	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,637	\$	1,637
Contributions and donations	-	31,500		34,500		34,140	-	(360)
Total revenues		31,500		34,500		35,777		1,277
Expenditures:								
Operation of non-instructional services - other non-instructional services:								
Other		27,000		32,500		30,750		1,750
Total operation on non-instructional services -								
other non-instructional services		27,000		32,500		30,750		1,750
Total expenditures		27,000		32,500		30,750		1,750
Net change in fund balance		4,500		2,000		5,027		3,027
Fund balance at beginning of year		65,138		65,138		65,138		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		500		500		500		<u>-</u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	70,138	\$	67,638	\$	70,665	\$	3,027

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) OTHER GRANTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
From local sources:				
Contributions and donations	\$ -	\$ 116,277	\$ 120,686	\$ 4,409
Total revenues		116,277	120,686	4,409
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction-regular:				
Materials and supplies	7,584	30,836	31,948	(1,112)
Capital outlay	159,204	165,848	165,847	<u> </u>
Total instruction-regular	166,788	196,684	197,795	(1,111)
Instruction-special:				
Purchased services	2,280	8,265	8,265	-
Materials and supplies	-	2,925	2,925	-
Capital outlay	749	32,249	1,500	30,749
Total instruction-special	3,029	43,439	12,690	30,749
Support services-pupil:				
Purchased services	-	1,500	1,500	-
Materials and supplies	-	503	503	-
Capital outlay	289	289	285	4
Total support services-pupil	289	2,292	2,288	4
Support services-instructional staff:				
Capital outlay	-	50,000	49,868	132
Total support services-instructional staff:		50,000	49,868	132
Total expenditures	170,106	292,415	262,641	29,774
Net change in fund balance	(170,106)	(176,138)	(141,955)	34,183
Fund balance at beginning of year	36,513	36,513	36,513	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	170,106	170,106	170,106	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 36,513	<u>\$ 30,481</u>	<u>\$ 64,664</u>	<u>\$ 34,183</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) STUDENT MANAGED ACTIVITY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amount	-		Fin F	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	 Actual	(N	legative)	
Revenues: From local sources: Extracurricular Contributions and donations Other local revenues Total revenues	\$	57,300 7,100 - 64,400	\$	57,300 7,100 - 64,400	\$ 79,732 28,442 43,015 151,189	\$	22,432 21,342 43,015 86,789	
			-		 			
Expenditures: Current: Instruction-special Materials and supplies		3,241		4,129	3,826		303	
Other		-		112	112		-	
Total instruction-special		3,241		4,241	3,938		303	
Extracurricular activities								
Salaries and wages		1,220		1,220	250		970	
Purchased services		2,250		2,250	2,250		-	
Other		109,107		199,920	 129,801		70,119	
Total extracurricular activities		112,577	-	203,390	 132,301	-	71,089	
Total expenditures		115,818		207,631	 136,239		71,392	
Net change in fund balance		(51,418)		(143,231)	14,950		158,181	
Fund balance at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		169,098 23,148		169,098 23,148	169,098 23,148		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	140,828	\$	49,015	\$ 207,196	\$	158,181	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) DISTRICT MANAGED ACTIVITY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amount	ts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	(Original		Final	Actual		legative)
Revenues:	·			-	 _		<u> </u>
From local sources:							
Extracurricular activities	\$	222,425	\$	274,895	\$ 264,278	\$	(10,617)
Contributions and donations		39,700		49,720	95,908		46,188
Other local revenue		9,000		30,113	 19,575		(10,538)
Total revenues		271,125		354,728	 379,761		25,033
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Extracurricular activities:							
Salaries and wages		15,150		13,801	27,787		(13,986)
Fringe benefits		307		307	785		(478)
Purchased services		146,013		268,975	255,294		13,681
Materials and supplies		123,217		171,380	185,282		(13,902)
Capital outlay		168,424		152,880	119,227		33,653
Other	-	42,445		51,329	 52,011		(682)
Total extracurricular activities		495,556		658,672	 640,386		18,286
Total expenditures		495,556		658,672	 640,386		18,286
Excess of revenues (under) expenditures		(224,431)		(303,944)	 (260,625)		43,319
Other financing sources:							
Refund of prior year's expenditures							-
Transfers in		189,120		204,120	 170,000		(34,120)
Total other financing sources	-	189,120		204,120	 170,000		(34,120)
Net change in fund balance		(35,311)		(99,824)	(90,625)		9,199
Fund balance at beginning of year		65,906		65,906	65,906		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	<u></u>	35,500		35,500	 35,500		<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	66,095	\$	1,582	\$ 10,781	\$	9,199

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) AUXILIARY SERVICES FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget	
	O:	riginal		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
From local sources:								
Earnings on investments	\$	1,000	\$	4,650	\$	4,650	\$	-
Intergovernmental		803,000		873,897		873,897		<u> </u>
Total revenues		804,000		878,547		878,547		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Operation of non-instructional services - other non-instructional services:								
Purchased services		439,292		621,734		621,773		(39)
Materials and supplies		95,268		206,691		205,436		1,255
Capital outlay		82,817		157,407		157,407		<u> </u>
Total operation on non-instructional services -								
other non-instructional services		617,377		985,832		984,616		1,216
Total expenditures		617,377		985,832		984,616		1,216
Net change in fund balance		186,623		(107,285)		(106,069)		1,216
Fund balance at beginning of year		16,411		16,411		16,411		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		90,877		90,877		90,877		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	293,911	\$	3	\$	1,219	\$	1,216

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) DATA COMMUNICATIONS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Or	riginal	F	inal	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:	·							
Intergovernmental	\$	7,200	\$	7,200	\$	7,200	\$ -	
Total revenues		7,200		7,200		7,200		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction-regular:								
Purchased services		7,200		7,200		7,200		
Total instruction-regular		7,200		7,200		7,200		
Total expenditures		7,200		7,200		7,200		
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-	-	
Fund balance at beginning of year							_	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$		\$		<u>\$</u>	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MISCELLANEOUS STATE GRANTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget	
	Or	iginal		Final	A	Actual	_	Positive (egative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	45,000	\$	63,681	\$	48,681	\$	(15,000)
Total revenues		45,000		63,681		48,681		(15,000)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Support services-operations and								
maintenance:								
Capital outlay		<u> </u>		3,681		3,681		<u> </u>
Total support services-operations								
and maintenance				3,681		3,681		-
Support services-pupil transportation								
Capital outlay		45,000		60,000		45,000		15,000
Total support services-pupil								
transportation		45,000		60,000		45,000		15,000
Total expenditures		45,000		63,681		48,681	-	15,000
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year				<u> </u>				
Fund balance at end of year	\$		\$		\$		\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL EMERGENCY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amoun	ts		Variance with Final Budget	
		Original		Final	 Actual		Positive Negative)
Revenues:			_				
Intergovernmental	\$	1,050,527	\$	1,050,527	\$ 857,603	\$	(192,924)
Total revenues		1,050,527	-	1,050,527	 857,603		(192,924)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction-regular:							
Salaries and wages		700,000		-	-		-
Purchased services				1,664	 		1,664
Total instruction-regular	-	700,000		1,664	 -		1,664
Instruction-special							
Salaries and wages		170,214		760,330	429,423		330,907
Fringe benefits		28,075		81,916	79,386		2,530
Purchased services		90		90	-		90
Materials and supplies		9,410		9,410	 2,000		7,410
Total instruction-special		207,789		851,746	 510,809		340,937
Instruction-other							
Salaries and wages		-		57,369	249,121		(191,752)
Fringe benefits		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 5,571		(5,571)
Total instruction-other	-	<u>-</u>		57,369	 254,692		(197,323)
Support services-pupil transportation							
Salaries and wages		16,500		16,500	5,032		11,468
Fringe benefits		3,750		3,823	782		3,041
Materials and supplies		5,250		5,250	 3,349		1,901
Total support services-pupil							
transportation		25,500		25,573	 9,163		16,410
Total expenditures		933,289		936,352	 774,664		18,074
Net change in fund balance		117,238		114,175	82,939		(174,850)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(114,176)		(114,176)	(114,176)		_
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	3,062	\$	(1)	\$ (31,237)	\$	(174,850)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TITLE VI-B FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amoun	uts		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	(Original		Final	Actual		Positive Negative)
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	765,899	\$	1,077,377	\$ 948,075	\$	(129,302)
Total revenues		765,899		1,077,377	 948,075		(129,302)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instruction-special:							
Salaries and wages		67,456		7,228	-		7,228
Fringe benefits		23,225		494	(79)		573
Purchased services		290,679		375,694	375,695		(1)
Materials and supplies		27,892		90,997	 53,742		37,255
Total instruction-special		409,252		474,413	 429,358	-	45,055
Instruction-other							
Salaries and wages		-		43,826	41,975		1,851
Fringe benefits		_	-	13,100	 10,961		2,139
Total instruction-other	-	<u>-</u>	-	56,926	 52,936		3,990
Support services-pupil:							
Salaries and wages		176,645		244,551	204,011		40,540
Fringe benefits		52,215		74,132	61,248		12,884
Purchased services		8,305		32,407	32,407		-
Materials and supplies		25,000			 _		
Total support services-pupil		262,165		351,090	 297,666		53,424
Operation of non-instructional services - other non-instructional services:							
Purchased services		96,674		125,878	125,878		-
Total operation of non-instructional services -					_		_
other non-instructional services		96,674		125,878	 125,878		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		768,091		1,008,307	 905,838		102,469
Net change in fund balance		(2,192)		69,070	42,237		(26,833)
Fund (deficit) at beginning of year		(71,122)		(71,122)	(71,122)		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		2,192		2,192	 2,192		<u> </u>
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(71,122)	\$	140	\$ (26,693)	\$	(26,833)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TITLE III FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	riginal]	Final		Actual		egative)
•	16.070	•	1.6.270	Ф	10.420	Φ.	(5.0.40)
\$		\$		\$		\$	(5,842)
	16,270		16,270		10,428	-	(5,842)
	0.020		0.020		0.020		-
	,		,		,		-
							<u>_</u>
-	11,223	-	11,223	-	11,223	-	
	2,500		2,500		2,500		
	2,500		2,500		2,500		
							-
	1,197		1,197				1,197
	1,197		1,197		<u>-</u>		1,197
	1,348		1,348		_		1,348
	1,348		1,348		<u> </u>		1,348
	16,270		16,270		13,725		2,545
	-		-		(3,297)		(3,297)
	_		-		_		_
\$		\$	_	\$	(3,297)	\$	(3,297)
	\$	Original \$ 16,270 16,270 9,930 1,295 11,225 2,500 2,500 1,197 1,197 1,348 1,348 16,270	\$ 16,270 \$	Original Final \$ 16,270 \$ 16,270 16,270 \$ 16,270 9,930 9,930 1,295 1,295 11,225 11,225 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500 1,197 1,197 1,197 1,197 1,348 1,348 1,348 1,348 16,270 16,270	Original Final \$ 16,270 \$ 16,270 \$ 16,270 \$ 16,270 \$ 9,930 9,930 \$ 1,295 1,295 \$ 11,225 11,225 \$ 2,500 2,500 \$ 2,500 2,500 \$ 1,197 1,197 \$ 1,348 1,348 \$ 1,348 1,348 \$ 1,348 1,348 \$ 1,348 1,348 \$ 1,348 1,348 \$ 1,348 1,348 \$ 1,348 1,348 \$ 1,348 1,348 \$ 1,348 1,348 \$ 1,348 1,348	Original Final Actual \$ 16,270 \$ 16,270 \$ 10,428 16,270 16,270 \$ 10,428 9,930 9,930 9,930 1,295 1,295 1,295 11,225 11,225 11,225 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500 2,500 1,197 1,197 - 1,348 1,348 - 1,348 1,348 - 16,270 16,270 13,725 - - (3,297)	Budgeted Amounts Final Actual Final Profile \$ 16,270 \$ 16,270 \$ 10,428 \$ \$ 16,270 \$ 16,270 \$ 10,428 \$ \$ 16,270 \$ 16,270 \$ 10,428 \$ \$ 16,270 \$ 10,428 \$ \$ 10,428 \$ 10,428 \$ \$ 10,428 \$ 10,428 \$ \$ 10,428 \$ 10,428 \$ \$ 10,428 \$ 10,428 \$ \$ 1,295 \$ 1,295 \$ 1,295 \$ 1,295 \$ 1,295 \$ 1,295 \$ 11,225 \$ 11,225 \$ \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 2,500 \$ 1,197 \$ 1,197 \$ 1,197 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$ 1,348 \$

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TITLE I FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive			
	(Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)			
Revenues:				_	-					
Intergovernmental	\$	206,110	\$	255,654	\$	213,393	\$	(42,261)		
Total revenues		206,110		255,654		213,393		(42,261)		
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Instruction-special:										
Salaries and wages		156,116		193,533		160,586		32,947		
Fringe benefits		49,000		56,448		56,025		423		
Materials and supplies		994		856				856		
Total instruction-special		206,110		250,837		216,611		34,226		
Total expenditures		206,110		250,837		216,611		34,226		
Net change in fund balance		-		4,817		(3,218)		(8,035)		
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(4,817)		(4,817)		(4,817)		-		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(4,817)	\$	<u> </u>	\$	(8,035)	\$	(8,035)		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TITLE IV-A FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget	
	O:	riginal		Final	Actual		Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					-	-			
Intergovernmental	\$	17,463	\$	20,425	\$	17,211	\$	(3,214)	
Total revenues		17,463		20,425		17,211		(3,214)	
Expenditures:									
Support services-pupil:									
Purchased services		10,250		10,618		10,618		-	
Total support services-pupil		10,250		10,618		10,618			
Operation of non-instructional services									
Purchased services		10,013		7,867		6,287		1,580	
Materials and supplies		933		1,940		1,936		4	
Total operation of non-instructional									
services:		10,946		9,807		8,223		1,584	
Total expenditures		21,196		20,425		18,841		1,584	
Net change in fund balance		(3,733)		-		(1,630)		(1,630)	
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year		(3,733)		(3,733)		(3,733)		-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		3,733		3,733		3,733		=	
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(3,733)	\$		\$	(1,630)	\$	(1,630)	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) PRESCHOOL DISABILITY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amounts				Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Ori	ginal		Final	A	Actual		egative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	15,210	\$	30,733	\$	26,765	\$	(3,968)
Total revenues		15,210		30,733		26,765		(3,968)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction-special:								
Salaries and wages		10,800		21,573		21,573		-
Fringe benefits		4,410		9,160		5,931		3,229
Total instruction-special		15,210		30,733		27,504		3,229
Total expenditures		15,210		30,733		27,504		3,229
Net change in fund balance		-		-		(739)		(739)
Fund balance at beginning of year								
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$		\$		\$	(739)	\$	(739)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) TITLE II-A FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Budgeted	Amounts	S			Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	(Original		Final	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	73,800	\$	64,845	\$	46,559	\$	(18,286)
Total revenues		73,800		64,845		46,559		(18,286)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Support services-instructional staff:								
Purchased services		73,800		31,132		31,132		-
Total support services-instructional staff:		73,800		31,132		31,132		
Operation of non-instructional services - other non-instructional services:								
Purchased services		1,878		32,106		18,656		13,450
Total operation of non-instructional services -								
other non-instructional services		1,878		32,106		18,656		13,450
Total expenditures		75,678		63,238		49,788		13,450
Net change in fund balance		(1,878)		1,607		(3,229)		(4,836)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Prior year encumbrances appropriated		(3,485) 1,878		(3,485) 1,878		(3,485) 1,878		-
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$	(3,485)	\$	_	\$	(4,836)	\$	(4,836)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) MISCELLANEOUS FEDERAL GRANTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Varianc Final B Posit	udget			
	Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:		<u> </u>						<u> </u>
Intergovernmental	\$		\$	58,603	\$	58,603	\$	
Total revenues			-	58,603		58,603		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Support services-operations and								
maintenance				50.602		5 0.602		
Capital outlay	-			58,603		58,603		
Total support services-operations				50.603		50.602		
and maintenance:				58,603		58,603	-	
Total expenditures		<u>-</u>		58,603		58,603		<u>-</u>
N. 1								
Net change in fund balance		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		29		29		29		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	29	\$	29	\$	29	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) UNCLAIMED MONIES FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			F	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:				<u> </u>				
Other local revenues	\$		\$		\$	1,497	\$	1,497
Total revenues						1,497		1,497
Net change in fund balance		-		-		1,497		1,497
Fund balance at beginning of year		5,704		5,704		5,704		<u> </u>
Fund balance at end of year	\$	5,704	\$	5,704	\$	7,201	\$	1,497

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) UNIFORM SCHOOL SUPPLIES FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original]	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues: From local sources:									
Classroom materials and fees	\$	22,500	\$	11,500	\$	9,082	\$	(2,418)	
Total revenues		22,500		11,500		9,082		(2,418)	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Operation of non-instructional services - other non-instructional services:									
Materials and supplies		15,700		22,650		16,160		6,490	
Other		750		750		714		36	
Total operation of non-instructional services -									
other non-instructional services		16,450		23,400		16,874		6,526	
Total expenditures		16,450		23,400		16,874		6,526	
Net change in fund balance		6,050		(11,900)		(7,792)		4,108	
Fund balance at beginning of year		48,403		48,403		48,403		<u>-</u>	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	54,453	\$	36,503	\$	40,611	\$	4,108	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BUILDING ROTARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

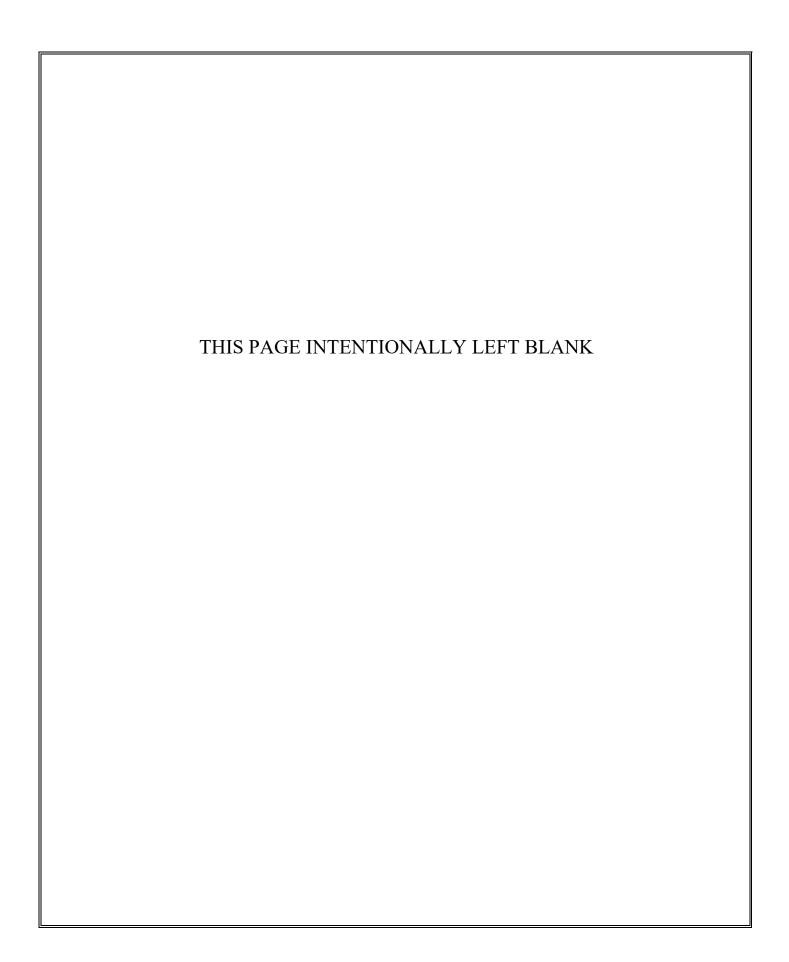
	Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	(Original	Final		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues:								
From local sources:	Ф	1.250	Ф	1.250	Φ.	2.740	Ф	2 400
Tuition	\$	1,250	\$	1,250	\$	3,740	\$	2,490
Extracurricular activities Classroom materials and fees		8,000		20,000		58,850		38,850
Contributions and donations		164,000		164,000 1,500		154,986 4,487		(9,014) 2,987
Other local revenues		71,500		72,797		85,292		12,495
Total revenues		244,750		259,547		307,355	-	47,808
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction-regular:								
Salaries and wages		8,000		8,000		13,898		(5,898)
Fringe benefits		810		810		201		609
Purchased services		19,531		34,671		23,768		10,903
Materials and supplies Capital outlay		122,200 5,540		127,200 4,540		109,374 4,285		17,826 255
Other		12,173		52,173		39,956		12,217
Total instruction-regular		168,254	-	227,394	-	191,482	-	35,912
Instruction-special:								
Materials and supplies		-		5,000		3,562		1,438
Capital outlay		-		2,354		2,354		-
Other		3,000		4,200		2,580		1,620
Total instruction-special		3,000		11,554		8,496		3,058
Support services-pupil:								
Salaries and wages		-		-		318		(318)
Purchased services		34,403		31,003		27,927		3,076
Materials and supplies		42,865		44,314		71,840		(27,526)
Capital outlay Other		3,580 17,214		3,580 19,214		161 8,611		3,419 10,603
Total support services-pupil		98,062		98,111	-	108,857		(10,746)
**		98,002	-	90,111	-	100,037		(10,740)
Support services-instructional staff: Materials and supplies		5,248		5,248		3,623		1,625
Total support services-instructional		3,240		3,240		3,023		1,023
staff		5,248		5,248		3,623		1,625
Support services-central:								
Other		6,626		6,626		9,929		(3,303)
Total support services-central		6,626		6,626		9,929		(3,303)
Extracurricular activities:								
Materials and supplies		3,000		3,000		2,200		800
Capital outlay		4,500		4,500		5,000		(500)
Total extracurricular activities		7,500		7,500		7,200		300
Total expenditures		288,690		356,433		329,587		26,846
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(43,940)	-	(96,886)		(22,232)		74,654
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		-		-		19,500		19,500
Sale of capital assets		_		_		328		328
Total other financing sources		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		19,828		19,828
Net change in fund balance		(43,940)		(96,886)		(2,404)		94,482
Fund balance at beginning of year		284,552		284,552		284,552		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		16,067		16,067		16,067		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	256,679	\$	203,733	\$	298,215	\$	94,482

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) PUBLIC SCHOOL SUPPORT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original		Final			Actual	(Negative)	
Revenues:		118.11.11			-			<u> </u>
From local sources:								
Tuition	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	42,432	\$	(7,568)
Extracurricular activities		_		-		470		470
Contributions and donations		12,500		12,500		10,871		(1,629)
Other local revenues		3,300		3,300		4,030		730
Total revenues		65,800		65,800		57,803		(7,997)
Expenditures: Current:								
Instruction-regular:								
Purchased services		1,650		1,650		_		1,650
Materials and supplies		13,300		14,411		7,622		6,789
Capital outlay		561		561				561
Total instruction-regular		15,511		16,622		7,622		9,000
Instruction-special:								
Purchased services		12,716		16,217		10,490		5,727
Materials and supplies		12,756		15,354		15,886		(532)
Capital outlay		6,888		388		15,000		388
Other		2,000		2,000		1,631		300
Total instruction-special		34,360		33,959		28,007		5,583
Support services-pupil:								
Purchased services		1,729		2,229		1,290		939
Materials and supplies		11,197		11,198		6,719		4,479
Capital outlay				300		300		_
Other		6,813		8,460		3,688		4,772
Total support services-pupil		19,739		22,187		11,997		10,190
Support services-instructional staff:								
Purchased services		2,653		2,053		1,101		952
Total support services-instructional staff		2,653		2,053		1,101		952
Total expenditures		72,263		74,821		48,727		25,725
Net change in fund balance		(6,463)		(9,021)		9,076		17,728
Fund balance at beginning of year		182,418		182,418		182,418		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated		8,893		8,893		8,893		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	184,848	\$	182,290	\$	200,387	\$	17,728

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) EMPLOYEE WITHHOLDING FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Budgeted Amounts				
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Other local revenues	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 94,353	\$ (5,647)		
Total revenues	100,000	100,000	94,353	(5,647)		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Support services-central						
Purchased services			1,750	(1,750)		
Total support services-central	_		1,750	(1,750)		
Total expenditures	<u>-</u>		1,750	(1,750)		
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures	100,000	100,000	92,603	(7,397)		
Other financing (uses):						
Paid on behalf of employees	(100,000)	(100,000)	(80,699)	19,301		
Total other financing (uses)	(100,000)	(100,000)	(80,699)	19,301		
Net change in fund balance	-	-	11,904	11,904		
Fund balance at beginning of year	136,311	136,311	136,311	<u>-</u>		
Fund balance at end of year	<u>\$ 136,311</u>	\$ 136,311	\$ 148,215	\$ 11,904		



ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FUND DESCRIPTION - NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt service funds are used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general obligation debt principal and interest.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted committed or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BOND RETIREMENT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	1 Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: From local sources: Property taxes	\$ 2,233,376	\$ 2,209,944	\$ 2,229,132	\$ 19,188
Intergovernmental Total revenues	809,293 3,042,669	793,291 3,003,235	807,755 3,036,887	14,464 33,652
Expenditures: Current: Support services-fiscal Other Total support services-fiscal	41,228 41,228	45,162 45,162	41,027 41,027	4,135 4,135
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Bond issuance costs	1,470,000 1,340,265	1,470,000 1,340,265	1,470,000 1,340,265	- -
Total debt service	2,810,265	2,810,265	2,810,265	
Total expenditures	2,851,493	2,855,427	2,851,292	4,135
Net change in fund balance	191,176	147,808	185,595	37,787
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	2,842,484 \$ 3,033,660	2,842,484 \$ 2,990,292	2,842,484 \$ 3,028,079	<u>\$ 37,787</u>

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FUND DESCRIPTIONS - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

The capital projects funds accounts for financial resources to be used for the construction or acquisition of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). A description of the District's nonmajor capital project funds follows:

Permanent Improvement Fund

A fund provided to account for all transactions related to the acquiring, construction, or improving of such permanent improvements.

Building Fund

This building fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities or other capital assets.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Permanent			Building	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		
Assets:	•	1,000,550	e.	2 274 887	e.	2 464 442	
Equity in pooled cash and investments Cash with escrow agent Receivables:	\$	1,099,556	\$	2,364,887 743,344	\$	3,464,443 743,344	
Property taxes Accrued interest		1,207,728 382		-		1,207,728 382	
Lease receivable	-	1,641,754		-		1,641,754	
Total assets	\$	3,949,420	\$	3,108,231	\$	7,057,651	
Liabilities: Accounts payable Contracts payable Interfund loans payable	\$	- - -	\$	34,865 398,760 479,251	\$	34,865 398,760 479,251	
Total liabilities				912,876		912,876	
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Property tax levied for the next fiscal year Delinquent property tax revenue not available Lease		1,041,451 47,796 1,624,116		- - -		1,041,451 47,796 1,624,116	
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,713,363				2,713,363	
Fund Balances: Restricted:							
Capital improvements Committed:		-		2,195,355		2,195,355	
Capital improvements		1,236,057				1,236,057	
Total fund balances		1,236,057		2,195,355		3,431,412	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	3,949,420	\$	3,108,231	\$	7,057,651	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	rmanent rovement	Bı	uilding	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		
			8			
Revenues:						
From local sources:						
Property taxes	\$ 1,086,003	\$	-	\$	1,086,003	
Payment in lieu of taxes	4,874		-		4,874	
Earnings on investments	49,687		29,371		79,058	
Rental income	67,631		129,674		197,305	
Contributions and donations	-		36,000		36,000	
Intergovernmental	 66,783	-		-	66,783	
Total revenue	 1,274,978		195,045		1,470,023	
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Regular	304,429		465,856		770,285	
Special	-		943		943	
Support services:	10.700				10.700	
Fiscal	18,790		(5) 555		18,790	
Operations and maintenance Pupil transportation	139,273		652,555 166,492		791,828 166,492	
Central	-		72,835		72,835	
Facilities acquisition and construction	49,578		653,808		703,386	
Debt service:	49,576		055,808		703,380	
Principal retirement	555,334		_		555,334	
Interest and fiscal charges	132,196		6,229		138,425	
into est una ristar charges	 152,170	-	0,223		150,120	
Total expenditures	 1,199,600		2,018,718		3,218,318	
Excess of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	 75,378		(1,823,673)		(1,748,295)	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Sale of assets	-		2,800,000		2,800,000	
Transfers in	228,350		-		228,350	
Inception of finance-purchase transaction	 	-	346,283	-	346,283	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 228,350		3,146,283		3,374,633	
Net change in fund balances	303,728		1,322,610		1,626,338	
Fund balances						
at beginning of year	 932,329		872,745		1,805,074	
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 1,236,057	\$	2,195,355	\$	3,431,412	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) PERMANENT IMPROVEMENTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:				
From local sources: Taxes Earnings on investments Rentals Contributions and donations	\$ 936,156 5,364 199,842 14,974	\$ 1,000,280 5,731 213,531 16,000	\$ 1,033,688 18,295 213,531	\$ 33,408 12,564 - (16,000)
Intergovernmental Total revenues	59,299 1,215,635	63,361	66,783 1,332,297	3,422 33,394
Expenditures: Current: Instruction-regular Purchased services				-
Capital outlay	294,120	305,372	305,372	
Total instruction-regular	294,120	305,372	305,372	
Instruction-special Purchased services Total instruction-special	138,116 138,116	137,173 137,173	137,173 137,173	<u>-</u>
Support services-fiscal: Other	16,742	18,790	18,790	-
Total support services-fiscal	16,742	18,790	18,790	
Support services-operations and maintenance: Purchased services Capital outlay Total support services-operations	540,120 110,683	540,096 322,084	540,096 174,487	147,597
and maintenance	650,803	862,180	714,583	147,597
Support services-extracurricular activities Capital outlay	50,330	22,519	22,519	
Total support services-extracurricular activities	50,330	22,519	22,519	-
Facilities acquisition and construction: Capital outlay	245,500	49,578	49,578	
Total facilities acquisition and				
construction	245,500	49,578	49,578	
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total debt service	123,446 11,268 134,714	123,446 11,266 134,712	123,446 11,266 134,712	- - -
Total expenditures	1,530,325	1,530,324	1,382,727	147,597
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(314,690)	(231,421)	(50,430)	180,991
Other financing sources: Sale of assets Transfers in	4,679 120,122	5,000 128,350	228,350	(5,000) 100,000
Total other financing sources	124,801	133,350	228,350	95,000
Net change in fund balance	(189,889)	(98,071)	177,920	275,991
Fund balance at beginning of year	508,012	508,012	508,012	-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	360,171	360,171	360,171	e 275.001
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 678,294	\$ 770,112	\$ 1,046,103	<u>\$ 275,991</u>

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) BUILDING FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
	Original	Final	Actual		
Revenues:					
From local sources:	0	A 55.501	a a c a a	(10.501)	
Contributions and donations	\$ -	\$ 55,581	\$ 36,000	\$ (19,581)	
Intergovernmental	-	40,000	29,371	(10,629)	
Total revenues	-	95,581	65,371	(30,210)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction-regular:					
Supplies	202.262	25,000	406.640	25,000	
Capital outlay	292,263	508,015	496,648	11,367	
Total instruction-regular	292,263	533,015	496,648	36,367	
Instruction-special					
Purchased services	<u>-</u> _	943	943	-	
Total instruction-special		943	943	-	
Support services-operations and maintenance					
Purchased services	-	23,201	23,288	(87)	
Capital outlay	279	925,000	925,000	`-	
Total support services-operations					
and maintenance	279	948,201	948,288	(87)	
Support services-pupil transportation:					
Capital outlay	166,492	166,492	166,492	-	
Total support services-pupil					
transportation	166,492	166,492	166,492		
Support services-central					
Purchased services	-	15,288	5,000	10,288	
Capital outlay	<u>-</u> _	82,113	72,936	9,177	
Total support services-central:		97,401	77,936	19,465	
Extracurricular activities:					
Purchased services	_	87,500	87,500	_	
Capital outlay	-	779,625	780,455	(830)	
Total Extracurricular activities:		867,125	867,955	(830)	
Total expenditures	459,034	2,613,177	2,558,262	55,745	
Excess of revenues (under) expenditures	(459,034)	(2,517,596)	(2,492,891)	25,535	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Sale of assets	5,000	-	5,000	5,000	
Sale of notes	161,492	3,307,775	3,307,775	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	166,492	3,307,775	3,312,775	5,000	
Net change in fund balance	(292,542)	790,179	819,884	30,535	
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,043,755	1,043,755	1,043,755	-	
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	275,288	275,288	275,288		
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ 1,026,501	\$ 2,109,222	\$ 2,138,927	\$ 30,535	

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

FUND DESCRIPTION - NONMAJOR INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Internal Serice Fund

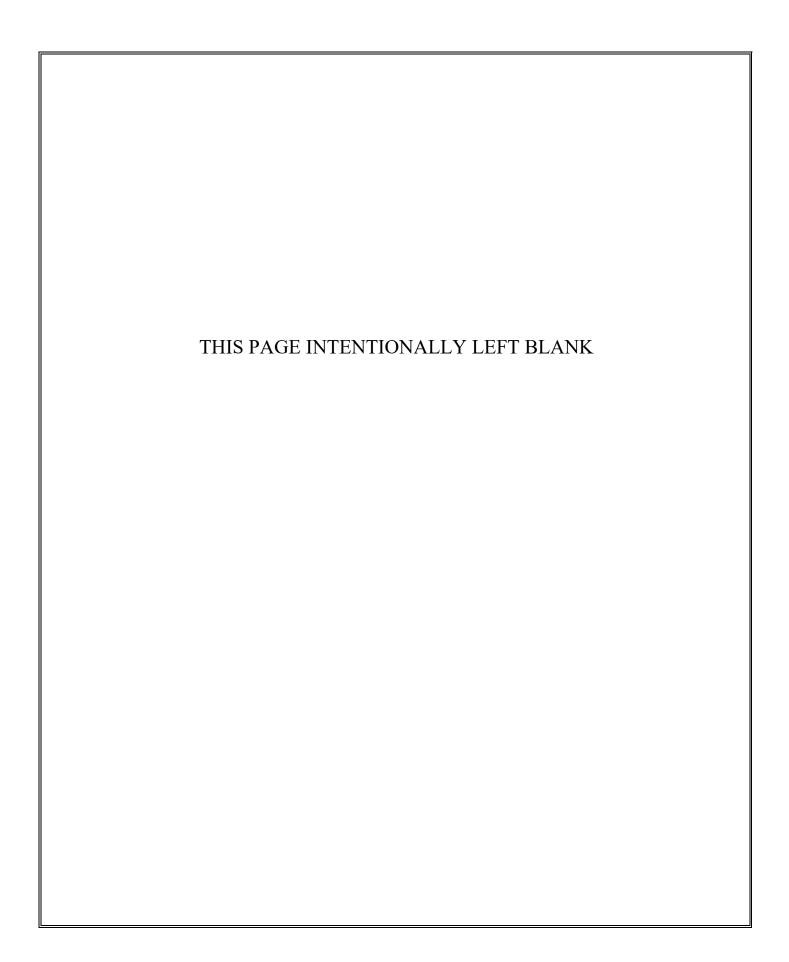
An Internal Service Fund is used to account for the financing of services provided by one department to the other departments of the government or to other districts on a cost reimbursement basis.

Employee 125 Plan/Wellness Fund

This fund accounts for a flexible benefits plan offered to District employees, and for wellness benefits through the District's medical insurance.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND EQUITY - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) EMPLOYEE 125 PLAN/WELLNESS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	 Budgeted	Amount	s		Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Actual	-	ositive legative)
Operating revenues:				 _		
Other revenue	\$ 265,000	\$	265,000	\$ 215,165	\$	(49,835)
Total operating revenues	 265,000		265,000	 215,165		(49,835)
Operating expenses:						
Support services-central						
Fringe benefits	72,700		72,700	49,859		22,841
Other	 195,000		195,000	191,855		3,145
Total support services-central	 267,700		267,700	 241,714		25,986
Total operating expenses	 267,700		267,700	 241,714		25,986
Operating income (loss)	 (2,700)		(2,700)	 (26,549)		(23,849)
Nonoperating revenues:						
Transfers in	 <u>-</u>			 22,000		22,000
Total nonoperating revenues	 		<u> </u>	 22,000		22,000
Net change in fund equity	(2,700)		(2,700)	(4,549)		(1,849)
Fund equity at beginning of year	2,362		2,362	2,362		-
Prior year encumbrances appropriated	 2,700		2,700	 2,700		<u>-</u>
Fund equity at end of year	\$ 2,362	\$	2,362	\$ 513	\$	(1,849)



Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

Statistical Section



Gwyneth Bruder
Kindergarten

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Cuyahoga County | Ohio

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Rocky River City School District's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	178-189
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	190-197
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	198-201
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	202-203
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	204-215

Sources: Sources are noted on the individual schedules.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 13,838,050	\$ 13,865,890	\$ 13,553,290	\$ 11,651,505
Restricted	4,132,721	2,866,734	3,352,904	3,821,398
Unrestricted	(32,195,272)	(36,995,904)	(42,494,762)	(40,056,447)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ (14,224,501)	\$ (20,263,280)	\$ (25,588,568)	\$ (24,583,544)

Source: School District financial records.

Note (1) New terminology in accordance with GASB Statement No. 63 which was implemented in 2013. Amounts for 2012 and 2011 have been restated to reflect the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65.

Note (2) The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 and 71 in 2015.

Amounts for 2014 have been restated to reflect the implementation of these statements.

Note (3) The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in 2018.

Amounts for 2017 have been restated to reflect the implementation of these statements.

Note (4) The District implemented GASB Statement No. 84 in 2020.

Amounts for 2019 have been restated to reflect the implementation of these statements.

 2019 (4)	 2018	 2017 (3)	 2016	 2015	 2014 (2)
\$ 10,505,165	\$ 10,275,644	\$ 7,436,321	\$ 7,937,930	\$ 7,029,479	\$ 8,623,122
4,156,644	5,936,405	6,300,947	5,459,290	4,432,950	3,210,557
(34,484,637)	(42,794,371)	(60,499,543)	(41,262,947)	(43,377,711)	(45,895,435)
\$ (19,822,828)	\$ (26,582,322)	\$ (46,762,275)	\$ (27,865,727)	\$ (31,915,282)	\$ (34,061,756)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Expenses				
Governmental activities:				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$ 19,879,106	\$ 17,847,678	\$ 21,310,716	\$ 20,346,432
Special	7,374,779	6,645,997	7,579,964	7,894,961
Vocational	738,802	929,744	706,506	724,604
Other	557,507	625,826	360,524	477,700
Support services:				
Pupil	3,311,296	2,993,036	3,227,094	3,053,681
Instructional staff	856,400	674,663	840,156	969,685
Board of education	48,626	55,063	41,432	39,096
Administration	2,545,044	2,282,015	2,824,360	2,707,337
Fiscal	1,482,585	1,353,161	1,275,267	1,253,823
Business	603,132	530,209	512,357	473,683
Operations and maintenance	5,253,118	5,134,582	4,881,929	5,334,295
Pupil transportation	2,145,431	1,842,463	1,974,788	1,882,075
Central	1,366,412	1,246,696	1,393,776	1,338,267
Operation of non-instructional services:				
Food service operations	588,005	505,711	360,984	492,439
Other non-instructional services	1,157,012	1,162,994	1,556,209	1,398,257
Extracurricular activities	1,906,289	1,679,081	1,667,350	1,668,819
Interest and fiscal charges	1,595,725	1,635,484	1,719,905	1,747,184
Total governmental activities expenses	51,409,269	47,144,403	52,233,317	51,802,338

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 17,137,843	\$ 8,090,869	\$ 19,307,806	\$ 17,091,513	\$ 16,546,508	\$ 16,298,898
6,217,377	3,509,742	6,713,613	5,528,063	5,294,245	5,449,465
731,305	647,675	567,967	575,640	571,305	626,356
458,388	188,841	549,894	482,378	378,902	31,647
2,733,097	1,442,568	2,811,087	2,271,806	2,278,495	2,314,205
918,793	666,999	953,686	958,588	898,872	859,521
37,583	32,277	48,981	39,207	43,966	37,217
2,170,306	1,008,802	2,690,493	2,393,423	2,262,717	2,096,746
1,171,121	991,036	1,288,588	1,151,899	1,127,433	1,042,007
442,729	328,344	336,886	621,087	672,249	596,468
3,378,757	3,210,899	3,837,449	3,903,847	3,894,476	4,499,876
1,777,109	1,033,757	1,825,510	1,696,185	1,852,909	2,210,219
1,221,385	938,451	1,249,020	1,098,364	1,101,607	1,078,882
494,086	302,939	515,304	455,659	435,311	486,890
1,282,629	1,542,790	1,673,845	1,538,558	1,746,340	1,322,546
1,579,480	1,101,585	1,839,512	1,723,651	1,925,428	1,697,129
1,760,346	1,766,519	1,845,834	1,992,131	2,588,663	2,852,591
43,512,334	26,804,093	48,055,475	43,521,999	43,619,426	43,500,663

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Program Revenues		2023		2022		2021		2020
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
Instruction:								
Regular	\$	676,971	\$	552,525	\$	211,062	\$	519,051
Special		35,099		74,662		1,080		51,621
Support services:								
Pupil		86,051		48,923		59,211		92,425
Instructional staff		2,673		938		753		1,312
Administration				-		-		-
Fiscal		_		-		41		35
Business		_		-		-		-
Operations and maintenance		235,812		159,324		212,515		245,540
Pupil transportation		55,939		61,806		38,807		42,985
Central		7,002		3,769		3,626		4,883
Operation of non-instructional services:		7,002		2,,,,,		2,020		.,002
Food service operations		455,359		436,454		109,955		342,651
Other non-instructional services		9,082		19,438		18,590		25,005
Extracurricular activities		342,964		298,883		205,698		236,971
Operating grants and contributions:		312,701		270,003		203,070		230,771
Instruction:								
Regular		106,156		451,395		334,937		157,435
Special		1,405,634		1,723,469		934,037		892,123
Vocational		1,595		963		2,964		2,964
Other instructional		295,271		506,135		2,904		2,904
Support services:		293,271		300,133		-		-
11		378,555		222 026		453,991		262 221
Pupil Instructional staff				332,836		,		362,331
		43,605		88,841		65,135		47,833
Administration		-		-		-		4,649
Fiscal		-		-		21		-
Business		2 (01		- -		-		45.006
Operations and maintenance		3,681		7,602		201,036		45,986
Pupil transportation		276,937		189,986		84,286		143,948
Central		-		-		10		24
Operation of non-instructional services:								
Food service operations		227,770		181,639		33,896		107,589
Other non-instructional services		1,051,190		1,051,264		1,522,366		1,480,998
Extracurricular activities		184,601		114,145		31,852		87,752
Capital grants and contributions:								
Instruction:								
Regular		-		-		-		=
Support services:								
Operations and maintenance		58,603		-		-		-
Pupil transportation		45,000		-		-		-
Extracurricular activities		65,371		66,900		141,000		313,548
Total governmental program revenues		6,050,921		6,371,897		4,666,869		5,209,659
Net (Expense)/Revenue								
Governmental activities	\$ (4.	5,358,348)	\$ (40,772,506)	\$ (47,566,448)	\$ (46,592,679)

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$	547,457 39,930	\$ 501,023 70,624	\$ 366,065 13,226	\$ 253,054 3,799	\$ 332,047 7,528	\$ 343,724
	123,905	142,780	155,167	154,796	113,570	116,031
	1,178	2,572	305	1,744	777	201
	-	-	-	-	-	605
	4,490	5,324	7,593	288	1,212	1,188
	-	-	-	-	-	13,182
	213,232	182,604	139,807	184,144	367,036	14,899
	69,320	80,920	72,333	56,084	47,669	124,667
	5,380	6,888	6,254	4,349	5,818	9,416
	391,257	365,509	367,643	359,323	312,307	279,003
	28,090	26,720	25,584	28,150	32,031	39,280
	241,357	256,651	248,770	366,800	369,914	287,251
	95,696	61,848	84,299	86,272	59,751	94,731
	867,605	927,270	938,068	882,199	836,860	1,039,051
	2,964	2,964	2,962	3,022	3,782	4,438
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	269,727	192,810	198,734	209,450	222,361	264,780
	43,256	33,504	30,485	29,155	33,347	43,232
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	1,038	-	-	-	-
	17,461	3,780	2,569	-	18,423	-
	135,643	140,179	218,435	124,038	150,268	142,774
	205	103	324	17	-	-
	131,646	127,643	146,921	103,178	119,743	99,674
	1,382,850	1,390,846	1,582,125	1,550,917	1,571,728	1,474,629
	104,273	135,908	122,744	132,802	116,957	114,758
	-	-	-	2,000	7,000	-
	-	-	-	-	16,175	142,070
	-	- -	-	-	7,500	-
	4,716,922	4,659,508	4,730,413	4,535,581	4,753,804	4,649,584
\$ (3	8,795,412)	\$ (22,144,585)	\$ (43,325,062)	\$ (38,986,418)	\$ (38,865,622)	\$ (38,851,079)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2023	2022	2021	2020
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities:				
Property taxes levied for: General purposes	\$ 40,595,644	\$ 36,357,724	\$ 35,548,083	\$ 31,575,162
Debt service	2,390,259	2,474,678	2,756,457	2,510,297
Capital outlay	1,081,183	863,989	812,376	701,820
Payments in lieu of taxes	289,879	159,231	745,900	424,190
Grants and entitlements not restricted				
to specific programs	6,382,676	6,283,647	6,561,333	5,871,435
Investment earnings	542,565	123,226	52,784	503,779
(Decrease) in fair value of investments	(35,819)	(278,794)	-	-
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	150,740	114,093	84,491	245,280
Total governmental activities	51,397,127	46,097,794	46,561,424	41,831,963
Change in Net Position				
Governmental activities	\$ 6,038,779	\$ 5,325,288	\$ (1,005,024)	\$ (4,760,716)

Source: School District financial records.

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$ 34.704.733	\$ 32,438,618	¢ 26 680 005	\$ 31.323.703	¢ 20.517.041	¢ 20.642.967
4 - 1,1 - 1,1 - 1	4 0-,.00,000	\$ 26,689,995	4, ,	\$ 29,517,041	\$ 30,643,867
2,641,386	2,372,836	3,835,280	4,661,835	4,170,723	4,289,516
776,002	634,832	298,684	359,481	320,871	249,019
334,634	107,689	-	-	-	-
6,341,196	6,352,566	6,474,502	6,413,061	6,698,371	6,770,388
384,075	178,329	107,115	95,231	73,717	46,764
-	-	-	-	-	· -
-	-	-	47,358	-	-
160,398	239,668	177,688	135,304	231,373	407,580
45,342,424	42,324,538	37,583,264	43,035,973	41,012,096	42,407,134
\$ 6,547,012	\$ 20,179,953	\$ (5,741,798)	\$ 4,049,555	\$ 2,146,474	\$ 3,556,055

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2023	2022		2021		 2020
General Fund:						
Nonspendable	\$ 128,605	\$	124,850	\$	175,021	\$ 147,852
Assigned	1,212,737		2,498,602		1,987,655	4,029,688
Unassigned	 11,235,596		5,216,167		5,525,576	 2,462,115
Total general fund	\$ 12,576,938	\$	7,839,619	\$	7,688,252	\$ 6,639,655
All Other Governmental Funds:						
Nonspendable	\$ 4,885	\$	5,127	\$	2,320	\$ 2,168
Restricted	6,290,506		4,581,878		3,770,725	4,208,472
Committed	1,306,722		997,967		852,054	933,284
Unassigned (deficit)	(219,165)		(90,215)		(321,165)	(18,203)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 7,382,948	\$	5,494,757	\$	4,303,934	\$ 5,125,721
Total governmental funds	\$ 19,959,886	\$	13,334,376	\$	11,992,186	\$ 11,765,376

Source: School District financial records.

Note (1): In fiscal year 2011, the District has implemented GASB 54, which reclassified fund balances and some fund types to the general fund.

Note (2) The District implemented GASB Statement No. 84 in 2020.

Amounts for 2019 have been restated to reflect the implementation of these statements.

 2019 (2)	2018	 2017	2016		2016 2015		2014	
\$ 130,415 1,404,909 7,814,413	\$ 162,384 737,205 7,341,853	\$ 126,008 789,323 6,470,982	\$	199,985 1,348,877 9,432,384	\$	185,417 1,845,865 7,097,332	\$	58,976 528,029 6,883,904
\$ 9,349,737	\$ 8,241,442	\$ 7,386,313	\$	10,981,246	\$	9,128,614	\$	7,470,909
\$ 3,142 4,139,707 968,918 (179,151)	\$ 1,318 5,998,192 455,750 (29,139)	\$ 2,960 6,579,423 218,940 (22,498)	\$	974 5,667,592 9,065 (184,780)	\$	718 4,758,961 23,970 (6,776)	\$	790 3,768,459 437,820 (5,084)
\$ 4,932,616	\$ 6,426,121	\$ 6,778,825	\$	5,492,851	\$	4,776,873	\$	4,201,985
\$ 14,282,353	\$ 14,667,563	\$ 14,165,138	\$	16,474,097	\$	13,905,487	\$	11,672,894

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2023		2022		2021 (1)		2020
Revenues	\$	44 549 117	\$	20.010.979	\$	39,041,536	\$	34,453,307
Property taxes Payment in lieu of taxes	Э	44,548,117 289,879	Ф	39,010,878 159,231	Ф	745,900	Э	
Tuition and fees		779,838		711,542		277,155		424,190 413,700
Transportation fees		119,636		/11,542		2//,133		42,982
Investment earnings		582,099		125,409		65,449		516,487
Charges for services		490,707		471,882		162,136		342,651
Extracurricular activities		400,595		313,974		209,389		267,789
Classroom materials and fees		-100,575		515,774		207,507		191,681
Rental income		235,812		259,324		212,658		247,087
Contributions and donations		330,681		376,095		269,914		412,582
Contract services		-		-		-		56,589
Miscellaneous		213,331		180,361		91,164		190,997
Intergovernmental		10,020,194		10,488,866		10,038,733		-
(Decrease) in fair value of investments		(35,819)		(278,794)				_
Intergovernmental - State		-		-		_		7,492,909
Intergovernmental - Federal		-		-		-		1,495,906
Total revenues		57,855,434		51,818,768		51,114,034		46,548,857
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Regular		19,547,993		19,257,482		19,380,412		18,257,944
Special		7,216,372		7,044,377		6,852,968		7,152,333
Vocational		714,838		896,067		675,750		692,332
Other		548,651		670,610		321,616		424,512
Current:		2 267 421		2 125 202		2.017.017		2 792 500
Pupil Instructional staff		3,267,431		3,135,202		2,917,917		2,782,590
Board of education		848,856 47,064		712,043 53,313		753,328 37,680		833,400
Administration		2,561,914		2,469,996		2,519,965		35,222 2,395,744
Fiscal		1,442,790		1,351,237		1,198,166		1,191,701
Business		499,713		476,199		480,355		436,916
Operations and maintenance		5,611,901		5,027,636		4,856,347		4,961,188
Pupil transportation		2,161,134		1,873,144		1,751,593		1,730,128
Central		1,033,634		912,312		889,067		859,262
Operation of non-instructional services:		1,055,051		712,512		007,007		037,202
Food service operations		568,954		524,009		337,040		459,372
Other non-instructional services		1,077,886		1,111,581		1,722,275		1,463,558
Extracurricular activities		1,846,104		1,607,482		1,377,246		1,395,880
Facilities acquisitions and construction		1,459,036		238,307		845,936		1,123,591
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		3,129,119		3,189,191		2,969,834		2,862,084
Interest and fiscal charges		1,526,467		1,437,484		1,699,297		1,729,438
Bond issuance costs				193,182				
Total expenditures		55,109,857		52,180,854		51,586,792		50,787,195
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		2,745,577		(362,086)		(472,758)		(4,238,338)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		398,350		278,350		378,350		466,953
Transfers (out)		(420,350)		(288,350)		(388,350)		(471,953)
Inception of finance-purchase transactions		346,283		1,424,634		709,568		1,595,995
Inception of SBITA transactions		755,650		-		-		120.266
Insurance proceeds		-		26,460		-		130,366
Sale of capital assets		2 800 000		70,000		-		-
Sale of notes Premium on bonds issued		2,800,000		1 220 204		-		-
		-		1,339,394		-		-
Issuance of bonds Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-		12,407,806 (13,554,018)		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		3,879,933		1,704,276		699,568		1,721,361
Net change in fund balances	\$	6,625,510	\$	1,342,190	\$	226,810	\$	(2,516,977)
Capital expenditures (included in expenditures above)		3,924,202		1,045,989		2,519,010		2,735,529
Debt service principal and interest as a percentage of		0.1007		0.0501		0.5001		0.500
noncapital expenditures		9.10%		9.05%		9.52%		9.56%
Source: School District financial records.								

Source. School District illiancial records.

Note (1): In fiscal year 2021, the District combined intergovernmental state and federal into intergovernmental.

 2019	 2018		2017	 2016		2015	 2014
\$ 38,044,761 334,634	\$ 35,548,181 107,689	\$	30,837,750	\$ 36,291,859	\$	34,070,103	\$ 35,291,160
366,879	403,932		193,822	65,712		130,422	126,906
65,568	65,898		74,079	64,073		57,891	54,372
391,447	186,883		118,459	94,265		70,043	45,442
391,257	365,509		367,643	348,458		312,307	279,003
286,393	315,480		304,111	391,027		378,655	268,776
222,374	218,045		212,573	236,165		194,115	212,639
267,355	218,904		214,859	200,034		215,630	217,150
138,605	105,213		125,642	157,015		138,762	163,651
61,858	53,387		62,319	108,476		130,875	100,601
267,366	231,473		243,526	230,771		314,300	537,491
-	-		-	-		-	-
7,532,988	7,558,465		7,776,501	7,656,758		7,731,072	7,618,520
 1,629,339	 1,603,030		1,792,070	 1,611,986		1,888,511	 2,190,815
 50,000,824	 46,982,089	-	42,323,354	 47,456,599		45,632,686	 47,106,526
18,075,687	17,212,053		16,864,012	16,220,433		15,489,863	15,024,382
6,645,516	6,391,689		5,955,869	5,393,621		5,115,014	5,158,739
698,988	632,171		540,859	549,687		545,158	603,251
500,038	515,141		515,041	459,907		322,928	30,480
2,866,410	2,624,818		2,512,204	2,300,683		2,270,790	2,179,148
885,336	932,219		853,338	944,928		838,728	813,764
37,330	39,939		45,599	36,254		40,989	35,077
2,391,032	2,334,012		2,279,442	2,349,706		2,195,048	1,986,935
1,186,227	1,266,821		1,156,463	1,105,800		1,076,153	1,004,009
450,381	419,973		471,933	526,389		546,672	614,260
4,428,517 1,862,885	4,264,023 1,601,581		3,918,522 1,892,881	4,426,113 1,667,101		3,781,541 1,621,945	3,895,820 2,036,363
820,665	791,777		726,897	669,544		659,067	712,571
505,545	468,705		458,771	427,629		398,302	420,881
1,359,993	1,561,652		1,616,783	1,467,995		1,639,375	1,269,621
1,557,131	1,615,369		1,561,844	1,564,410		1,727,562	1,481,407
2,646,732	911,409		290,934	8,870		836,697	6,336,134
2,589,866	4,260,759		2,960,900	2,811,936		1,947,298	1,892,300
1,745,512	1,762,830		1,800,365	2,019,518		2,358,615	2,840,827
 	 -		65,195	 -		300,739	 -
 51,253,791 (1,252,967)	 49,606,941 (2,624,852)		46,487,852 (4,164,498)	 2,506,075	-	43,712,484 1,920,202	 48,335,969 (1,229,443)
272,350	1,225,000		125,000	100,400		124,000	310,000
(277,350)	(1,225,000)		(125,000)	(100,400)		(124,000)	(310,000)
635,422	3,000,000		2,266,000	-		-	569,487
24,853	127,277		- 19,744	62,535		10,799	20,568
_	_		15,744	02,333		10,777	20,300
_	_		500,191	_		837,902	_
_	_		7,440,000	_		28,250,000	_
 	 		(8,370,396)	 		(28,786,310)	
 655,275	 3,127,277		1,855,539	 62,535		312,391	 590,055
\$ (597,692)	\$ 502,425	\$	(2,308,959)	\$ 2,568,610	\$	2,232,593	\$ (639,388)
4,199,217	1,092,816		1,523,070	1,210,801		850,762	5,792,412
9.21%	12.42%		10.59%	11.05%		10.05%	11.13%

ASSESSED VALUATION AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

	Real P	roperty	Public Utility			ty		Total
Collection Year	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value (1)		Assessed Value		Estimated Actual Value (1)	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value
2023	\$ 1,078,771,600	\$ 3,082,204,571	\$	14,282,960	\$	16,230,636	\$ 1,093,054,560	\$ 3,098,435,208
2022	1,071,155,760	3,060,445,029		13,143,890		14,936,239	1,084,299,650	3,075,381,267
2021	910,749,190	2,602,140,543		12,360,850		14,046,420	923,110,040	2,616,186,963
2020	910,033,840	2,600,096,686		11,618,400		13,202,727	921,652,240	2,613,299,413
2019	903,744,990	2,582,128,543		10,880,040		12,363,682	914,625,030	2,594,492,225
2018	773,047,770	2,208,707,914		10,486,080		11,916,000	783,533,850	2,220,623,914
2017	773,143,600	2,208,981,714		9,792,220		11,127,523	782,935,820	2,220,109,237
2016 (3)	762,010,490	2,177,172,829		9,249,080		10,510,318	771,259,570	2,187,683,147
2015	705,022,610	2,014,350,314		9,091,230		10,330,943	714,113,840	2,024,681,257
2014	699,150,170	1,997,571,914		8,655,880		9,836,227	707,806,050	2,007,408,142

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer's Office.

Note (1): This amount is calculated based on the following percentages:

Real estate is assessed at 35% of actual value.

Public utility personal is assessed at 88% of actual value.

Note (2): Reappraisal of property values.

Note (3): Triennial update of property values.

	Direct Tax Rates
35.28%	\$ 95.17
35.26%	90.27
35.28%	91.27
35.27%	91.37
35.25%	91.57
35.28%	90.97
35.27%	89.55
35.25%	89.55
35.27%	89.55
35.26%	89.55

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (RATE PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN YEARS

Direct Rates

4.57

4.57

4.57

89.55

89.55

89.55

Overlapping Rates

6.10

6.10

6.10

Tax Year/ Voted Collection Permanent Year County (1) Library City General Bond **Improvement** Unvoted Total 2022/2023 6.10 10.55 87.55 4.57 95.17 22.63 2.30 0.75 2021/2022 6.10 10.65 82.90 22.63 2.30 0.50 4.57 90.27 2020/2021 22.63 6.10 10.68 82.90 3.30 0.50 4.57 91.27 2019/2020 6.10 10.68 82.90 91.37 21.83 3.40 0.50 4.57 2018/2019 21.43 6.10 10.68 82.90 3.60 0.50 4.57 91.57 2017/2018 21.43 6.10 10.80 82.90 2.50 0.50 5.07 90.97 2016/2017 20.93 6.10 10.80 78.50 6.48 4.57 89.55

78.50

78.50

78.50

6.48

6.48

6.48

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer's Office.

20.93

20.93

18.10

2015/2016

2014/2015

2013/2014

Note (1): Includes Cleveland Metropolitan Park District, Cuyahoga County College District, and Cleveland-Cuyahoga County Port Authority.

10.90

10.90

10.90

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS REAL ESTATE TAX DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND DECEMBER 31, 2013

December 31, 2022							

Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Real Estate Assessed Value
Westgate SC LLC	\$ 17,963,660	1	1.67%
Rocky River Apartments, LLC	10,297,280	2	0.95%
Rocky River Preservation Partners II LLC	7,459,390	3	0.69%
Westwood Town Center LLC	7,390,680	4	0.69%
Normandy II Limited Partnership	5,534,110	5	0.51%
SPK Perrysburg Associates LLC	4,670,750	6	0.43%
TIA Rocky River LLC	4,346,030	7	0.40%
20639 Center Ridge Rd. LLC	3,872,580	8	0.36%
Presidential Apts Ltd	3,717,600	9	0.34%
Beachcliff Place Apartments LLC	3,459,960	10	0.32%
Total	\$ 68,712,040		6.36%
Total Real Estate Valuation	\$ 1,078,771,600		

December 31, 2013

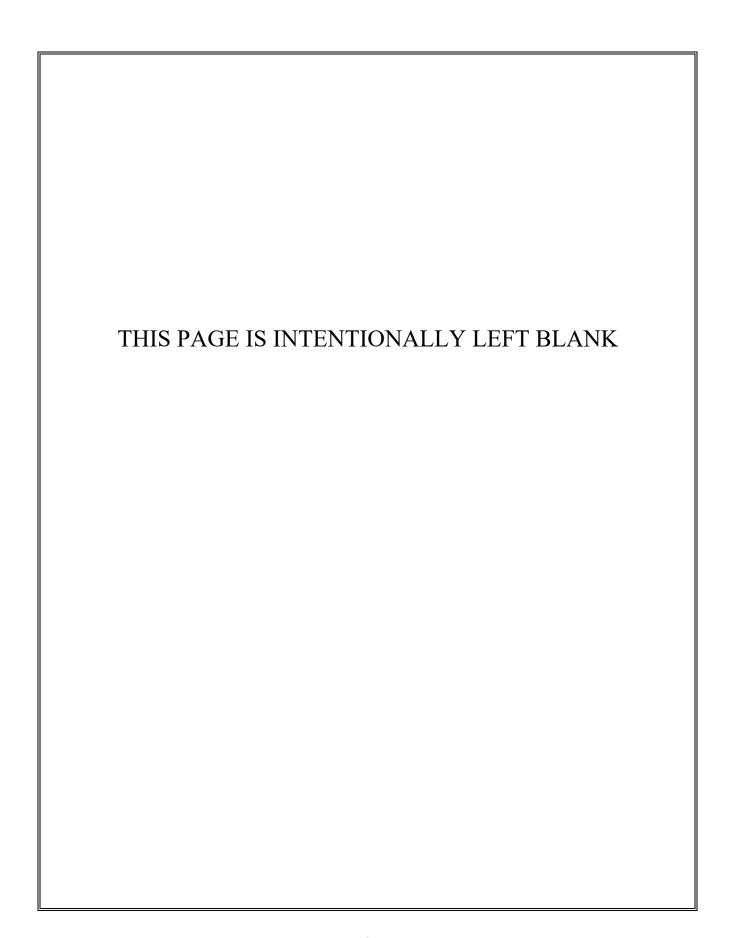
Taxpayer	 Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Real Estate Assessed Value	
Inland Westgate, LLC	\$ 14,769,770	1	2.11%	
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co.	7,278,540	2	1.04%	
Westwood Town Center	7,007,250	3	1.00%	
Normandy Associates, Ltd.	5,680,480	4	0.81%	
Beachcliff Properties	4,049,540	5	0.58%	
SRK Perrysburg Association, LLC	3,277,890	6	0.47%	
Westwood Country Club	3,221,055	7	0.46%	
Presidential Apartments Ltd.	2,773,120	8	0.40%	
W & F Plaza Investments	2,684,610	9	0.38%	
Gross Management, Inc.	2,607,960	10	0.37%	
Total	\$ 53,350,215		7.62%	
Total Real Estate Valuation	\$ 699,150,170			

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer's Office.

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS, TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AND PUBLIC UTILITY PROPERTY TAX DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND DECEMBER 31, 2013

	December 31, 2022							
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Tangible Personal Property and Public Utility Assessed Value				
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company American Transmission Systems Company East Ohio Gas Company	\$	9,186,930 3,110,380 1,985,650	1 2 3	64.32% 21.78% 13.90%				
Total	\$	14,282,960		100.00%				
Total Tangible Personal Property and Public Utility Assessed Valuation	\$	14,282,960	cember 31, 20	113				
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank_	Percentage of Total Tangible Personal Property and Public Utility Assessed Value				
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company East Ohio Gas Company American Transmission Systems Company	\$	7,278,540 866,240 511,100	1 2 3	84.09% 10.01% 5.90%				
Total	\$	8,655,880		100.00%				
Total Tangible Personal Property and Public Utility Assessed Valuation	\$	8,655,880						

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer's Office.



PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Tax Year/ Collection Year	Current Levy				Total Levy			Current Collection	Percent of Current Levy Collected	
2022/2023	\$	49,023,909	\$	2,297,230	\$	51,321,139	\$	47,393,560	96.67%	
2021/2022		43,185,747		1,621,662		44,807,409		40,969,530	94.87%	
2020/2021		42,773,669		1,289,224		44,062,893		41,684,251	97.45%	
2019/2020		42,503,602		990,680		43,494,282		41,146,189	96.81%	
2018/2019		42,402,024		1,222,374		43,624,398		41,698,084	98.34%	
2017/2018		40,342,966		1,197,680		41,540,646		39,543,266	98.02%	
2016/2017		39,475,583		1,265,351		40,740,934		38,712,803	98.07%	
2015/2016		39,132,617		1,516,211		40,648,828		38,350,553	98.00%	
2014/2015		37,502,694		1,509,397		39,012,091		36,168,702	96.44%	
2013/2014		37,291,914		1,120,008		38,411,922		36,263,892	97.24%	

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer's Office.

Delinquent Collection		Total Collection	Total Collection As a Percent of Total Levy				
\$ 1,834,841	\$	49,228,401	95.92%				
1,287,432		42,256,962	94.31%				
1,196,749		42,881,000	97.32%				
701,979		41,848,168	96.22%				
934,472		42,632,556	97.73%				
701,407		40,244,673	96.88%				
833,208		39,546,011	97.07%				
773,935		39,124,488	96.25%				
883,269		37,051,971	94.98%				
723,435		36,987,328	96.29%				

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	G	overnmental Activities					
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Finance Purchased Note Payable and Lease Payable (4)	(5) SBITA Payable	(1) Total Primary Government	(2) Per Capita	(2) Per ADM	(3) Percentage of Personal Income
2023	\$ 30,894,417	\$ 5,520,438	\$ 1,708,154	\$ 38,123,009	\$ 1,752	\$ 14,419	2.90%
2022	32,439,352	6,293,998	1,491,780	40,225,130	1,849	14,993	3.16%
2021 (4)	34,037,988	5,848,555	-	39,886,543	1,833	15,206	3.38%
2020	36,133,448	5,872,316	-	42,005,764	2,078	15,308	4.05%
2019	38,201,861	5,118,405	-	43,320,266	2,143	15,793	4.27%
2018	40,243,049	5,082,849	-	45,325,898	2,242	16,800	5.44%
2017	44,186,845	2,453,608	-	46,640,453	2,307	17,319	5.60%
2016	46,563,956	308,508	-	46,872,464	2,319	17,051	5.63%
2015	49,305,578	405,444	-	49,711,022	2,459	17,946	5.97%
2014	50,342,460	742,742	-	51,085,202	2,527	18,970	6.13%

Source: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Note (1): Bonded debt includes accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds and unamortized premiums.

Note (2): See schedule "Demographic and Economic Statistic, Last Ten Years" for per capita personal income, population and enrollment information.

Note (3): See schedule "Demographic and Economic Statistic, Last Ten Years" for per capita personal income, and population. Personal income equals per capita personal income times population.

Note (4): Due to the implementation of GASB No. 87, amount for fiscal year 2021 have been restated and the term "lease purchase" has been changed to "finance purchase note payable and lease payable".

Note (5): Due to the implementation of GASB No. 96, amount for fiscal year 2022 have been restated.

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds (1)	Less: Net Position Restricted for Debt Service (2)	Net General Bonded Debt (2)	Percentage of Actual Taxable Value of Property (2)	Per Capita (2)
2023	\$ 30,894,417	\$ 1,680,576	29,213,841	0.94%	1,343
2022	32,439,352	1,355,076	31,084,276	1.01%	1,429
2021	34,037,988	2,894,734	31,143,254	1.19%	1,432
2020	36,133,448	2,637,478	33,495,970	1.28%	1,657
2019	38,201,861	3,149,704	35,052,157	1.35%	1,734
2018	40,243,049	3,334,779	36,908,270	1.66%	1,826
2017	44,186,845	4,582,656	39,604,189	1.78%	1,959
2016	46,563,956	4,850,278	41,713,678	1.91%	2,064
2015	49,305,578	3,756,997	45,548,581	2.25%	2,253
2014	50,342,460	2,849,477	47,492,983	2.37%	2,350
2013	51,853,680	2,681,951	49,171,729	2.46%	2,433

Source: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Note (1): Includes unamortized premiums and accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds.

Note (2): Amounts and calculations have been updated for 2017-2010 to reflect the net position restricted for debt service.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2023

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable (1)	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
Direct debt:					
Rocky River City School District (2)	\$ 38,123,009	100.00%	\$	38,123,009	
Total direct debt	38,123,009			38,123,009	
Overlapping debt:					
City of Rocky River	12,256,601	100.00%		12,256,601	
Cuyahoga County	240,795,000	3.14%		7,562,069	
City of Fairview Park	15,625,000	7.39%		1,154,958	
Total overlapping debt	268,676,601			20,973,628	
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$ 306,799,610		\$	59,096,637	

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer.

Note (1): Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the political subdivision located within the boundaries of the District by the total assessed valuation of the subdivision. The valuations used were for the 2022 tax year/2023 collection year. Outstanding debt for all other subdividions includes general obligation debt only as of 12/31/22.

Note (2): See notes to the financial statements regarding the District's outstanding debt, including lease purchase obligations.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year (1)	 Voted Debt Limit (2)	4	Total Debt Applicable o Limit (3)	ebt Service lable Balance	Net Debt Applicable to Limit	Voted Legal Debt Margin (2)	Total Ne Applicable as a Perc of Debt	to Limit entage
2023	\$ 98,374,910	\$	28,787,806	\$ 3,464,828	\$ 25,322,978	\$ 73,051,932		25.74%
2022	97,586,969		30,257,806	3,068,418	27,189,388	70,397,581		27.86%
2021	83,079,904		32,470,000	3,319,439	29,150,561	53,929,343		35.09%
2020	82,948,702		34,520,000	3,002,620	31,517,380	51,431,322		38.00%
2019	82,316,253		36,540,000	3,488,364	33,051,636	49,264,617		40.15%
2018	70,518,047		38,530,000	3,663,267	34,866,733	35,651,314		49.44%
2017	70,464,224		42,420,000	4,817,152	37,602,848	32,861,376		53.36%
2016	69,413,361		45,265,000	5,022,133	40,242,867	29,170,494		57.98%
2015	64,270,246		47,980,000	4,063,481	43,916,519	20,353,727		68.33%
2014	63,702,545		49,840,000	3,029,172	46,810,828	16,891,717		73.48%

Voted Debt Limit Calculation for Fiscal Year 2023

Assessed Value	\$ 1,093,054,560
Debt Limit (9% of assessed value)	X 9%
Voted Debt Limit	\$ 98,374,910

Source: Cuyahoga County Fiscal Officer and District financial records.

Note (1): In accordance with House Bill No. 66, the assessed valuation of tangible personal property is excluded the total assessed valuation used to calculate the voted debt limit for years 2010-2011.

Note (2): Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for voted debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt.

Note (3): Total debt excludes accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population (1)	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	Total Personal Income (4)	Median Age(1)	School Enrollment (2)	Unemn	loyment Ra	otes (3)
<u> </u>	1 opulation (1)	income (1)	THEORIE (4)	Agt(I)	Enronment (2)	Cuyahoga County	Ohio	United States
2023	21,755	\$ 60,448	\$1,315,046,240	45	2,644	4.7%	3.7%	3.6%
2022	21,755	58,477	1,272,167,135	45	2,683	6.3%	3.9%	3.6%
2021	21,755	54,173	1,178,533,615	46	2,623	7.1%	5.2%	5.9%
2020	20,213	51,300	1,036,926,900	46	2,744	6.6%	10.9%	6.7%
2019	20,213	50,217	1,015,036,221	46	2,743	4.9%	4.0%	3.7%
2018	20,213	41,207	832,917,091	46	2,698	4.7%	4.6%	3.7%
2017	20,213	41,207	832,917,091	46	2,693	6.6%	5.0%	4.4%
2016	20,213	41,207	832,917,091	46	2,749	5.6%	5.0%	4.9%
2015	20,213	41,207	832,917,091	46	2,770	5.0%	4.3%	5.2%
2014	20,213	41,207	832,917,091	46	2,693	7.9%	5.5%	6.1%

Sources:

Note (1): U. S. Census Bureau - 2010 and 2020 Census

Note (2): District records

Note (3): www.economagic.com

Note (4): "population" times "per capital personal income"

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

	December 31, 2022				
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment per Number of Employees			
City of Rocky River	567	4.43%			
Rocky River Board of Education	508	3.97%			
Minute Men Select	464	3.63%			
Whole Foods Market Group, Inc.	395	3.09%			
Westwood Country Club Co.	379	2.96%			
Normandy Manor of Rocky River	272	2.13%			
Riser Foods Co.	270	2.11%			
Heinens Inc.	256	2.00%			
Cleveland Yacht Club Inc.	255	1.99%			
The Women's Welsh Club of America	220	1.72%			
Total	3,586	28.03%			
Total Number of Employees (1), (2)	12,792				

	December 31, 2013			
Employer	Employees	Percentage of Total City Employment per Number of Employees		
City of Rocky River	648	4.39%		
Rocky River City School District	550	3.73%		
Giant Eagle	265	1.80%		
Westwood Country Club Co.	259	1.75%		
Cleveland Yacht Club Inc.	242	1.64%		
Heinens Inc.	236	1.60%		
Marc Glassman Inc.	214	1.45%		
Magnificat High School	194	1.31%		
Lowe's	190	1.29%		
JP Recovery	176	1.19%		
Total	2,974	20.15%		
Total Number of Employees (1), (3)	14,760			

Source: City of Rocky River; City of Cleveland - Central Collection Agency (CCA)

Note (1): Only includes employee count located within the City of Rocky River. Employment numbers for the portion of the Rocky River City School District located in the City of Fairview Park

Note (2): Source: Regional Income Tax Agency (RITA) and Central Collection Agency (CCA). Total City employment based upon the estimated number of W-2's filed with RITA in 2019 (the latest data available) and CCA in 2011.

Note (3): Total City employment based upon an estimate from the Central Collection Agency (CCA) withholding information, not based upon the number of employees.

STAFFING STATISTICS, FULL TIME EQUIVALENTS (FTE) BY TYPE AND FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Type	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Professional Staff:						
Teaching Staff:						
Elementary	35.40	35.00	32.64	32.57	32.49	28.57
Intermediate	35.13	34.78	33.79	34.19	35.63	37.21
Middle	44.48	43.63	46.26	45.22	45.10	45.99
High	57.54	57.19	58.52	56.56	57.75	55.41
Tutors	21.52	24.39	24.05	24.74	22.43	27.52
Others						
Administration	18.50	18.50	18.50	19.50	19.50	18.50
Auxiliary Positions:						
Counselors	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00
Speech	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Mental Health Specialists	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Occupational/Physical Therapy	1.00	1.00	1.00	0.93	0.93	1.26
Support Staff:						
Secretarial	24.70	25.70	26.00	26.70	27.70	29.70
Aides	29.56	29.23	25.25	28.13	26.13	26.51
Learning Assistants	1.89	1.89	1.89	1.89	1.89	1.89
Lunch and Hall Monitors/Security	4.30	4.62	5.07	4.34	4.34	5.34
Cooks/Food Service	4.88	4.77	4.52	4.99	5.05	4.52
Custodial	25.49	26.49	23.96	23.90	23.90	23.90
Maintenance	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
Bus Driver	11.66	12.32	12.68	13.12	13.41	13.00
Mechanics	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Athletic Trainer	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Other Central Support	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Total	338.05	341.51	336.13	338.78	338.25	341.32
Function	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Instruction:						
Regular	140.15	145.10	147.71	142.43	136.76	138.76
Special	73.91	71.02	71.53	72.79	71.09	69.24
Vocational	**	**	**	**	**	**
Other	7.46	8.39	7.64	6.52	8.98	10.63
Support Services:						
Pupil	22.30	21.62	22.07	21.27	21.27	21.41
Instructional staff	7.70	7.70	8.00	7.70	7.70	8.70
Administration	18.50	19.00	18.00	20.00	19.50	19.50
Fiscal	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	5.00
Business	2.25	2.25	2.75	2.75	2.75	3.25
Operations and maintenance	33.74	33.99	25.21	32.15	32.90	32.90
Pupil transportation	18.16	18.92	19.20	17.68	20.50	18.97
Central	3.50	3.25	4.00	4.00	5.25	5.25
Food Service Operations	5.38	5.27	5.02	5.49	5.55	5.71
Extracurricular activities	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Total	338.05	341.51	336.13	338.78	338.25	341.32

Source: School District records.

N/A - Information Not Accessible.

^{*} A portion of these services were contracted out to a third party in lieu of being provided by a staff member.

^{**} These services were contracted out through the Lakewood City School District as part of a career technical planning district that includes the Districts of Rocky River, Lakewood, Westlake and Bay Village.

2017	2016	2015	2014
29.39	26.16	25.54	25.84
37.01	35.28	32.62	32.02
44.57	42.28	39.28	36.68
59.09	55.03	53.74	53.34
29.89	29.12	27.17	22.89
		2.92	3.00
17.50	18.50	19.50	18.25
7.00	7.00	7.00	6.00
4.00	2.80	2.80	2.80
3.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
0.86	0.86	0.86	0.86
24.00	29.70	29.70	29.30
33.88	33.93	31.74	28.70
1.53	1.89	1.89	1.94
3.45	3.88	4.21	3.98
5.18	4.52	4.52	4.52
22.90	22.90	22.37	21.84
6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00
16.05	13.12	13.10	13.38
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
1.00	2.00	1.87	0.00
348.30	338.97	330.83	315.34
2017	2016	2015	2014
2017	2010	2013	2014
142.69	150.23	144.65	139.69
75.19	65.79	63.79	52.05
**	**	**	**
11.13	5.00	5.43	22.79
16.36	13.30	13.20	6.75
7.70	9.00	9.00	12.00
19.50	19.50	19.00	19.05
5.00	7.00	5.00	5.00
2.50	2.75	2.55	1.00
31.90	30.90	31.37	28.84
20.05	20.15	21.16	17.38
4.45	3.75	3.75	3.07
9.13	8.90	9.23	5.02
2.70	2.70	2.70	2.70
348.30	338.97	330.83	315.34

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Instruction:						
Regular, Special and Vocational						
Enrollment (students)	2,644	2,683	2,623	2,744	2,743	2,698
Graduation Count	221	218	200	222	206	213
Graduation Rate	100.00%	99.50%	99.50%	99.50%	98.60%	99.10%
Student attendance rate	94.50%	94.30%	96.40%	96.90%	96.20%	94.80%
Support services:						
Board of education						
Regular meetings per year (based on calendar year)	31	22	23	22	22	21
Special meetings per year (based on calendar year)	35	35	19	22	23	12
Administration						
Teacher attendance rate	93.10%	93.90%	95.90%	95.00%	94.90%	94.80%
Fiscal						
Nonpayroll checks issued	2,423	2,523	2,892	3,156	3,073	3,200
Payroll checks/direct deposits issued	9,478	10,834	11,444	9,699	10,416	10,305
Operations and maintenance						
Work orders completed (1)	991	1,137	1,117	1,455	1,241	1,117
Square footage maintained	537,975	537,975	537,975	537,975	537,975	537,975
Pupil transportation						
Avg. students transported daily	1,145	1,141	842	1,171	1,152	1,059
Food service operations						
Meals served to students (2)	76,205	71,215	25,682	36,769	68,470	60,115
Milk served to students (2)	-	-	-	46,171	66,239	68,546
Percentage of students receiving						
free/reduced cost meals	9.24%	10.51%	9.73%	10.48%	11.82%	11.93%

Source: School District records and Ohio Department of Education.

Note (1): During fiscal year 2014, the District fully implemented a new automated work order system, so 2014 forward reflects actual totals. In addition to processing these work orders, the facilities department processes numerous routine maintenance-type jobs as well as emergency requests that would not be tracked through a formal work order.

Note (2): The District does not operate a lunch program for its two elementary buildings, but does serve milk to students in these buildings. During FY 21 and 22, the District served lunches to students in these buildings as part of the federal COVID lunch program, so milk served was not separately tracked.

2017	2016	2015	2014
2,693	2,749	2,770	2,693
214	221	209	223
99.00%	99.50%	98.50%	99.55%
96.70%	96.90%	96.70%	96.80%
21	22	22	22
15	6	6	6
95.10%	95.60%	94.95%	95.70%
3,185	3,516	3,970	4,225
10,378	10,126	9,813	
10,576	10,120	9,813	10,273
1,179	572	573	615
537,975	537,975	537,975	537,095
4.404	4 4 5 0	4.400	4.450
1,101	1,152	1,193	1,170
63,558	64,460	64,539	62,605
66,938	66,662	49,221	43,235
,	,	- ,==-	- ,===
10.75%	13.28%	13.18%	12.95%

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022 (2)	2021 (1)	2020	
Land	\$ 770,821	\$ 770,821	\$ 770,821	\$ 770,821	
Construction in progress	1,159,571	-	-	699,068	
Land improvements	2,990,478	2,987,660	3,118,259	2,445,718	
Building/improvements	38,050,165	40,133,108	42,057,424	43,672,251	
Furniture/equipment	3,584,121	3,282,120	3,698,631	2,974,930	
Vehicles	794,198	759,696	834,212	906,545	
Intangible right to use:					
SBITA assets	1,845,556	1,491,780	-	-	
Lease building	16,654	29,977	43,300	-	
Lease equipment	14,321	78,763	143,205		
Total Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, net	\$ 49,225,885	\$ 49,533,925	\$ 50,665,852	\$ 51,469,333	

(1) The District implemented GASB Statement No. 87 in 2022.

Amounts for 2021 have been restated to reflect the implementation of these statements.

(2) The District implemented GASB Statement No. 96 in 2023.

Amounts for 2022 have been restated to reflect the implementation of these statements.

Source: School District financial records.

Note: Amounts above are presented net of accumulated depreciation/amortization.

2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	
\$ 770,82	21 \$ 770,821	\$ 770,821	\$ 770,821	\$ 770,821	\$ 770,821	
572,88	39 44,550	649,050	-	-	-	
2,328,56	55 2,437,595	3,536,900	3,722,609	3,816,389	3,924,636	
45,628,30	05 45,113,280	44,947,579	47,252,361	49,264,283	51,305,610	
2,066,96	56 2,263,804	1,753,428	1,802,707	1,735,042	2,004,474	
887,72	918,391	1,030,255	812,480	726,158	744,293	
		-	-	-	-	
		-	-	-	-	
	<u>-</u> -	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Ф. 52.255.24	50 0 51 540 441	ф. 52 (00 022	Ф 54.2(0.070	Ø 56.212.602	Ф 50.740.024	
\$ 52,255,26	58 \$ 51,548,441	\$ 52,688,033	\$ 54,360,978	\$ 56,312,693	\$ 58,749,834	

SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Goldwood Elementary (1927)					
Square feet	57,150	57,150	57,150	57,150	57,150
Capacity (students)	655	655	655	655	655
Enrollment	568	549	529	579	536
Kensington Intermediate (1926)	300	317	32)	317	330
Square feet	68,980	68,980	68,980	68,980	68,980
Capacity (students)	697	697	697	697	697
Enrollment	589	557	522	545	578
Rocky River Middle School (2000)					
Square feet	107,000	107,000	107,000	107,000	107,000
Capacity (students)	724	724	724	724	724
Enrollment	562	596	639	658	671
Rocky River High School (1950)					
Square feet	247,893	247,893	247,893	247,893	247,893
Capacity (students)	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100
Enrollment	844	888	887	876	876
Beach Education Center (1930)					
Square feet	37,780	37,780	37,780	37,780	37,780
Capacity (students)	120	120	120	120	120
Enrollment	81	93	46	86	82
Wooster Road Elementary (1955)					
Square feet	19,172	19,172	19,172	19,172	19,172
Capacity (students)	-	0	0	0	0
Enrollment	**	**	**	**	**
Total Square Feet	537,975	537,975	537,975	537,975	537,975
Total Capacity	3,296	3,296	3,296	3,296	3,296
Total Enrollment ***	2,644	2,683	2,623	2,744	2,743

Source: School District records.

Note: Year of original construction is in parentheses. Any increases in square footage and capacity are the result of new construction, renovations and additions.

Capacity is expressed in the estimated number of students a building is equipped to handle and is subject to changes in federal, state or local standards and programming as well as modifications to physical building characteristics as needed.

N/A - Data Not Available or Not Applicable.

^{**} This building has not been needed for pre-kindergarten through 12 educational purposes during the last 10 years and is currently being leased to the Cleveland Clinic Health System for use as a healthcare facility.

^{***} Enrollment reflected here does not include students who are outplaced due to special needs.

2018	2017 2016		2015	2014	
57,150	57,150	57,150	57,150	57,150	
655	655	655	667	645	
487	544	595	606	586	
68,980	68,980	68,980	68,980	68,100	
697	697	697	711	682	
609	612	634	646	620	
107,000	107,000	107,000	107,000	107,000	
724	724	724	722	684	
677	672	658	656	622	
247,893	247,893	247,893	247,893	247,893	
1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	1,100	
850	844	854	855	865	
37,780	37,780	37,780	37,780	37,780	
120	· -	-	· -	· -	
75	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
19,172	19,172	19,172	19,172	19,172	
0	0	0	0	0	
**	**	**	**	**	
537,975	537,975	537,975	537,975	537,095	
3,296	3,176	3,176	3,199	3,111	
2,698	2,672	2,741	2,763	2,693	

OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	General Government		Governmental Activities			
Fiscal Year	Expenditures (1)	Cost per pupil	Expenses (1)	Cost per pupil	Enrollment	Percent Change
2023	50,454,271	19,083	49,813,544	18,840	2,644	-1.45%
2022	47,360,997	17,652	45,508,919	16,962	2,683	2.29%
2021	46,917,661	17,887	50,513,412	19,258	2,623	-4.41%
2020	46,195,673	16,835	50,055,154	18,242	2,744	0.04%
2019	46,918,413	17,105	41,751,988	15,221	2,743	1.67%
2018	43,583,352	16,154	25,037,574	9,280	2,698	0.19%
2017	41,661,392	15,470	46,209,641	17,159	2,693	-2.04%
2016	40,119,070	14,594	41,529,868	15,107	2,749	-0.76%
2015	39,105,832	14,118	41,030,763	14,813	2,770	2.86%
2014	43,602,842	16,191	40,648,072	15,094	2,693	2.20%

Source: School District records.

Note (1): Debt Service totals have been excluded.

Teaching Staff	Pupil/Teacher Ratio	Student Attendance Percentage				
186	14.22	94.50%				
188	14.27	94.30%				
190	13.81	96.40%				
185	14.83	96.90%				
188	14.59	96.20%				
188	14.35	94.80%				
188	14.32	96.70%				
180	15.27	96.90%				
171	16.20	96.70%				
170	15.84	96.80%				

CERTIFICATED TEACHING STAFF EDUCATION, EXPERIENCE AND AVERAGE SALARY INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

_	2023		2022		2021		2020	
Education								
College Degree Attained (Number of Staff/% of Total)								
Bachelor's Degree	18	9.68%	19	10.11%	18	9.47%	13	7.03%
Bachelor's Degree + 9 hours	5	2.69%	5	2.66%	7	3.68%	3	1.62%
Bachelor's Degree + 18 hours	8	4.30%	11	5.85%	11	5.79%	12	6.49%
Master's Degree	74	39.78%	73	38.83%	71	37.37%	72	38.92%
Master's Degree + 9 hours	22	11.83%	21	11.17%	21	11.05%	22	11.89%
Master's Degree + 18 hours	20	10.75%	20	10.64%	25	13.16%	22	11.89%
Master's Degree + 27 hours	15	8.06%	16	8.51%	15	7.89%	14	7.57%
Master's Degree + 36 hours	22	11.83%	21	11.17%	21	11.05%	26	14.05%
PHD Ed	2	1.08%	2	1.06%	1	0.53%	1	0.54%
Total	186	100.00%	188	100.00%	190	100.00%	185	100.00%
Experience								
Range of Years' Experience (Number of Staff/% of Total)								
0-5	11	5.91%	18	9.57%	17	8.95%	14	7.57%
6 - 10	42	22.58%	43	22.87%	38	20.00%	28	15.13%
11 and over	133	71.51%	127	67.54%	135	71.04%	143	77.30%
Total	186	100.00%	188	100.00%	190	100.00%	185	100.00%
Average Teacher Salary	\$89,045		\$83,427		\$86,154		\$85,041	

Source: School District Records and Ohio Department of Education.

Note: Excludes administrators, tutors and other certificated personnel that are certified teachers under Ohio law.

20	019	20	018	2	017	2	016	2	015	2	014
13	6.91%	11	5.85%	11	5.85%	15	8.33%	8	4.68%	9	5.29%
3	1.60%	5	2.66%	8	4.26%	4	2.22%	4	2.34%	4	2.35%
13	6.91%	12	6.38%	11	5.85%	10	5.56%	16	9.36%	15	8.82%
70	37.23%	72	38.30%	72	38.30%	70	38.88%	61	35.67%	57	33.53%
26	13.83%	23	12.23%	26	13.83%	28	15.56%	29	16.96%	30	17.65%
25	13.30%	26	13.83%	26	13.83%	21	11.67%	20	11.70%	23	13.53%
12	6.38%	16	8.51%	11	5.85%	10	5.56%	11	6.43%	8	4.71%
26	13.83%	23	12.23%	23	12.23%	22	12.22%	22	12.86%	24	14.12%
0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0.00%
188	100.00%	188	100.00%	188	100.00%	180	100.00%	171	100.00%	170	100.00%
14	7.45%	21	11.17%	24	12.77%	24	13.33%	16	9.36%	18	10.59%
37	19.68%	39	20.74%	41	21.81%	38	21.11%	38	22.22%	42	24.71%
137	72.87%	128	68.09%	123	65.43%	118	65.56%	117	68.42%	110	64.71%
188	100.00%	188	100.00%	188	100.00%	180	100.00%	171	100.00%	170	100.00%
\$80.	.857	\$83	,205	\$80),301	\$77	7,195	\$75	5,969	\$70),512

THIS PAGE IS INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK
IMIS FAGE IS INTENTIONALLT LEFT DLAINK

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Cuyahoga County | Ohio



Congratulations to the Class of 2023 and best wishes for continued success in the future!

ROCKY RIVER CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT

Cuyahoga County | Ohio